

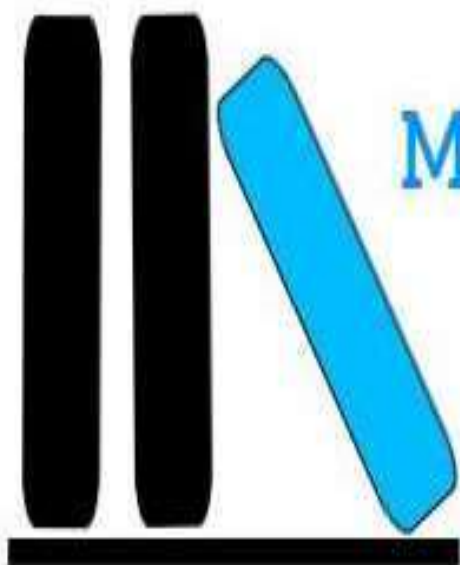
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# SCHOOL BASED EXAMS

## CLASS 6

SERIES 006-19

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# SCHOOL BASED EVALUATION TEST

STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2019

6



STEP FLYER

006

ENGLISH: LANGUAGE

Time: 1hrs 40 min

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

Read the passage below and for each blank space choose the best alternative from the choices given.

We 1 friends for quite 2. 3, she is 4. This is a topic that 5 of us discuss. She is not confident enough to tell me the truth. Her 6 has gone down but she still fights 7. She has held on, works stronger than many of us. Very 8 in all she does, feeds well and takes her medication 9. 10 would single her out as a 11? She no longer lives a 12 lifestyle. For those who are healthy, 13 is the only sure way to keep off this 14 disease. So let's join hands and keep the disease at 15.

- |                   |                 |                  |                   |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. had been    | B. have been    | C. are           | D. were           |
| 2. A. sometime    | B. some time    | C. atimes        | D. times          |
| 3. A. Through     | B. However      | C. Moreover      | D. Yet            |
| 4. A. AIDS victim | B. HIV positive | C. Aids positive | D. virus positive |
| 5. A. either      | B. both         | C. neither       | D. all            |
| 6. A. immunity    | B. immune       | C. imunity       | D. imune          |
| 7. A. again       | B. well         | C. also          | D. on             |
| 8. A. angry       | B. arrogant     | C. agressive     | D. feeble         |
| 9. A. faithful    | B. faithfully   | C. truly         | D. fulfil         |
| 10. A. Who        | B. Whom         | C. Whose         | D. Who's          |
| 11. A. sickly     | B. diseased     | C. suspect       | D. victim         |
| 12. A. danger     | B. victim       | C. harmless      | D. risky          |
| 13. A. abstinence | B. acceptance   | C. abstain       | D. abstinence     |
| 14. A. weary      | B. risky        | C. dreadful      | D. dreading       |
| 15. A. bay        | B. sea          | C. length        | D. distance       |

For questions 16 to 18, choose the alternative that correctly replaces the underlined part of the sentence.

16. My mother swore not to give up in fighting for our right to keep the farm.  
A. surrender                      B. abandon  
C. despise                          D. despair
17. The police had a hard time controlling the people who had come to watch the rally cars.  
A. spectators                      B. crowd  
C. mob                                D. hooligans

18. The villagers were determined to extinguish the fire.  
A. put off                              B. put out  
C. beat up                              D. stop up

For questions 19 to 20, choose the alternative that best completes the sentence.

19. Our science teacher            his idea by carrying out an experiment.  
A. put down                          B. put across  
C. put aside                          D. put forward
20. My aunt has bought            flower vase.  
A. a new, golden, expensive  
B. a golden, new, expensive  
C. an expensive, golden, new  
D. an expensive, new, golden

For question 21 to 23, choose the correct question tag.

21. Let us have those apples, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. shall you                      B. won't you  
C. will you                        D. do you
22. Joe likes being alone, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. does he                         B. isn't he  
C. doesn't he                      D. don't he
23. She sings quite well, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. aren't she                      B. is it  
C. does she                        D. doesn't she

For questions 24 to 25, choose the correct passive voice.

24. The cat killed a snake  
A. A snake was killed by the cat  
B. A snake killed the cat  
C. A snake was being killed by the cat  
D. A snake is being killed by the cat
25. Tracy wrote a composition  
A. The composition has been written  
B. The composition is being written  
C. The composition is written  
D. A composition was written

For questions 26 to 28, choose the correct co-relative to fill in the gaps.

26. He eats \_\_\_\_\_ red meat \_\_\_\_\_ white meat.  
A. either, nor                      B. either, or  
C. neither, or                      D. not, or
27. Tevin is a \_\_\_\_\_ wealthy man \_\_\_\_\_ mean.  
A. very, and                        B. very, but  
C. so, and                         D. either, and
28. I prefer travelling by bus \_\_\_\_\_ walking.  
A. than                                B. rather  
C. to                                  D. or

For questions 29 to 30, choose the best word to complete the sentence.

29. He has \_\_\_\_\_ an apology letter for coming late.  
A. wrote                              B. written  
C. writing                             D. writes
30. The pilot had \_\_\_\_\_ the plane for twenty hours before it crashed.  
A. flown                                B. fled  
C. flied                                D. flew

Read the passage below and answer questions 31 to 40.

John, is a Standard Eight pupil at a public primary school in Turkana County. Later this year, he will sit for the Kenya Certificate of Primary Examination (KCPE) examination, just like tens of thousands of other pupils who have registered for the same exam across Kenya. Sadly, John has been on and off school due to the effects of famine being experienced in his home area.

John's case is not unique and it is one of the many challenges being faced by the people who live around us.

There are those who live with various forms of disabilities, others lack proper clothing or even shelter. In our schools, we have class-mates who are weak at grasping what is taught in class. All these people need our help!

Indeed, helping others is a virtue. However, many are reluctant to help because they think that you must be very rich or influential in order to assist others. What they forget is that we still have many people around us who are financially endowed yet they do not help those who are in need.

To help others, you must purpose to do so. You can help in your own small ways and still make a huge impact. Have you known, for instance, giving those clothes you hardly wear can help many others who almost walk bare due to lack of decent clothing?

Probably in your school or neighbourhood you have seen kids your age walking barefoot because they do not have shoes. Probably you have countless pairs of shoes you scarcely wear, as some do not fit. Yet, with little consultations with your parent, you can donate them to those in need.

Again, with a few savings from your pocket money, you can raise enough money to feed the hungry. Imagine if all the pupils in your school collected a part of their savings for a food donation! You will be shocked to realise that you can raise so much money to feed countless number of people who are sleeping hungry and give them a lifeline.

Further, in our midst we have people who need our help but we rarely think about how we can help them. Have you ever seen a person in a wheelchair struggling to peddle it up a hill? Did you know that you can be of so much help just by giving them a little push uphill? What about assisting the blind find their way?

Experience has shown that when you help others, you improve your life and ultimately, it makes you happier. So, it is time to hit the road and help those in need. Reward will come later!

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>31. According to paragraph one, it's true to say that</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. John will be joining form one next year</li><li>B. John is an orphan</li><li>C. Ten thousand candidates are registered for KCPE this year</li><li>D. John has never been out of school.</li></ul> <p>32. What is being experienced in John's home area?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. drought</li><li>B. lack of enough teachers</li><li>C. lack of food</li><li>D. poor performance in KCPE</li></ul> <p>33. The phrase..."John's case is not unique" ...means that</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. John's case is peculiar</li><li>B. There are other cases similar to John's</li><li>C. John's case is one of a kind</li><li>D. John's case is strange</li></ul> <p>34. All the following have been mentioned in paragraph three <b>except</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. lack of clothing or shelter</li><li>B. slow learners in schools</li><li>C. those with disabilities</li><li>D. those with no talent</li></ul> <p>35. Why are many reluctant to help?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. because it's a virtue</li><li>B. they are rich and influential</li><li>C. they think only the rich and influential assist</li><li>D. they are proud</li></ul> | <p>36. What does being financially endowed mean?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. those who help others</li><li>B. those who are influential</li><li>C. those who are reluctant</li><li>D. those who are well up</li></ul> <p>37. How can one help those in need of shoes and clothing?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. donate what you do not need</li><li>B. buy new shoes and clothes</li><li>C. ask them to work, then give them out</li><li>D. sell them at a lower price to them</li></ul> <p>38. When you give people who are sleeping hungry a life lime, you prevent them from</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. committing suicide</li><li>B. going hungry</li><li>C. stealing from people</li><li>D. dying</li></ul> <p>39. What is the final result of helping others according to the passage?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. One gains riches</li><li>B. One becomes happier</li><li>C. One improves his life</li><li>D. One gets more friends</li></ul> <p>40. The best title this passage would be</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. living with disabilities</li><li>B. helping others is a virtue</li><li>C. John takes KCPE</li><li>D. Turkana county</li></ul> |
|---|---|

**Read the passage below and answer questions 41-50.**

Jeremy likes riding the bike whenever he gets an opportunity. Bicycle race is one of the sports he enjoys during the holidays. The nine-year-old pupil at Chuna preparatory is excited that now the schools have closed, he will have more time to ride his bike with friends around the neighbourhood. Jeremy and his friends are familiar with the road traffic rules and they always observe them when riding their bikes on the road. According to Jeremy, it is important for pupils to ensure that they stay safe when playing and going about their day to day activities.

