

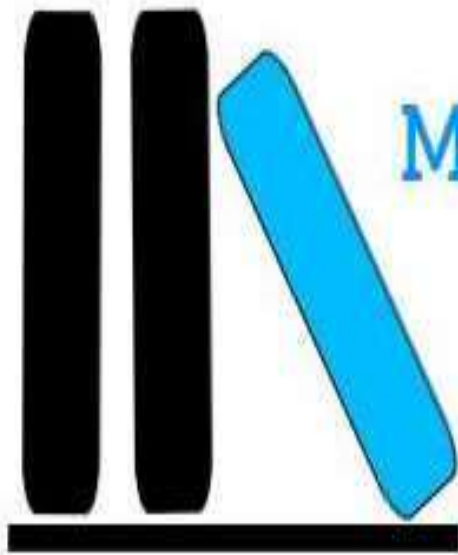
mwalimuepublishers@gmail.com

STEP FLYER EXAM

CLASS 6

SERIES 002

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL 0705525657



Mwalimu E-Publishers



0705525657 / 0770195807

Home Of Quality E-resources

FOR MORE E-RESOURCES CALL: 0705525657/0770195807

STEP FLYER ASSESSMENT TEST

STD 6 - YEAR 2020

6



002

ENGLISH: LANGUAGE

Time: 1hrs 40 min

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

Read the passage below and for each blank space choose the best alternative from the choices given.

Ted ___ 1 ___ to Malindi to visit ___ 2 ___ elder sister Tabby. ___ 3 ___ Ted lived in Kajiado, Tabby worked ___ 4 ___ a sailor in Malindi. When he ___ 5 ___ from the bus, Ted took ___ 6 ___ matatu to the ___ 7 ___. He saw many large ships. They were ___ 8 ___ ships and oil ___ 9 ___. The sea was ___ 10 ___ and Ted ___ 11 ___ the gentle lapping of the waves on the beach. ___ 12 ___ to cross to an island, Ted ___ 13 ___ a ferry. All the ___ 14 ___ were ___ 15 ___ to wear life jackets. Ted had never worn a life-jacket before.

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. | A. travelled | B. travels | C. traveled | D. voyaged |
| 2. | A. there | B. his | C. her | D. their |
| 3. | A. When | B. Because | C. Since | D. While |
| 4. | A. with | B. in | C. as | D. like |
| 5. | A. boarded | B. boarded | C. alighted | D. went |
| 6. | A. this | B. an | C. the | D. a |
| 7. | A. harbour | B. habor | C. habour | D. harbor |
| 8. | A. cargo | B. cargoe | C. cargoes | D. carrgo |
| 9. | A. tunkers | B. tankers | C. tanks | D. cruise |
| 10. | A. tempest | B. rough | C. calm | D. cool |
| 11. | A. hard | B. hard | C. had | D. heard |
| 12. | A. Incase | B. In order | C. Inorder | D. In case |
| 13. | A. boarded | B. got | C. picked | D. embarked |
| 14. | A. occupant | B. passangers | C. passengers | D. personnel |
| 15. | A. ordered | B. inquired | C. asked | D. pleaded |

For question 16 to 18, choose the right word to fill the gap.

16. Talking while eating is not _____ here.
A. allowed B. aloud
C. alowed D. alloud
17. The young elephant is 'ooking for _____ herd.
A. its B. its'
C. its D. their
18. They have left _____ door unlocked.
A. these B. those
C. there D. their

In question 19 to 21, select the best question tag.

19. I am an honest boy, _____ ?
A. amn't I B. are I
C. aren't I D. am I
20. Joe is not a good man, _____ ?
A. is he B. isn't he
C. is it D. isn't it
21. He rarely goes home, _____ ?
A. does he B. doesn't he
C. is he D. isn't he

In questions 22 to 24, complete the collective nouns.

22. He bought a _____ of arrows yesterday.
A. quaver B. quiver
C. shot D. prickle

23. We saw a _____ of owls in the forest.
A. pile B. pack
C. parliament D. pocket
24. That's a large _____ of bees on the tree.
A. swam B. swum
C. swarm D. float

Choose the best answer to complete the following.

25. An agile monkey _____ from tree to tree.
A. swung B. swang
C. swing D. swinging
26. Grandfather's goat _____ about eight thousand shillings.
A. costed B. cost
C. is cost D. was cost

Complete with the correct phrasal verb.