"When riding my bike, I always wear a helmet. It protects me from banging my head on the ground and stones in case I fall down from the bike. Children should also be careful while playing games like soccer or using toys so as not to accidentally hit and injure each other," he advises.

Today, we look at basic safety measures for different sports and games.

When you get to the swimming pool area, ensure you read the rules of how to use the pool. These rules are often displayed on a notice board at the entrance of the swimming area. If there is a rule you do not understand, feel free to ask for an explanation" from the swimming instructor.

Before jumping into the pool or the water slides, make sure there is an attentive lifeguard near the pool who can come to your rescue in case you need urgent help.

Obey the rules of the swimming pool area as well as any other instruction given to you by the swimming instructor or the life-guard.

Do not fly kites under the electricity lines, on the roads or during storms and rains. Instead, make sure you fly kites in open places and always watch out for stones and open trenches while running with the kites.

Hold the rope properly and ensure it is not tangled. Make sure the rope is long enough to accommodate your height.

Archery involves shooting an arrow using a bow while catapulting is shooting stones or small balls using a sling shot.

Never shoot at someone as this can cause a serious injury to your target. Instead, shoot at trees and other hard-surfaced objects.

Also, do not shoot straight up in the air because gravity force will cause the arrow or stone to come back down and hit you.

Always aim your shots towards a safe and clear direction with a clear view of your target.

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|---|---|
| <p>41. According to paragraph one, Jeremy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. is in standard eight</li><li>B. enjoys some sports during the holiday</li><li>C. likes riding the bike all the time</li><li>D. enjoys bicycle race more than anything else</li></ul> <p>42. Jeremy says it is important for</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. pupils to stay safe only when playing</li><li>B. pupils to ride bicycles away from the road</li><li>C. pupils to stay safe when playing and while doing daily activities</li><li>D. pupils when they are in school</li></ul> <p>43. While playing games or using toys, children</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. should wear helmets</li><li>B. should be supervised by parents</li><li>C. should wear special clothes</li><li>D. should be very careful not to hurt each other</li></ul> <p>44. When does Jeremy and his friends spend more time playing?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. on weekends</li><li>B. when riding on the roads</li><li>C. during holidays</li><li>D. in school during break</li></ul> <p>45. The swimming pool rules</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. are displayed in the swimming pool area</li><li>B. are read to swimmers by instruction</li><li>C. are very clear to all swimmers</li><li>D. are always displayed in the pool</li></ul> | <p>46. What should you do before jumping into the pool</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. call a lifeguard</li><li>B. ensure there is a keen lifeguard close by</li><li>C. call a lifeguard to your rescue</li><li>D. ask for urgent help</li></ul> <p>47. Which one of the following places can you fly a kite?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. Near power lines</li><li>B. In a football field</li><li>C. On roads with no traffic</li><li>D. In stormy weather</li></ul> <p>48. When playing with the skipping rope</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. ensure it is the right length</li><li>B. hold one end only</li><li>C. ensure the rope is loose</li><li>D. ensure the rope is heavy</li></ul> <p>49. What is the similarity between Archery and catapulting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. in one you use arrows and the other stones</li><li>B. both involve shooting at someone</li><li>C. both involve shooting straight up</li><li>D. both involve shooting at targets</li></ul> <p>50. Which one of the following is the best title for the passage?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>A. Have fun but stay safe.</li><li>B. How to ride for fun</li><li>C. Indoor games</li><li>D. Road traffic rules</li></ul> |
|---|---|

# SCHOOL BASED EVALUATION TEST

STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2019

⑥



STEP FLYER

006

## COMPOSITION

Time: 40 minutes

### SECTION B: COMPOSITION

YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

*Write a composition with the following heading and make it as interesting as possible.*

*A friendly letter to a friend in another school.*

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# JARIBIO LA MTHANI

DARASA LA SITA - MWAKA 2019

## KISWAHILI: LUGHA

6

Muda: Saa 1 Dakika 40



STEP FLYER

006

SEHEMU YAKWANZA :LUGHA

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Umepewa kijikaratasi hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya majibu. Kijikaratasi hiki kina maswali 50.

2. Katika karatasi ya majibu hakikisha umeandika:-

(i) Jina lako

(ii) Jina la shule yako

Jaza nafasi zilizoachwa wazi kwa kuchagua kiteuzi kifaacho zaidi.

Rosa alirudi \_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_. Safari \_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_ aliendelea na \_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_ wake ule ule. Lakini \_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_ hiki \_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_ kizuri sana, hasa \_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_ Rosa. Wanafunzi wa darasa \_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_ saba walianza kuzoea \_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_ ya \_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_ shuleni. Ugeni \_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_ umekwisha. Waliporudi kutoka \_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_ walionekana wajanja. Walianza \_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_ wa kuzungumza darasani wakati \_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_ masomo. Waliona \_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_ ulikuwa mbali. Walimu walianka \_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_ kuwakanya na kuwashauri. Asiyesikia la mkuu huvunjika guu.

- |     |               |              |                 |                   |
|-----|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| 1.  | A. shule      | B. kwa shule | C. shuleni      | D. katika shuleni |
| 2.  | A. huu        | B. hiki      | C. huyu         | D. hii            |
| 3.  | A. tabia      | B. akili     | C. mwendo       | D. mwenendo       |
| 4.  | A. kipindi    | B. wakati    | C. likizo       | D. muhula         |
| 5.  | A. hakikua    | B. hakikuwa  | C. hakikukuwa   | D. haukuwa        |
| 6.  | A. na         | B. cha       | C. kwa          | D. ni             |
| 7.  | A. wa         | B. ya        | C. cha          | D. la             |
| 8.  | A. maisha     | B. kipindi   | C. muhula       | D. wakati         |
| 9.  | A. ile        | B. pale      | C. wale'        | D. yale           |
| 10. | A. ilikuwa    | B. zilikuwa  | C. ulikuwa      | D. walikuwa       |
| 11. | A. kwa likizo | B. likizo    | C. kwa likizoni | D. kwenye likizo  |
| 12. | A. fujo       | B. utii      | C. utukutu      | D. utu            |
| 13. | A. ya         | B. za        | C. kwa          | D. wa             |
| 14. | A. mitihani   | B. miaka     | C. mtihani      | D. likizo         |
| 15. | A. kukuja     | B. kuja      | C. wakuje       | D. wasikuje       |

**Kuanzia swali la 16-30, jibu swali kulingana na maagizo.**

**Kamilisha methali hii**

16. Ngoma ikipigwa sana  
A. husikika mbali  
B. hugaribu masikio  
C. hupasuka kiwambo  
D. huwa vizuri
17. **Andika katika wingi**  
Uongo wake haukumsaidia  
A. Maongo yake yaikumsaidia  
B. Maungo yao yaikuwasaidia  
C. Uongo wao haukumsaidia  
D. Uongo wao haukuwasaidia
18. Mtu anayeosha vyoo huitwa  
A. mhunzi                      B. dobi  
C. mnada                      D. topasi
19. **Kanusha sentensi ifuatayo**  
Yeye anasoma kitabu chake  
A. yeye hajasoma kitabu chake  
B. yeye hakusoma kitabu chake  
C. yeye sijasoma kitabu chake  
D. yeye hasomi kitabu chake
20. Udogo wa neno mtoto ni  
A. kitoto                      B. kijitoto  
C. kimtoto                      D. toto
21. Akisami  $\frac{1}{9}$  huitwa  
A. subui                      B. tusui  
C. humusi                      D. theluthi
22. Batamzinga, heroe, mbuni na mwewe ni ndege.  
**Mawele, mtama, ngano, mahindi ni**  
A. mazao                      B. mbegu  
C. nafaka                      D. virutubishi

23. Kifaranga ni kwa kuku kama vile \_\_\_\_\_ ni kwa simba  
A. shibli                      B. ndama  
C. kimeme                      D. kibuli
24. Dadake baba ni  
A. Halati                      B. bibi  
C. mpwa                      D. shangazi
25. Neno ambalo ni **kiingizi** katika sentensi hii ni  
**Lo! karani amechapwa sana**  
A. Amechapwa                      B. Karani  
C. Lo!                      D. Sana
26. Sentensi inayoonyesha "**ki**" ya masharti ni  
A. alitembea kiuwivu  
B. alikuwa akija  
C. utamkuta akifagia  
D. ukiniita nitaitika
27. Teua jibu lisilo na mwendelezo mwafaka wa kisarufi  
A. mitego mingi mengineyo  
B. shida nyingi nyinginezo  
C. mifugo mingi mingineyo  
D. giza jingi jinginezo
28. Vidudu vya konokono huambukiza maradhi ya  
A. malale                      B. kichocho  
C. malaria                      D. saratani
29. Matege kwa \_\_\_\_\_ ni kama kiduko kwa \_\_\_\_\_  
A. miguu, masikio                      B. macho, mikono  
C. upofu, kibogoyo                      D. mgongo, jicho
30. **Chagua sentensi sahihi ya matumizi ya -amba-**  
A. Mtoto ambaye aliyeshinda ni huyu  
B. Mtoto ambaye ashindaye ni huyu  
C. Mtoto ambaye alishinda ni huyu  
D. Mtoto ambaye anayeshinda ni huyu



**Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali ya 31 - 40.**

Hebu tutafakari kinachotokea katika birika au chungu chenye maji yanayochemka. Kwanza yale maji yaliyo chini, yaani yaliyo karibu zaidi na moto, hupata joto nyingi. Mara yachemkapo huwa mepesi kuliko yasiyochemka, kwa hiyo hupanda juu katika birika au chungu na yale maji ya juu yaliyo baridi huteremka chini. Baadaye kidogo, maji yale yaliyoteremka chini hupata joto zaidi nayo hupanda juu. Yale ya juu yaliyopoa kidogo huteremka chini tena. Basi, maji yaliyo katika birika fau chungu huzungukazunguka ndani yake.

Tena hatuna budi kukumbuka kuwa maji yanapochemka au kupata joto hutanuka kama vitu vingine vinavyotanuka, na kwa hivi, yanataka nafasi zaidi. Ukikitwa chungu kilichojaa maji pomoni na kukifunika kisha ukiinjike motoni, mara maji yachemkapo, mengine yatafurika na kumwagika kifuniko kikiwa kimekazwa sana. Basi maji yaliyochemka yatakitoa kifuniko kwa nguvu yakitafuta nafasi zaidi. Utayaona mapovu juu ya maji yachemkayo. Kwani maji mengine yamegeuka mvuke unaopaa kwa nguvu na kuingia hewani.

31. Maji hupitia hatua zipi hadi kuwa mvuke?
  - A. Huchemka, hutanuka, hupaa hewani na kuwa mvuke
  - B. hutanuka, huchemka, hupaa hewani na kuwa mvuke
  - C. hupaa hewani, huchemka, hutanuka na kuwa mvuke
  - D. huchemka, hutanuka na kuwa mvuke
32. Maji yanapochemka, yaliyo karibu zaidi na moto
  - A. hugeuka hewa na kupaa angani
  - B. huchemka kwanza na hatimaye huyachemsha yaliyo juu
  - C. huwa mepesi na kupanda juu kuyapisha yasiyochemka yateremke chini
  - D. hutanuka na kusababisha yaliyo juu yamwagike
33. Chagua kauli isiyo sahihi
  - A. Mvuke ukikutana na hewa baridi hauwezi kuganda na kuwa maji tena
  - B. Maji yakichemka huongozeka ujazo
  - C. Mvuke ni maji yaliyochemka na kuwa hewa
  - D. Maji yaliyochemka ni mepesi kuliko yasiyochemka
34. Kinachotokea hasa katika birika au chungu maji yanapochemka ni
  - A. kuchemka, kumwagika na kutanuka
  - B. mzunguko, kumwagika na mvuke
  - C. mzunguko, kutanuka na mvuke
  - D. mzunguko na mvuke
35. Tutafakari ni sawa na
  - A. tujihadhari
  - B. tukumbuke
  - C. tuwaze
  - D. tutahayari
36. Hatuna budi maana yake ni
  - A. tusiweke bidii
  - B. tusijali
  - C. si lazima
  - D. yatulazimu
37. Kujaa maji pomoni maana yake
  - A. maji yaliyochemka
  - B. maji mengi
  - C. maji yaliyojaa mpaka juu
  - D. maji ya kutosha
38. Maji kati ya yafuatayo huweza kutokea baada ya kuchemsha maji kwa muda mrefu sana
  - A. maji yanaweza kuendelea kutanuka na kulipua birika
  - B. maji yote yanaweza kuyeyuka na birika kukauka
  - C. maji yote yanaweza kumwagika na kuuzima moto
  - D. maji yote yanaweza kuchemka zaidi mpaka yageuke moto
39. "Utaona mapovu juu ya maji yachemkayo." Aidha utayona mapovu kwenye
  - A. maji ya kisimani
  - B. maji ya barafu
  - C. maji ya sabuni
  - D. mvuke
40. Kichwa bora kwa habari hii ni
  - A. maji yanapochemka
  - B. siku kuu
  - C. usafiri barabarani
  - D. upigaji mbizi

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali ya 31 - 40.

Siku moja moto mkubwa ulichoma mbuga za wanyamapori. Kila mnyama alikimbia kulingana na uwezo wake ili ayaokoe maisha yake kutokana na moto. Wanyama kama vile ndovu, kifaru, paa, duma, chui na sungura walitangulia. Wadudu wenye mabawa kama kipepeo na nzi pia hawakuachwa nyuma. Wadudu wasio na mabawa waliangamizwa kwa wingi. Wengine walibaki majivu tu.

Katika harakati za kutoroka, nyati alipitia karibu na buibui. Buibui alimsihi amwokoe kutokana na hatari ile naye angemwokoia kutoka kwa hatari ile naye angemwokoia kutoka kwa hatari ile naye angemwokoia kutoka kwa hatari nyingine. Nyati alicheka kwa hatari dharau akauliza, "Ni vipi mdudu mdogo kama wewe anaweza kumsaidia mnyama mkubwa kama mimi?" Hata hivyo alimbeba buibui kwa pembe zake na kumwokoia. Buibui alijawa na furaha akakosa maneno ya kumshukuru.

Alimwambia aingie ndani ya pango lililokuwa karibu. Nyayo zote alizokuwa ametengeza nyati zilifunikwa kwa utando wa buibui pamoja na mlango wa pango. Zilionekana kama kwamba ni za kitambo sana. Wasasi walipita baadaye na kuona kwamba nyayo zilikuwa na utando wakasema, "Nyati alipitia hapa kama majuma mawili yaliyopita kwani hata nyayo zake zina utando." Waliamyua kufuata njia nyingine. Baadaye nyati alitoka na kuwomba buibui msamaha kwa kumdharau. Toka hapo wakawa marafiki wa kufa kuzikana.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 41. Wanyama walikimbia kwa nini?<br>A. Walikuwa wakishindana<br>B. Walikuwa wakiwindana<br>C. Waliogopa kuchomeka<br>D. walifanya mazoezi | 46. Wasasi ni nani?<br>A. Wazazi<br>B. watu wabaya<br>C. wezi<br>D. wawindaji  |
| 42. Ni akina nani walibaki majivu?<br>A. Wanyama wakubwa<br>B. Wadudu wenye mabawa<br>C. Nyati na buibui<br>D. Wadudu wasio na mabawa     | 47. Buibui alitumia nini kumsaidia nyati?<br>A. Silaha<br>B. mbio<br>C. uongo<br>D. utando   |
| 43. Nyati alimbeba vipi buibui?<br>A. Kwa mgongo<br>B. Kwa pembe<br>C. Kwa mkia<br>D. Kwa kamba   | 48. Wanyama pori huishi wapi?<br>A. Nyumbani<br>B. mbugani<br>C. pangoni<br>D. nyikani   |
| 44. Kati ya wanyama hawa, gani hajatajwa katika habari hii?<br>A. paa<br>B. punda<br>C. chui<br>D. sungura                                | 49. Kati ya wadudu wafuatao ni nani hawana mabawa?<br>A. Nzi<br>B. Kumbikumbi<br>C. Nzige<br>D. Jongoo   |
| 45. Jina jingine la nyati ni<br>A. sungura<br>B. kifaru<br>C. mbogo<br>D. hakuna  | 50. Habari hii inatufundisha ya kwamba<br>A. Wanyama wakubwa wana mbio<br>B. Moto ukitokea tusaidiane<br>C. Kila mmoja anaweza kukimbia<br>D. Hata mdogo anaweza kusaidia mkubwa |

# JARIBIO LA MTHANI

DARASA LA SITA - MWAKA 2019

## INSHA

6



STEP FLYER

006

SEHEMU YA PILI: INSHA

MUDA: Dakika 40

JINA LAKO

JINA LA SHULE YAKO

Endeleza insha hii

Siku ya kuzaliwa kwangu ilipofika.....