27. The mob dispersed when the police came.
A. broke out B. broke up
C. broke down D. broke off
28. The sailors admire their captain.
A. look up B. looks for
C. look down on D. look up to

In question 29 to 30, choose the word that means the same as the underlined word.

29. The victory of the team made them proud.
A. failure B. joy
C. effort D. success
30. We gave out the excess food that we had.
A. most B. plenty
C. surplus D. enough

Read the passage below and answer questions 31 to 40.

The Drama club teacher allowed us to attend school in home clothes on Friday. We had to wash our uniform in readiness for the drama festival on Saturday. That morning, I could not stop admiring myself. I looked into the mirror for the last time before rushing out of the room. Just as I was about to step out of the door, Mother blocked the way.

"You will not wear that dress to school," she snarled-"Why?" I asked in surprise. "The dress is way above your knees. Why can't you wear one of the dresses I bought you recently?" Mother disapproved everything I did. The previous week, she opposed my plan to braid my hair with multi-coloured braids, like my friend Angela who came to school in blue and yellow braids.

Although Mrs Kazungu, the deputy headteacher ordered her to undo the braids by the end of that week, the braids made her an instant 'celebrity'. Mother was now criticising the dress I had bought using my own money! No, mother was ancient. She knew nothing about fashion.

My aunt who lived in Dandora had rewarded me with the money for my good performance in school. I spent all the cash on the trendy dress. This time, I was ready to defy Mother, come rain or sunshine. "Nobody in my class wears such long dresses. They are so old fashioned ..." Mother shook her head vigorously. I knew I had broken one of her cardinal rules; You shall not compare yourself with others. "Are those other girls in your class my daughters?" "No, they are not." "Then why are you telling me about them?" In protest, I stomped off to the bedroom. I did not remove the dress. Instead, I wore on top one of the long dresses mother had recommended. I picked up my bag and rushed to school.

On the way, I reflected on how Mother complained about everything I did. She even criticised the way I talked. She urged me to talk in a language everyone understood.

When I got to school, I went straight to the washrooms and removed the long dress. How could I wear such an ugly dress to class? I straightened the short dress and congratulated myself for being smart. I found everyone seated, ready for the first lesson.

"Weuweeee!" Jimmo, one of my classmates shouted and whistled. More whistles came from the boys, turning the class into a noisy den.

Mrs Kazungu, who was passing by popped into our class, eager to know what was happening. All eyes were on me.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>31. Why did the teacher allow home clothes on Friday?</p> <p>A. for drama rehearsals
B. to have the uniform ready for Saturday
C. the schools were closed
D. it was the festival day</p> <p>32. Why could the writer not stop admiring herself?</p> <p>A. She hated school uniforms
B. Her costume was very pretty
C. She thought she looked stunning
D. Her dress was new</p> <p>33. Hardly had she stepped out of the door</p> <p>A. than her mother appeared
B. so her mother appeared
C. while her mother blocked the way
D. when her mother blocked the way</p> <p>34. Why wouldn't the mother allow the writer to put on the dress?</p> <p>A. It was not new
B. It was not uniform
C. It was covering her knees
D. It was too short</p> <p>35. The mother opposed her plan to braid hair with multi-coloured braids because</p> <p>A. it was inappropriate
B. she did not want her daughter to be a celebrity
C. She was jealous
D. She was unrealistic</p> | <p>36. According to the writer, her mother's sense of fashion was</p> <p>A. old fashioned B. modern
C. fashionable D. recent</p> <p>37. All the following are things the mother complained about except</p> <p>A. the way the writer talked
B. the braids she wanted to have
C. the way she dressed
D. the money she was given</p> <p>38. Which one of the following statements is true about the writer</p> <p>A. the mother knew she had worn two dresses
B. she was the last one in class
C. she went to the classroom first then washrooms.
D. she was congratulated on her smartness</p> <p>39. What made Mrs Kazungu pop into the class?</p> <p>A. The short dress
B. Jimmo, the classmate
C. The noise
D. For the first lesson</p> <p>40. Which one would be the best title for the passage?</p> <p>A. The drama festival
B. Zawadi and her mother
C. Zawadi and her classmates
D. Ancient mothers</p> |
|--|--|

Read the passage below and answer questions 41-50.