# SCHOOL BASED EVALUATION TEST

STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2019

## MATHEMATICS

6

Time : 2 Hours



STEP FLYER

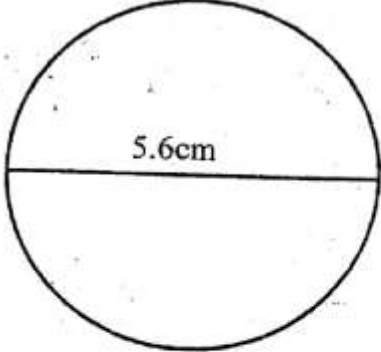
006

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.**

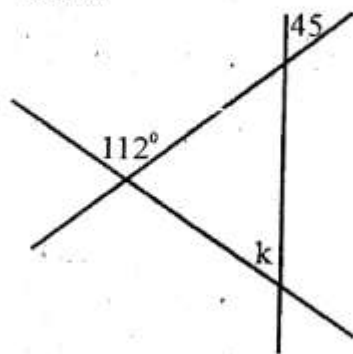
1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

1. Write in figures Eighty seven million two hundred and five thousand four hundred and thirty six  
A. 825436                      B. 870 205 406  
C. 87 205 436                D. 870 205 436
2. What is the place value of the digit 7 in the number 19.43756  
A. tens                              B. hundreds  
C. thousandths                D. hundredths
3. Round off 9.3899 to the nearest hundredths  
A. 9.40                            B. 9.39  
C. 9.49                            D. 9.38
4. What is the reciprocal of  $\frac{9}{11}$   
A.  $\frac{18}{22}$                             B.  $1\frac{11}{9}$   
C.  $\frac{22}{18}$                             D.  $1\frac{2}{9}$
5. Omollo uses 500ml of milk everyday for cooking. How many litres of milk does he uses in 10 days  
A. 5                                    B. 50  
C. 200                                D. 500
6. **Multiply**  
8t 40kg 60g by 8g  
A. 64t    324kg    80g  
B. 64t    320kg    480g  
C. 63t    320kg    480g  
D. 63t    324kg    80g
7. **Work out**  
 $6 \overline{) 33 \text{ litres } 4 \text{ dl } 26 \text{ ml}}$   
A. 55l    5l    71ml  
B. 6l    5l    81ml  
C. 5l    5dl    70ml  
D. 5l    5dl    71ml
8. What is  $\frac{6}{25}$  as a percentage  
A. 24%                            B. 6%  
C. 30%                            D. 4%
9. Find the circumference of the circle  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$   
  
A. 16.8cm                        B. 168cm  
C. 176cm                        D. 17.6cm
10. The perimeter of a square field is 64m. What is its area?  
A. 8m<sup>2</sup>                            B. 16m<sup>2</sup>  
C. 256m<sup>2</sup>                        D. 216m<sup>2</sup>
11. Omanga started crossing lake Victoria in a canoe. The journey started at 9.00 a.m on Tuesday and ended at 11.20 a.m the following day. How long did the journey take?  
A. 2 hours 20 min  
B. 24 hours 20 mins  
C. 26 hours 20 min  
D. 20 hours 20 min

12. What is the value of angle  $k$  in the figure below



- A. 157  
B. 23  
C. 45  
D. 67
13. A farmer has a square plot of land measuring 200m. What is the area of this plot in hectares  
A. 40000ha  
B. 4ha  
C. 400ha  
D. 800ha
14. Find the area of the shaded part in square centimeters
- 
- A.  $75\text{cm}^2$   
B.  $145\text{cm}^2$   
C.  $90\text{cm}^2$   
D.  $45\text{cm}^2$
15. A family used 75% of water in their storage tanks. The amount of water left in the tank was 905 litres. How much water was used by the family  
A. 3620l  
B. 2715l  
C. 678.75l  
D. 226.25l
16. Round off 2647 to the nearest hundred  
A. 3000  
B. 2700  
C. 2640  
D. 2600
17. Work out  $\sqrt{\frac{121}{400}}$   
A.  $1\frac{1}{8}$   
B.  $1\frac{1}{20}$   
C.  $\frac{7}{9}$   
D.  $\frac{11}{20}$
18. Which of the following number is divisible by 8  
A. 3264  
B. 41286  
C. 909183  
D. 59386

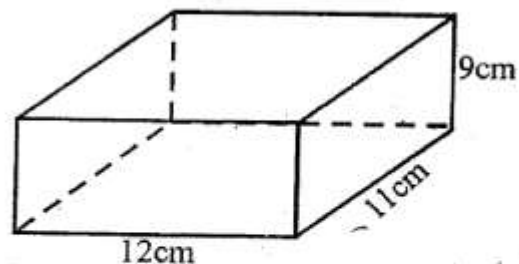
19. Work out  
 $68753 + 29578$   
A. 98301  
B. 27133  
C. 98331  
D. 97331

20. Work out the value of  
 $18.72 \div 12$   
A. 156  
B. 1.56  
C. 15.6  
D. 0.156

21. Work out  
 $\frac{3}{5} \div 2 =$   
A.  $\frac{3}{10}$   
B.  $1\frac{1}{5}$   
C.  $3\frac{1}{3}$   
D.  $\frac{5}{3}$

22. What is  $(3\frac{2}{3})^2$   
A.  $\frac{9}{121}$   
B.  $40\frac{1}{3}$   
C.  $4\frac{1}{3}$   
D.  $13\frac{4}{9}$

23. What is the volume of the cuboid shown below



- A.  $1078\text{cm}^3$   
B.  $132\text{cm}^3$   
C.  $1188\text{cm}^3$   
D.  $32\text{cm}^3$
24. A school has 3600 text books. These books are to be arranged in cartons each containing 60 books. How many cartons would be used  
A. 6000  
B. 60  
C. 600  
D. 6
25. Arrange the following fractions from the largest to the smallest  
 $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \text{ and } \frac{3}{4}$   
A.  $\frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$   
B.  $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}$   
C.  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{6}$   
D.  $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{7}{9}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{2}{3}$

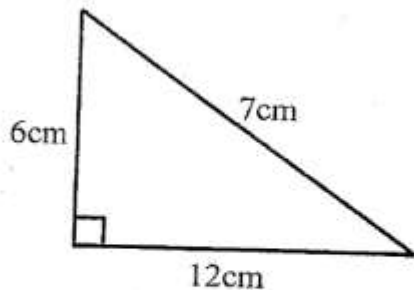
26. Change  $5\frac{1}{4}$  hours into minutes  
 A. 315 minutes  
 B. 75 minutes  
 C.  $300\frac{1}{4}$  minutes  
 D. 525 minutes

27. Simplify  
 $0.046 \times 0.04 =$   
 A. 0.0184  
 B. 184  
 C. 0.00184  
 D. 0.184

28. Express 2.9 litres into decilitres  
 A. 0.29dl  
 B. 290dl  
 C. 0.029dl  
 D. 29dl

29. Two stools cost Sh 240. How much did Kamau pay if he bought 5 stools  
 A. Sh 45  
 B. Sh 200  
 C. Sh 600  
 D. Sh 245

30. Calculate the area of the triangle



- A.  $504\text{cm}^2$   
 B.  $25\text{cm}^2$   
 C.  $36\text{cm}^2$   
 D.  $27\text{cm}^2$

31. Mwaura divided the square of 12 by the square of 3. What answer did he get?  
 A. 36  
 B. 6  
 C. 33  
 D. 16

32. What is one thousand more than nine hundred and ninety nine thousand in numerals  
 A. 999100  
 B. 2000000  
 C. 1000000  
 D. 888100

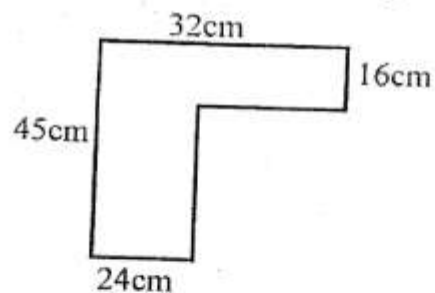
33. Work out  
 $4(2a - 3b) + 2(3a + 7b)$   
 A.  $14a + 2b$   
 B.  $14a + 26b$   
 C.  $20a + 20b$   
 D.  $14b + 2a$

34. Use  $>$ ,  $<$ ,  $=$ , or  $\leq$  to answer the following  
 $10.33 + 0.33 \quad \underline{\quad} \quad 0.33 + 10.3$   
 A.  $>$   
 B.  $<$   
 C.  $=$   
 D.  $\leq$

35. How many  $1\frac{1}{2}$  kg packets of rice can be packed from a bag of 60kg?  
 A. 9  
 B. 90  
 C. 40  
 D. 4

36. What is the sum of the first 25 odd numbers  
 A. 50  
 B. 100  
 C. 625  
 D. 125

37. Find the perimeter of the figure below



- A. 217cm  
 B. 225cm  
 C. 249cm  
 D. 154cm

38. James school is  $\frac{3}{4}$  km away from his home. Half way between the school and his home there is a shop. What distance in kilometres is the shop from the school  
 A.  $1\frac{1}{4}$  km  
 B.  $\frac{1}{4}$  km  
 C.  $\frac{3}{8}$  km  
 D.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  km

39. What is the next fraction in the sequence  
 $2\frac{1}{4}, 1\frac{3}{4}, 1\frac{1}{4}$   
 A.  $\frac{3}{4}$   
 B. 1  
 C.  $\frac{1}{2}$   
 D.  $\frac{1}{4}$

40. What is the area of a plot measuring 2700cm by 3000cm in square metres  
 A.  $800\text{m}^2$   
 B. 57m  
 C.  $60\text{m}^2$   
 D.  $810\text{m}^2$

41. A lesson started at 1330 hours and lasted for 2 hours 30 minutes. What time did it end  
 A. 0300 hours  
 B. 1500 hours  
 C. 1600 hours  
 D. 1400 hours

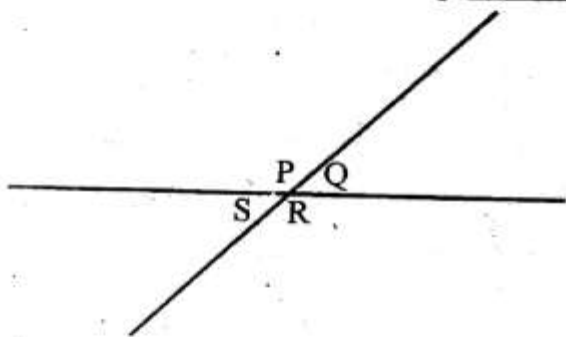
42. What is the complement of  $33^\circ$   
 A.  $57^\circ$   
 B.  $47^\circ$   
 C.  $67^\circ$   
 D.  $147^\circ$

43. Omambia had travelled 180km. If this was 60% of the whole journey, how long was the whole journey?  
 A. 288km                      B. 300km  
 C. 120km                      D. 108km
44. 40% of the money raised at a harambee meeting was spent on digging a borehole. If Sh 20000 was spent on digging the borehole, how much money was raised at the meeting  
 A. Sh 8000                      B. Sh 50,000  
 C. Sh 70,000                      D. Sh 30,000
45. Name the shaped part marked y



- A. semicircle                      B. diameter  
 C. major sector                      D. minor sector

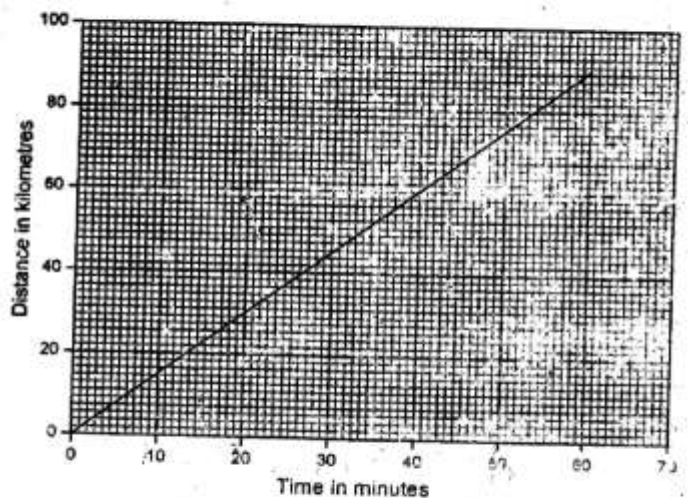
Use the figure below to answer questions 46.



46. Which of the following statements is true  
 A. angle S and Q are alternate angle  
 B. angle S and Q are vertically opposite  
 C. angle P and R are angles on a straight  
 D. angles P and S

47. Kuria ran a distance of 72km in 3 hours. What was his speed in km/h  
 A. 18km/h                      B. 62km/h  
 C. 24km/h                      D. 75km/h
48. Mary bought the following items from a shop  
 2 packets of unga @ sh 65  
 2 kgs of sugar @ sh 72  
 3 rolls of tissue papers @ 22  
 3 bars of bathing soap @ 34  
 She paid the bill with a Sh 500 note. How much balance did she get?  
 A. Sh 442                      B. Sh 58  
 C. Sh 48                      D. Sh 68
49. John's piece of land measures 560 metres long. On a map he drew it as 8cm. What scale did he use  
 A. 1:70000                      B. 1:7000  
 C. 1:700                      D. 1:70

The graph below shows how William travelled in 60 mins. Use it to answer questions 50.



50. At what speed was he travelling  
 A.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  km/h                      B. 60 km/h  
 C. 90km/h                      D. 30km/h

# SCHOOL BASED EVALUATION TEST

STANDARD SIX - YEAR 2019

## SCIENCE

6



Time: 1hrs 40 min

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

- You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
- Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

1. Which one of the following diseases is **not** immunized against?

A. Poliomyelitis  
B. Malaria  
C. Lock jaw  
D. Whooping cough

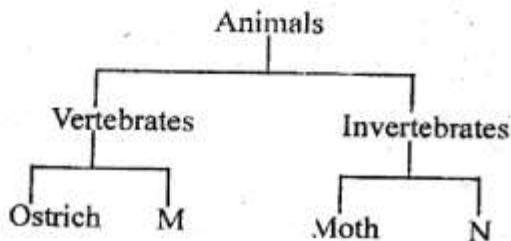
2. In the human digestive system which juice ends the digestion of food?

A. saliva  
B. bile juice  
C. gastric juice  
D. intestinal juice

3. Which one of the following is **not** a way of grouping the clouds?

A. Size  
B. Appearance  
C. Shape  
D. Height

4. The heart below shows classification of animals



Which one of the group of animals represents M and N respectively?

A. Fish and goat  
B. Millipedes and frog  
C. Snake and tick  
D. Frog and snake

5. Which soil is the **best** for modelling pots for water storage?

A. Loam  
B. Clay  
C. Sand  
D. Fine sand

6. Which one of the following physical changes occurs to girls only during adolescence stage?

A. Increase in height  
B. Production of sex cells  
C. Broadening of hips  
D. Broadening of shoulders

7. Which one of the following is a source of proteins in human diet?

A. Cabbage  
B. Orange  
C. Sweet potatoes  
D. Groundnuts

8. Std 4 pupils came across a weed during a nature walk. The weed had the following features

(i) purple flowers

(ii) has thorns

(iii) yellowish ripe fruits

The weed described above was \_\_\_\_\_

A. thorn apple  
B. sodom apple  
C. wandering jew  
D. double thorn

9. Which one of the following shows correct classification of characteristics of flowers?

Insect pollinated	Wind pollinated
A. brightly coloured	sticky stigma
B. no scent	dull coloured
C. scented	light pollen grains
D. feathery stigma	sticky anthers

10. Some plants use nitrogen gas in the air to make nutrients. These plants are called

A. legumes  
B. fungi  
C. conifers  
D. cereals

11. The following are root tubers **except**

A. carrot  
B. sweet potatoes  
C. arrowroots  
D. irish potatoes

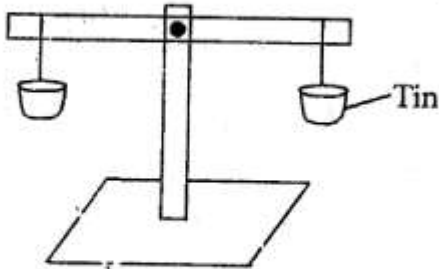


12. Std 5 pupils carried the following items during their science lesson.

- (i) manilla paper
- (ii) coloured water
- (iii) inner tube of a pen
- (iv) 2 bottles

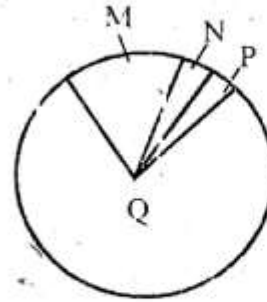
Which weather instrument were they making?