Sifundi, Murule and Mungule were brothers. They bought land from Mzee Hekima. Sifundi and Murule liked working hard. But Mungule was lazy. The next day when his brothers were busy working, he was already in his smart clothes going to visit friends. He came to the farm. "Why are you dressed like that?" Asked his brothers who were angry.

This is not the day to go for dancing. We have agreed we are going to dig today, the brothers told Mungule. You people do the digging I will do the planting, he told them. Heavy rains came and the two brothers told Mungule to do the planting. "You people do the planting; I will do the weeding. The two brothers knew no matter how they tried to convince him, there will always be an excuse. So they sat down and discussed his plight. At last they came up with a solution.

They decided to give him a portion of fertile land. Luckily, it had an extraordinary tree with all manner of delicious and nutritious fruits and he did not need to work hard. He would sit under the tree and a fruit would fall and he would eat it. Sifundi and Murule choose barren rocks and sand where nothing could easily grow. They worked hard until soon they led a lavish life in big bungalows, drove expensive cars and ran big factories. They could even export their goods outside the country. The brother struggled to make the best of the farms. The lazy man could attend parties and return to the tree and wait for the usual miracle to happen.

One day the birds visited the tree. They had come all the way from a far land looking for food. They were so hungry and tired. Discovering the same tree, they could not believe their fortune of luck. They ate all the fruits, singing happily until all the fruits were finished. The lazy Mungule was sleeping under the tree. From far he heard some singing. He imagined the songs he heard while at the party. When he woke up Alas! The birds had cleared all the fruits. He became a poor man waiting for handouts.

People felt he was only trying to be childish. What would his brothers say to all that? Sit under their infertile land believing people owe them a living? No! they were among the richest people around. Each time he came begging, they chased him away. Giving him the last warning. He felt so sad and started mourning. Mzee Hekima found him and asked. "Why are you so sad?" He explained everything. "You can't just lie under the tree on a fertile land waiting for a miracle to happen. For even the birds in the air want to celebrate from the same tree.

The lazy man walked back to his portion of land. He started working hard like everybody and not using laziness as lame excuse for poverty.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>41. According to paragraph one, it's true to say that</p> <p>A. Mzee Hekima had three siblings
B. Sifundi and Murule were industrious
C. Mungule was smarter than his siblings
D. Mzee Hekima sold land to only two siblings</p> <p>42. The word <u>lazy</u> is underlined. Which other word can be used to replace it</p> <p>A. indolent B. diligent
C. active D. vivacious</p> <p>43. Mungule told others to dig and offered to _____</p> <p>A. plant alone B. weed alone
C. reap alone D. dance alone</p> <p>44. By giving their lazy brother a portion of fertile land, it shows that the two brothers</p> <p>A. were foolish B. were selfless
C. were selfish D. were not wise</p> <p>45. They led a lavish life....means that</p> <p>A. they were wasteful
B. they were very proud
C. they had all they wished for
D. they were living from hand to mouth</p> | <p>46. What was the lazy man's usual miracle?</p> <p>A. not working at all
B. lying under the tree
C. the fertile land
D. the falling fruit</p> <p>47. The birds _____</p> <p>A. had come from the neighbourhood
B. were hungry and tired
C. knew about the fruits
D. ate the sweetest fruits</p> <p>48. Mungule would not have been poor</p> <p>A. had the birds not discovered his tree
B. had his brother given him fertile land
C. had he not been given handouts
D. had he gone to dance and visit his friends</p> <p>49. The lazy man walked to his portion of land</p> <p>A. to begin a new life
B. to continue waiting for a miracle
C. to beg for handouts
D. to plead with his brothers</p> <p>50. Which one of the following would be the best title for the passage</p> <p>A. the birds from far
B. Mzee Hekima
C. The miracle tree
D. The lazy man and his brothers</p> |
|--|--|