- A. windvane
  - B. liquid thermometer
  - C. air thermometer
  - D. wind sock
13. In a flower the female sex cells are:
- A. ovary
  - B. ovules
  - C. pollen grains
  - D. stigma
14. The instrument below is used for:



- A. measuring weights
  - B. comparing masses
  - C. measuring volume
  - D. measuring forces
15. Which one of the following is **not** a natural source of light?
- A. Stars
  - B. Sun
  - C. Electricity
  - D. Lightning
16. Which one of the following is **not** an effect of HIV/AIDS?
- A. Loss of job
  - B. Happy family
  - C. Sadness
  - D. Low agricultural produce

17. The chart below shows air composition

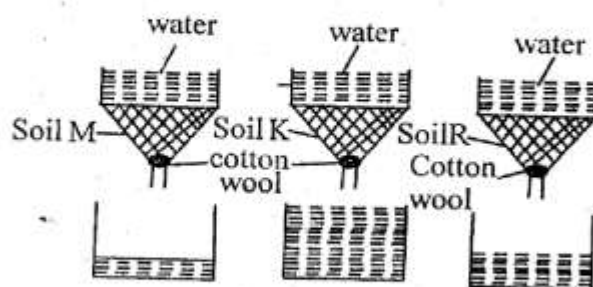


The part of the air marked Q is used for

- A. making plant nutrients
  - B. germination of plants
  - C. putting out fire
  - D. light bulbs
18. The following are preventive measures against a certain diseases
- (i) boil drinking water
  - (ii) proper sanitation
  - (iii) proper use of latrines
- The disease is likely to be
- A. Tuberculosis
  - B. Malaria
  - C. Bilharzia
  - D. Cholera
19. The type of soil erosion where top fertile soil is carried being unnoticed is called;
- A. landslide
  - B. rill erosion
  - C. gully erosion
  - D. splash erosion
20. Which is the largest planet in the solar system?
- A. Saturn
  - B. Jupiter
  - C. Neptune
  - D. Uranus
21. Which one of the following plant does not have the same root system as onions?
- A. Maize
  - B. Coconut
  - C. Millet
  - D. Peas
22. All gases have:
- A. definite size
  - B. definite mass
  - C. definite shape
  - D. indefinite mass
23. Which clouds have mountainous shape with a flat base?
- A. Nimbus
  - B. Cirrus
  - C. Cumulus
  - D. Stratus
24. The following are examples of fodder crops **except**
- A. sugar beets
  - B. oats
  - C. napier grass
  - D. nandi setaria

25. Amphibians have the following characteristics **except**
- They are cold blooded
  - They are vertebrates
  - They have scale on their bodies
  - They lay unfertilized eggs
26. The **best** weather for drying clothes is
- dry and windy
  - cloudy and calm
  - hot and calm
  - hot and rainy
27. Which pair of diseases are the children immunised at the age of 9 months?
- Polio and yellow fever
  - Yellow fever and measles
  - Diphtheria and Hepatitis B
  - Tetanus and Diphtheria
28. The process involved in changing ice to water vapour respectively are:
- evaporation and melting
  - freezing and condensation
  - condensation and freezing
  - Melting and evaporation
29. Which one of the following is **not** a product from a sheep?
- Milk
  - Mutton
  - Wool
  - Skin
30. Which one of the following is **not** an industrial use of water?
- Making fountains
  - Mixing chemicals
  - Cooling machines
  - Surfing
31. Sound travel slowest in \_\_\_\_\_ and fastest in \_\_\_\_\_.
- metals, wood
  - gases, solids
  - air, water
  - vacuum, solids
32. Farmer with small piece of land can practice
- zero grazing
  - herding
  - tethering
  - paddocking

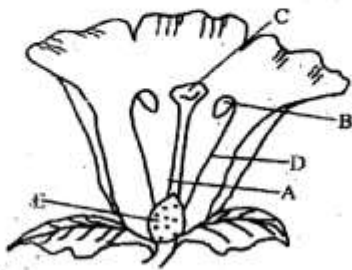
33. The diagram below shows an experiment carried out by std 6 pupils



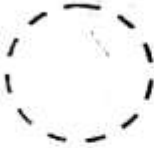


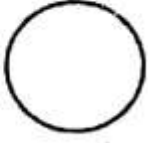
From the experiment above it is true to say that

- Soil M has the poorest capillarity
  - Soil K is the best for modelling
  - Soil R cracks when dry
  - Soil M is the best for making fish pond
34. Splash erosion is **best** controlled by
- building gabions
  - terracing
  - mulching
  - contour farming
35. Which two methods of food preservation preserve food by removing moisture?
- Salting and drying
  - Refrigeration and canning
  - Salting and use of honey
  - Smoking and use of low temperature
36. Which one of the following is **not** a reason for mulching?
- Control soil erosion
  - Conserve soil moisture
  - Control weeds
  - Reduce air and water in soil
37. The medicines given by the doctor to treat a known disease is called:
- preventive
  - antibiotics
  - vaccines
  - pain reliever
38. Which one of the following is not true about both bat and duck bill platypus? Both
- Are warm blooded
  - Lay eggs
  - Are mammals
  - Breathe through lungs
39. When swallowing food it passes through the food pipe in a process called
- egestion
  - peristalsis
  - ingestion
  - absorption

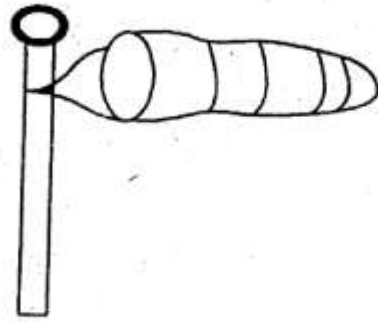
40. Heat from the fire to the roof of the house is through a process called;
- A. radiation                      B. convection  
C. conduction                    D. induction
41. The diagram below shows a flower.



Which two parts marked above makes the male part of the flower?

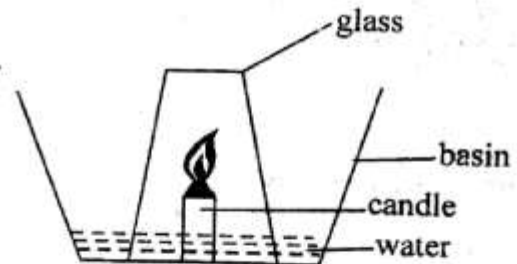
- A. A and C                      B. B and E  
C. B and D                      D. C and E
42. Below are phases of the moon. Which phase of the moon is seen immediately after new moon?
- A.                       B. 
- C.                       D. 
43. Which one of the following material cannot be used to make the handle of a cooking pan?
- A. Plastic                      B. Wood  
C. Aluminium                    D. Hard paper
44. The quantity of matter in a substance is referred to as:
- A. mass                      B. volume  
C. density                      D. weight
45. The rate of transpiration in a plant depends on the following factors **except**
- A. size of the leaves  
B. air humidity  
C. wind  
D. colour of the leaves

46. Below is a weather instrument



The above instrument:

- A. measures the speed of wind  
B. is open on one end and closed on the other  
C. works under the principle of expansion of gases  
D. measures the aspect of the wind
47. The **best** food for a child suffering from kwashiorkor is:
- A. maize, wheat, sorghum  
B. eggs, beans, greengrams  
C. spinach, orange, kales  
D. meat, ugali, spinach
48. Which aspect of light causes the formation of a rainbow?
- A. Refraction                      B. Reflection  
C. Deflection                      D. Diffusion of light
49. Which parts of a flower below are neither female nor male parts?
- A. Ovary and petals  
B. Style and stigma  
C. Petals and sepals  
D. Anthers and filament
50. Std 5 pupils set up the experiment below



The pupils made all the following observations **except**

- A. candle went off after sometime  
B. level of water in glass rose  
C. level of water in basin dropped  
D. level of water in glass dropped by 20%

# SCHOOL BASED EVALUATION TEST

## STANDARD SIX- YEAR 2019 SOCIAL STUDIES & CRE

6



STEP FLYER

006

TIME: 2hrs 15mins

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.**

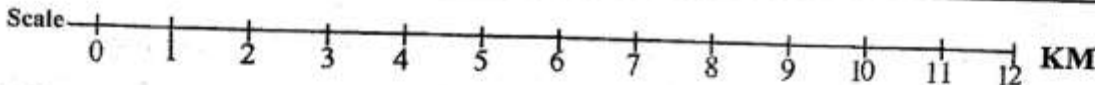
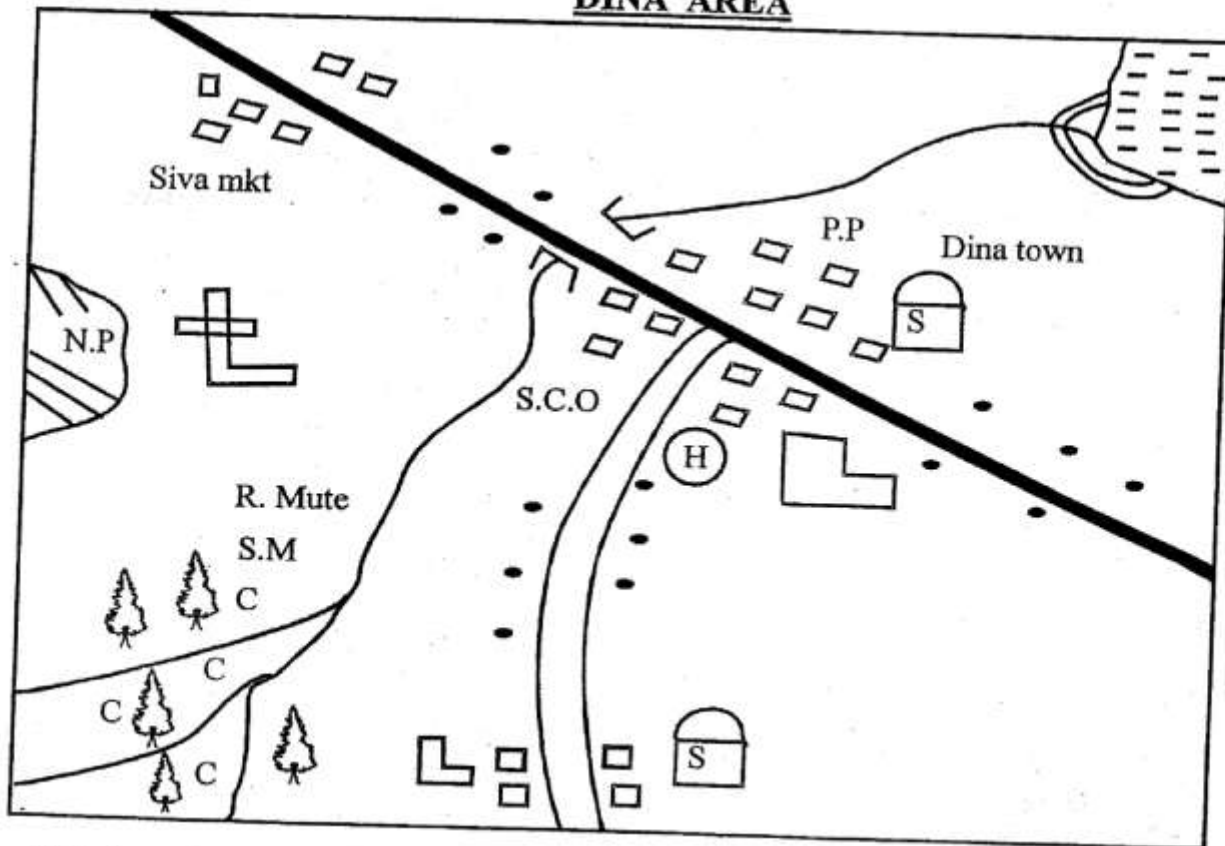
1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 90 questions.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

**Study the map of Dina area and use it to answer questions 1 to 7**

### DINA AREA



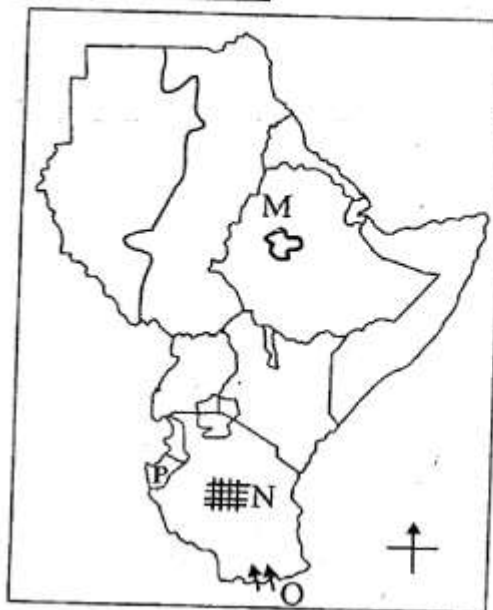
**KEY**

Forest	School	Lake
Coffee	Tarmac road	Hospital
Huts	Air transport	S.M -Saw mill
Shrine		

1. The general flow of R. Mute is from
  - A. South West and North East
  - B. South West to North
  - C. West to East
  - D. South East
2. The population distribution within the map is described as
  - A. scattered
  - B. densely
  - C. linear
  - D. highly
3. The **main** economic activity practised at the map is
  - A. tourism
  - B. trading
  - C. fishing
  - D. saw milling
4. The **main** religion practised in Dina area is
  - A. Hinduism
  - B. Islamic
  - C. Paganism
  - D. Traditionalism
5. The **main** means of transport in Dina area is
  - A. road
  - B. air
  - C. water
  - D. railway
6. The head of the area is **likely** to be
  - A. chief
  - B. subcounty commissioner
  - C. County Governor
  - D. District officer
7. The feature formed at the mouth of R. Mute is a
  - A. estuary
  - B. tributaries
  - C. delta
  - D. confluence
8. Which one of the following is a plain nilote?
  - A. Bongomek
  - B. Wadawida
  - C. Marakwet
  - D. Njemps
9. The following are characteristics of planted forests **except**
  - A. trees are planted in rows
  - B. trees are mainly soft woods
  - C. trees are of different species
  - D. trees take short time to mature
10. Which one of the following skills was taught to boys?
  - A. Good behaviour
  - B. Midwifery
  - C. Religion
  - D. Hunting
11. Which one of the following countries are land locked in Eastern Africa?
  - A. Kenya, Uganda, Djibouti
  - B. Ethiopia, South Sudan, Rwanda
  - C. Tanzania, Sudan, Burundi
  - D. Somalia, Eritrea, Burundi
12. The following are secondary needs which are essential in a family **except**
  - A. water
  - B. security
  - C. education
  - D. love

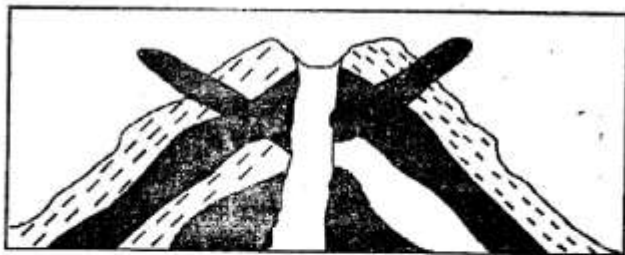
13. The **main** problem facing beef farming in Kenya and Tanzania is
  - A. prolonged drought
  - B. inadequate veterinary services
  - C. pests and diseases
  - D. attack by wild animals
14. Kenya became a British protectorate in
  - A. 1890
  - B. 1920
  - C. 1910
  - D. 1895
15. Which one of the following is a manufacturing industry?
  - A. Textile making
  - B. Tourism
  - C. Ginnery
  - D. Shoe repair
16. Members of county executive committee are approved by
  - A. National Assembly
  - B. County assembly
  - C. County Governor
  - D. Voters in the county

Use the map of Eastern Africa to answer questions 17 to 20.



17. The lake marked **M** was formed through the process of
  - A. volcanicity
  - B. erosion
  - C. deposition
  - D. faulting
18. The part labelled **N** at the map is sparsely populated mainly because of
  - A. poor transport network
  - B. poor drainage in the area
  - C. inadequate rainfall
  - D. Presence of pests and diseases
19. The community that entered into Eastern Africa through route marked **O** was
  - A. Nyamwezi
  - B. Ngoni
  - C. Yao
  - D. Zaramo

20. The capital city of the country marked P in the map is  
 A. Kigali                      B. Kampala  
 C. Bujumbura                D. Dodoma
21. Who among the following people resisted colonial rule?  
 A. Agiriama                    B. Agikuyu  
 C. Maasai                      D. Abawanga
22. The following are the southern cushites in Tanzania. Which one is **not**?  
 A. Mbugu                      B. Aramalik  
 C. Iraqw                        D. Iteso
23. The **main** tourist attraction in the coastal region is  
 A. historical sites  
 B. sandy beaches  
 C. wildlife  
 D. beautiful scenery
24. The physical feature shown below was formed through



- A. volcanicity                B. faulting  
 C. erosion                    D. downwarping
25. Which one of the following mountains was **not** formed through the above process?  
 A. Mt Kenya  
 B. Mt Kilimanjaro  
 C. Meru  
 D. Danakil alps
26. The following aspects of culture should be preserved **except**  
 A. polygamy  
 B. traditional food  
 C. good behaviour  
 D. traditional proverbs
27. Which one of the following is **not** a form of child abuse?  
 A. Denying them basic needs  
 B. Forcing children to go to school  
 C. displacement during violence  
 D. early forced marriage
28. The **main** reason why natural forests should be preserved is to  
 A. protect water catchment areas  
 B. control soil erosion  
 C. protect the indigenous trees  
 D. to provide timber

29. The following are ways of practising democracy in a school **except**  
 A. choosing club officials  
 B. choosing prefects  
 C. involved in making class rules  
 D. unfair distribution of resources
30. Which one of the following fish is caught at inland fisheries?  
 A. Nile perch                    B. Tuna  
 C. Baracuda                    D. Shell fish
31. Meru is wetter than Nanyuki **mainly** because  
 A. difference in altitude  
 B. Meru is on wind ward side  
 C. influence of moonsoon winds  
 D. Nanyuki is found on windward side
32. Below are description of a certain prominent traditional leader  
 (i) He was brave and powerful leader  
 (ii) He was a prophet  
 (iii) Became Orkoiyot 1895  
 (iv) led his community to resist colonial rule
- The prominet traditional leader described above is  
 A. Koitalel Arab Samoei  
 B. Mekatilili wa Menza  
 C. Masaku  
 D. Nabongo Mumia
33. The method of communication that can be used to reach many people when there is cholera outbreak is  
 A. mobile phone                B. television  
 C. radio                         D. newspaper
34. The **main** factor influencing vegetation distribution in Eastern Africa is  
 A. rainfall                        B. fertile soils  
 C. drainage                      D. relief
35. The **main** problem that face trade in Eastern Africa is  
 A. lack of common currency  
 B. high tarrifs  
 C. political instability  
 D. similarity of goods produced
36. Below are description of a certain traditional government  
 (i) organised into chiefdoms  
 (ii) had a standing army  
 (iii) ruled by hereditary chiefs
- The community that had the above traditional government was  
 A. Ameru                        B. Nyamwezi  
 C. Baganda                      D. Agikuyu