STEP FLYER ASSESSMENT TEST



STD 6 - YEAR 2020



COMPOSITION

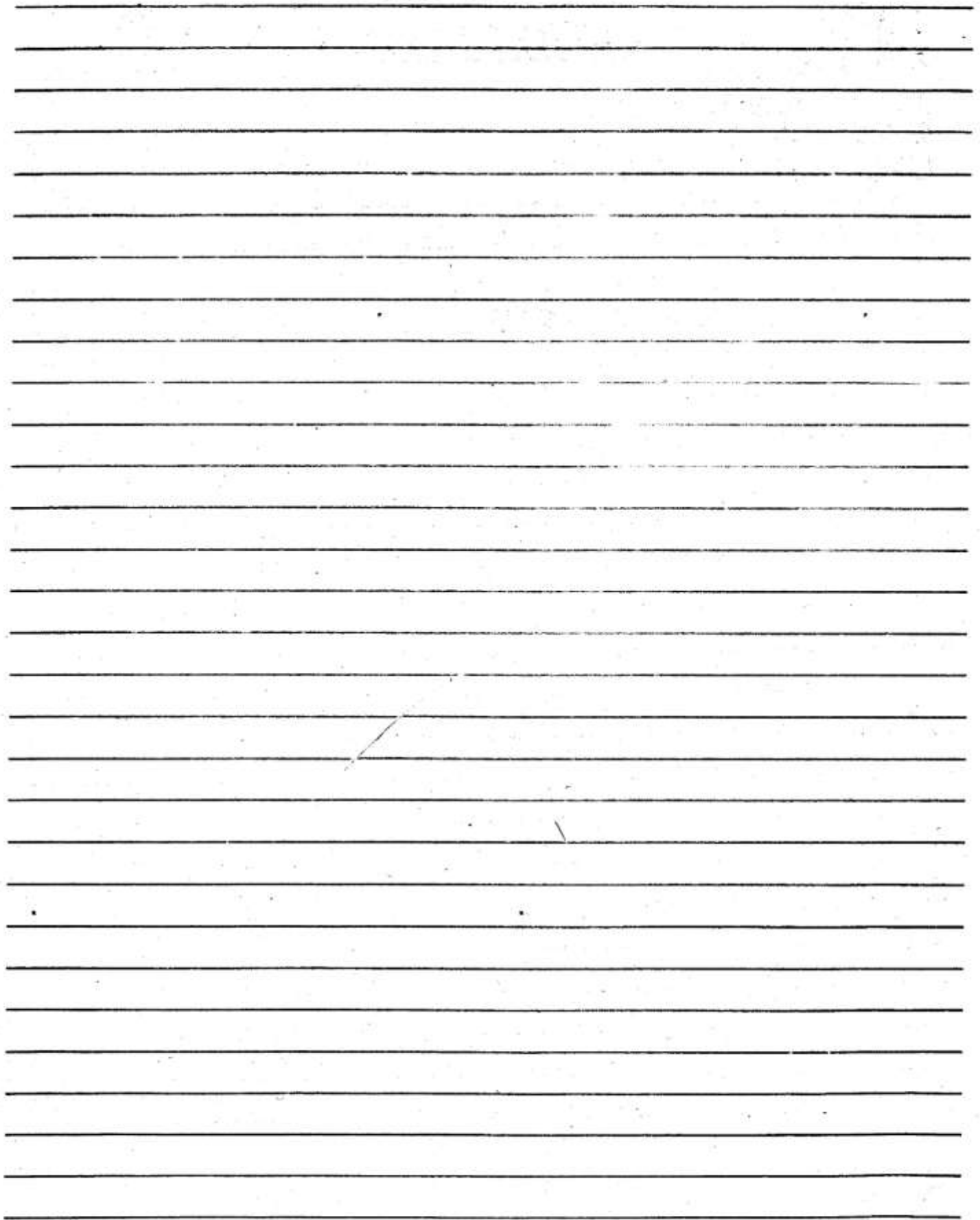
Time: 40 minutes

SECTION B: COMPOSITION

YOUR NAME	
NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL	

Write a composition with the following heading and make it as interesting as possible.

A WEDDING I ATTENDED.



mwalimuepublishers@gmail.com

FOR MORE E-RESOURCES CALL: 0705525657/0770195807

JARIBIO LA MTHANI WA STEP FLYER

DARASA LA SITA - MWAKA 2020

KISWAHILI: LUGHA

6



STEP FLYER

002

Muda: Saa 1 Dakika 40

SEHEMU YAKWANZA :LUGHA

SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI

1. Umepeva kijikaratasi hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya majibu. Kijikaratasi hiki kina maswali 50.
2. Katika karatasi ya majibu hakikisha umeandika:-

(i) Jina lako (ii) Jina la shule yako


Soma kifungu kifuatacho. Kina nafasi 1 hadi 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne.

Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

Kuku ni ndege mmoja ___ 1 ___ faida sana ___ 2 ___ maisha ya ___ 3 ___. Kuku ___ 4 ___ binadamu mayai ___ 5 ___. Mayai ___ 6 ___ yakiuzwa huleta pesa ___ 7 ___ ___ 8 ___ humwezesha mzazi ___ 9 ___ chakula, kulipia ___ 10 ___ ya shule, kununua ___ 11 ___ ya watoto na ___ 12 ___ kuwapelekea ___ 13 ___ kila wanapougua ___ 14 ___ wapate ___ 15 ___.

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. | A. wenye | B. mwenye | C. yenye | D. zenye |
| 2. | A. katika | B. kuliko | C. kwa | D. ndani mwa |
| 3. | A. mwanadamu | B. mfugaji | C. binadamu | D. mtu |
| 4. | A. humpea | B. hupeana | C. hupatikana | D. humpa |
| 5. | A. meupe | B. nyeupe | C. jeupe | D. leupe |
| 6. | A. hizi | B. hili | C. haya | D. hawa |
| 7. | A. mingi | B. nyingi | C. wingi | D. mengi |
| 8. | A. ambazo | B. ambapo | C. ambako | D. ambamo |
| 9. | A. kununua | B. kununuliwa | C. kununulia | D. kununulisha |
| 10. | A. charo | B. kigaro | C. nauli | D. karo |
| 11. | A. mavazi | B. maleba | C. sare | D. fulana |
| 12. | A. pamoja | B. hata | C. wala | D. pasi |
| 13. | A. kituoni | B. hospitali | C. hospitalini | D. matibabu |
| 14. | A. hili | B. ila | C. labda | D. ili |
| 15. | A. kuaguliwa | B. kutiliwa | C. kudungwa | D. kupewa |

Kuanzia swali la 16-30, jibu swali kulingana na maagizo.

16. Chagua vazi lisilovaliwa shingoni
A. mkufu B. herini
C. kidani D. kikuba
17. Ni neno lipi halifai kuwa katika kikundi hiki?
A. tembe B. machela
C. sirinji D. mswaki
18. Shemu ya mkono ambayo huvishwa saa ni
A. kisugudi B. kisigino
C. kiwiko D. nyongo
19. NI ipi si zana ya vita
A. fito B. bastola
C. sime D. manowari
20. Jina la umbo hili ni

A. moyo B. kopa
C. mche D. utao
21. Ni sentensi gani iko katika wakati ullopo
A. waliimba wakacheza
B. tutaenda kupiga mbizi
C. wangukuwa wamefurahi
D. ninatamani pilau
22. Ndungu wa kiume wa mama huitwa
A. shemeji B. mjomba
C. wifu D. shangazi

23. Maina alinunua kishazi cha
A. ndizi B. samaki
C. nyanya D. matunda
24. **Kamilisha methali ifuatayo**
Hakuna masika yasiyokuwa na
A. mafuriko B. mbu
C. hasara D. mvua
25. **Andika tarakimu ifuatayo kwa maneno 101,101**
A. Kumi elfu na moja mia moja na moja
B. Mia moja elfu na moja na mia moja
C. Laki moja na moja elfu mia moja na moja
D. Laki mia moja na moja elfu, na mia moja na moja
26. Mtu anayetengeneza vyombo kutokana na mbao huitwa
A. sonara B. mhunzi
C. mwashi D. seremala
27. Eleza maana ya istihara hii
Wekesa ni swara
A. anafanana na swara
B. ana mbio sana
C. hana tabia nzuri
D. ni kiguu na njia
28. Mvua _____ sana.
A. imenyeshwa B. umenyeshwa
C. limenyeshwa D. yamenyeshwa
29. **Tumia kiashiria radidi kujaza pengo _____ ndimo tunamoishi**
A. humo huko B. huku huku
C. kuko humu D. humu humu
30. Makao ya mfalme huitwa
A. kasri B. ikulu
C. bwani D. pango

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali ya 31 - 40.