37. The following are characteristics of shifting cultivation **except**
- A. done by use of hands
  - B. done by family labour
  - C. done to provide food
  - D. carried out on plantations

38. The largest fresh water lake in Eastern Africa is

A. L. Victoria                      B. L. Turkana  
C. L. Malawi                        D. L. Turkana

39. Which one of the following mineral is **correctly matched** with the mining methods?

A. Diatomite - dredging  
B. Limestone - shaft method  
C. Flourspar - evaporation  
D. Sand - scooping

40. The road sign below indicates



A. bumps ahead                      B. road junction  
C. round about                      D. no entry

41. The following are example of traditional artifacts. Which one is **not**?

A. swords    B. hoes    C. book    D. drums

42. The **best** way of transporting oil from Mombasa to Nairobi is by

A. road transport  
B. railway transport  
C. pipeline transport  
D. water transport

43. The dairy product that is **mainly** used in Kenya is

A. fresh milk                      B. butter  
C. ghee                              D. chocolate

44. Which one of the following is the **main** function of a clan in the society?

A. To give consent to marriages  
B. controlled grazing land  
C. settled disputes among members  
D. brings a sense of belongings

45. The council of elder among the Ameru was called

A. Kiama                      B. Njuri Ncheke  
C. Ntuiko                      D. Ntiba

46. Which one of the following ox-bow lake is **correctly** matched with the river it is found?

A. L. Kanyaboli - R. Yala  
B. L. Utange - R. Ruvuma  
C. Bilisa - R. Athi  
D. L. Gambi - R. Mara

47. Below is a description of a certain soil
- (i) found in flood plains
  - (ii) it is fertile soil
  - (iii) made of eroded materials

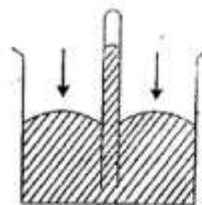
The soil described above is

A. clay soil                      B. loam soil  
C. young soils                      D. sandy soils

48. Which one of the following is a cause of conflict in the society

A. Respect of rule of law  
B. Respecting constitution  
C. Good governance  
D. Abuse of human rights

49. The instrument below is used to measure



A. wind direction                      B. air pressure  
C. humidity                              D. rainfall

50. The following lakes are found on the floor of the Rift valley. Which one is **not**?

A. Lake Tana                      B. Lake Turkana  
C. Lake Natron                      D. Lake Elementaita

51. Karamajong, Iteso and Jie are plain nilotes found in

A. Tanzania                      B. Uganda  
C. South Sudan                      D. Ethiopia

52. The head of judiciary in Kenya is

A. Chief justice                      B. Attorney general  
C. Judges                              D. Chief registrar

53. Which one of the following communities in Eastern was lead by a king?

A. Nyamwezi                      B. Nandi  
C. Abawanga                      D. Abakuria

54. Which one of the following represents single parent family?

A. Mother, son , daughter  
B. Grandfather, son, daughter  
C. Mother, father and children  
D. Grandmother, mother, father

55. Which one of the following national parks are found in Tanzania?

A. Gombestrom, Serengeti, Ruaha  
B. Serengeti, Bwindi, Murchison  
C. Malka Marri, Ruma, Ruaha  
D. Tarangire, mikumi kidepo Valley

56. The **main** reason that has led to sparse population at Northern Kenya is  
 A. insecurity in the region  
 B. low and unreliable rainfall  
 C. poor drainage  
 D. presence of pest and disease
57. Which one of the following are examples of traditional foods in the society?  
 A. Millet, sorghum, arrow roots  
 B. Cassava, maize, coffee  
 C. Yams, wheat, rice  
 D. Wheat, maize, beans
58. Which one of the following is the **main** highway that connects Eastern Africa and West Africa?  
 A. Thika Super highway  
 B. Great North road  
 C. Trans National highway  
 D. Trans African highway
59. The first prime minister in Kenya was  
 A. Jomo Kenyatta      B. Daniel Moi  
 C. Raila Odinga      D. William Ruto
60. The means of transport that is most developed and flexible in Eastern Africa is  
 A. air      B. water  
 C. road      D. railway

### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION.

61. On which day did God create the sun, the moon and the stars  
 A. second      B. fourth  
 C. six      D. third
62. Which sin did Adam and Eve commit?  
 A. Disobeying God's command  
 B. Covering themselves with leaves  
 C. Talking to the snake  
 D. Admiring the fruit
63. What is the **main** reason why God called Abraham  
 A. to give him land  
 B. to bring blessings to the world  
 C. to give him many children  
 D. to make him famous
64. When Moses was called by God he was living in  
 A. Ur      B. Midian  
 C. Haran      D. Egypt
65. Which one of the following commandment teaches about respect for human life?  
 A. Do not commit murder  
 B. Do not accuse anyone falsely  
 C. Do not steal  
 D. Do not desire another man's house
66. The last day Jesus will come like a  
 A. death of Jesus  
 B. Christmas celebration  
 C. day of worship  
 D. thief in the night
67. The helper that Jesus promised His disciples was the  
 A. Holy spirit      B. Eternal life  
 C. Holy scriptures      D. Holy Angels
68. Who among the following kings is famous for being wise?  
 A. David      B. Jeroboam  
 C. Rehoboam      D. Solomon
69. Which one of the following is the gift of the Holy spirit?  
 A. Kindness      B. Love  
 C. Healing      D. Gentleness
70. Which one of the following happenings took place when Jesus was born?  
 A. Mary visited Elizabeth  
 B. Zachariah began to speak  
 C. The angels sang  
 D. There was an earthquake
71. The Ethiopia Eunuch was baptized by  
 A. Stephen      B. Philip  
 C. Paul      D. Barnabas
72. The Israelites were slaves in the land of  
 A. Egypt      B. Jacob  
 C. Galilee      D. Nazareth
73. Worship your Lord God and serve him (Luke 4:8) These words were said by Jesus during his  
 A. temptations      B. baptism  
 C. crucifixion      D. transfiguration
74. The parable of Jesus which teaches us to show love to other is the  
 A. sower      B. lost sheep  
 C. good samaritan      D. lost son
75. Who among the following is **not** working for the nation  
 A. teacher      B. robber  
 C. doctor      D. policeman
76. Below are character traits. Which one is needed for acceptance by others  
 A. gentleness      B. envy  
 C. malice      D. hatred
77. Who among the following people helped Jesus to carry the cross  
 A. Joseph of Arimathea  
 B. Simon of Cyrene  
 C. Peter  
 D. Nicodemus



78. How can we make our joy complete according to John 15:11-15)? By
- singing in the church choir
  - loving one another
  - rejoicing when things go wrong
  - being there for our friends only
79. Who among the following people was the first Christian to be killed of his faith
- Philip
  - Paul
  - James
  - Stephen
80. Which miracle of Jesus shows that He had power over demons?
- Healing the blind man
  - Healing the mad man of Geresene
  - Raising Lazarus
  - Healing Simon's mother-in-law
81. Zachaeus climbed up a tree to see
- God
  - Joseph
  - Herod
  - Jesus
82. In which one of the following ways did people in Traditional African society give thanks to God for the blessings
- giving offerings
  - visiting others
  - sharing land with foreigners
  - shaking hands
83. When people were wealthy in traditional African societies the main explanation given was that they were
- blessed by God
  - hardworking
  - generous
  - wise
84. The passage from childhood to adulthood is
- marriage
  - initiation
  - death
  - naming
85. Which one of the following is the best advice to give to a person living with HIV and AIDS?
- Avoid sitting close to other
  - Do not greet others
  - Do not donate blood
  - Avoid sharing food
86. Agness a standard seven pupil finds two standard six pupils fighting on their way home. As a Christian what action should Agness take
- stop them from fighting
  - pass and leave them fighting
  - report the matter to the teacher
  - tell them to go home
87. Which one of these is a good way of spending leisure time?
- Helping the needy
  - Sleeping
  - Drinking alcohol
  - Watching their favourite T.V programme
88. Susan has been given a thousand shillings by her father. As a Christian the best way to spend the money is to
- organize a birthday party
  - buy food for orphans
  - go and watch a film
  - buy a dress
89. While playing in the school field with your friends you pick a fifty shilling note what would you do
- keep the money to use later
  - take the money to the church
  - give it to a needy pupil
  - find out who the owner is
90. Which is the best way for a Christian to spend their wealth?
- Entertaining friends
  - helping the needy
  - visiting places
  - buying clothes

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