Aliishi mzee mmoja aliyetwa Ole Kapunda. Mzee huyu alikuwa na umri wa takribani miaka sabini. Kwa umbo hakuwa mnene wala mwembamba. Kilichowashangaza wengi ni ndevu zake zilizokuwa ndefu na hata kufikia magoti. Alipoketi ndevu zake ziligusa chini.

Macho nayo yalikuwa makubwa kweli kama gololi. Shabash! kucha zake nazo zilikuwa ndefu zenye urefu wa kama sentimita nane hivi nazo za miguu zilikuwa vivyo hivyo.

Mzee Kapunda alikuwa na wake wawili; Cheusi na Kutunda. Cheusi alikuwa mweupe pe kama Mwingireza, naye Kutunda mweusi ti kama chungu cha kupikia. Wanawake hawa wawili hawakuwa na watoto; hivyo basi walikuwa tasa. Jambo la kufurahisha ni kuwa *kiamboni* mwa mzee Ole Kapunda kulikuwa na furaha kila wakati. Kazi za nyumbani walizigawanya kwa usawa.

Cheusi ndiye aliyemchana Kapunda nywele, naye Kutunda kumchana ndevu zilizokuwa na *mvi*. Jioni walipumzika sebuleni iliyokuwa na kuta za udongo zilizopakwa rangi nyeupe. Mle ndani waliwasha moto wa kuwapasha joto na kuwapa mwangaza. Kumbuka wakati huo hakukuwa na taa. Hata kwenda usiku watu walitumia vijinga. Fikiria kulikuwaje wakati huo!

31. Idadi ya miaka aliyokuwa naye mzee Kapunda ilikuwa
A. sitini B. sabini
C. hamsini D. thelathini
32. Sifa zilizotajwa kwenye hadithi ambazo mzee huyu alikuwa nazo ni ngapi?
A. Moja B. Tatu
C. Mbili D. Nne
33. Kati ya wake wa mzee Kapunda ni nani aliyekuwa mweusi?
A. Kutunda B. Cheusi
C. Kapunda D. Ole
34. Kisawe cha neno *kiamboni* kama lilivyotumika katika habari hii ni
A. shambani B. malishoni
C. ugani D. nyumbani
35. Ni kweli usiopingika kusema
A. Mzee Ole Kapunda alikuwa na umri wa miaka sabini
B. Mzee Ole Kapunda hakuwa na ndevu ndefu
C. Kutunda na Cheusi hawakuwa tasa
D. Cheusi alikuwa mweusi ti.
36. Ni sentensi ipi ambayo haimwelezi mzee Kapunda?
A. Alikuwa na kucha ndefu za miguu na mkono
B. Alikuwa mrefu kama mlingoti
C. Alikuwa na macho makubwa
D. Alikuwa na umbo la wastani
37. Neno *shabash!* litatiwa katika kipengele kipi katika lugha?
A. kiashiria B. mshangao
C. nomino D. kivumishi
38. Maana ya neno '*mvi*' ni
A. Nywele za kipilipi
B. Nywele za kitimtim
C. Nywele za kijivu
D. Nywele za sharafa
39. Kati ya wanawake hawa wawili ni nani aliyemtayarisha Kapunda chakula?
A. Ole B. Cheusi
C. Kutunda D. Hatukuelezwa
40. Raha kiamboni mwa mzee Kapunda ililetwa na
A. Kutunda na mumewe
B. Bwanake Cheusi na majirani
C. Ukosefu wa wana katika nyumba hiyo
D. usikilizano ulioletwa na kiongozi

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali ya 41 - 50.

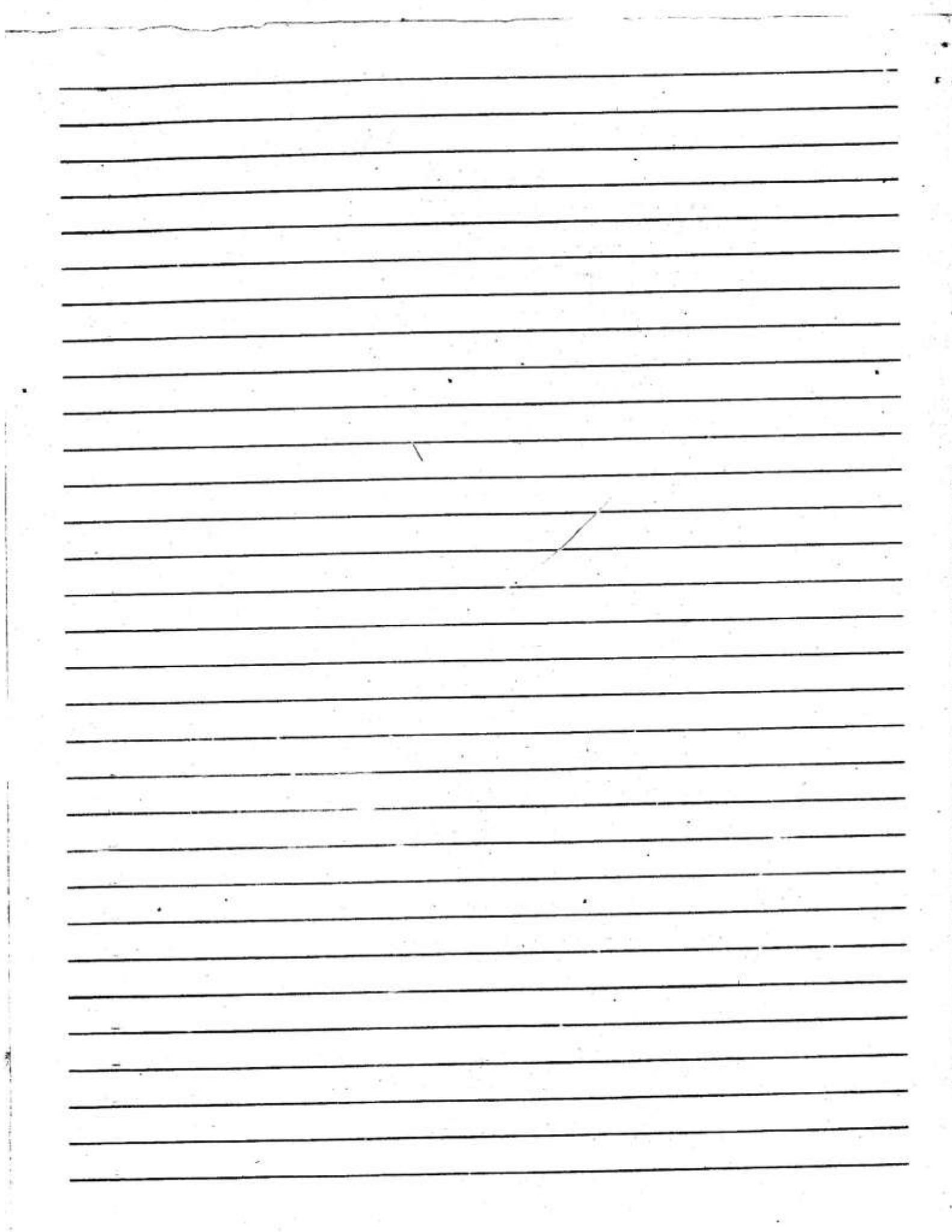
Wananchi wa leo na vizazi vijavyo, maisha ya maendeleo yao yanategemea maliasili ya nchi ambayo ni rasilimali kama vile misitu, wanyamapori, mito, maziwa na maeneo kinamasi. Rasilimali hizi ni muhimu kwa utoaji wa huduma kiuchumi na kijamii. Kwa hiyo kumaliza rasilimali hizo ni kuharibu mazingira endelevu ya shughuli za kiuchumi.

Kwenye upande wa misitu, Kenya imebarikiwa kuwa na hekari elfu themanini za nyika na misitu. Misitu hiyo inajumuisha ile iliyopandwa katika hifadhi ya wanyama, vyanzo vya maji, ufugaji nyuki na dawa asili.

Msitu wa Mau umekumbwa na matatizo chungu nzima. Hayo ni pamoja na ukataji miti ovyo, huduma duni ya ugani, viwanda vya mbao, uwindaji haramu na uchomaji wa makaa. Msitu huu ni hifadhi ya mvua na maji katika taifa la Kenya. Uwindaji haramu unatishia uhai wa viumbe vingi msituni.

Wizara za mazingira na utalii zinajitahidi kulinda vivutio vyetu kwa manufaa ya kizazi cha kesho. Kuna mimea kama vile milengalenga, mikoko, misonobari na mikalitusi kwenye msitu huu. Hatufai kuichoma misitu kwa sababu hali ya mvua na mazao itapungua nao wenzetu watakufa njaa. Ni lazima kama ibada kwetu kuwajibika kulinda misitu yetu. Chambilecho wahenga 'usipoziba ufa, utajenga ukuta'?

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>41. Maendeleo ya vizazi vya kesho yatategemea nini?
A. Maliasili B. chakula
C. kusoma kwa bidii D. mazingira yao</p> <p>42. Wanyamapori, maziwa, mito na misitu kwa jumla huitwa
A. wanyama B. mifugo
C. maliasili D. rasilimali</p> <p>43. Taifa la Kenya lina hekari ngapi za nyika na misitu kwa nambari?
A. 30,000 B. 80,000
C. 8,000 D. 38,000</p> <p>44. Ni tatizo lipi halijaukumba msitu wa mau?
A. Ukataji ovyo wa miti
B. Uwindaji haramu wa wanyama
C. Ukosefu wa viwanda vya mbao
D. Huduma duni ya ugani</p> <p>45. Unapowawinda wanyama msituni, matokeo huwa yapi?
A. Mvua hupotea
B. Utalii utaendelea kuwa imara na bora
C. Misitu yote itafungwa na maji mengi yatapotea
D. Uhai wa viumbe utakosekana</p> | <p>46. Ni wizara ngapi zimetajwa katika ufahamu uliosoma?
A. Mbili B. Elfu themanini
C. Kumi D. Tano</p> <p>47. 'Usipoziba ufa utajenga ukuta'
Hii ni fani gani ya lugha?
A. msemu B. kitendawili
C. methali D. tashbihi</p> <p>48. Msimamizi wa wizara yoyote katika nchi huitwa?
A. Rais B. Waziri
C. Katibu mkuu D. Balo</p> <p>49. Ni kipi kati ya hivi si kivutio cha nchi kulingana na maoni yako?
A. Hifadhi B. Muga
C. Chemchemi D. Uwindaji</p> <p>50. Taja jina jingine lenye maana sawa na misitu
A. kusaka B. pori
C. kichaka D. talanta</p> |
|---|--|



STEP FLYER ASSESSMENT TEST

STD 6- YEAR 2020

MATHEMATICS

6

Time : 2 Hours



READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

1. Write in figures. Nine hundred and eight thousand eight hundred and ninety.

A. 908890 B. 900 890
C. 998 890 D. 90890

2. What is the place value of digit 8 in 206843905

A. thousand
B. millions
C. hundred of thousand
D. ten of thousands

3. Convert $13\frac{1}{3}$ into a improper fraction

A. $\frac{3}{40}$ B. $\frac{40}{3}$
C. $\frac{39}{3}$ D. $\frac{14}{3}$

4. Add

$$462350 + 23 + 7 =$$

A. 463380 B. 462381
C. 462380 D. 562380

5. What is the GCD of 36, 27 and 18

A. 9 B. 18
C. 108 D. 12

6. Which of these numbers is divisible by 6

A. 3362 B. 3261
C. 3364 D. 3366

7. Simplify $\frac{60}{75}$

A. $\frac{3}{5}$ B. $\frac{4}{5}$
C. $\frac{10}{12}$ D. $\frac{12}{15}$

8. Work out

$$4\frac{7}{12} - 2\frac{8}{15}$$

A. $6\frac{1}{4}$ B. $2\frac{1}{20}$
C. $2\frac{1}{3}$ D. $2\frac{1}{12}$

9. What is the next number in the pattern

54, 63, 72, 81, _____

A. 88 B. 45
C. 99 D. 90

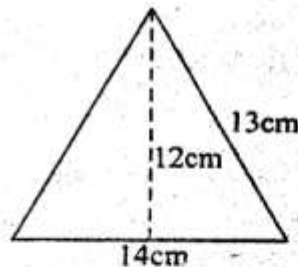
10. Round off 960 to the nearest 1000

A. 960 B. 970
C. 900 D. 1000

11. Express 0.06 as a fraction in its simplest form

A. $\frac{3}{10}$ B. $\frac{3}{50}$
C. $\frac{6}{10}$ D. $\frac{6}{100}$

12. Find the area of the triangle



A. 156cm^2
B. 168cm^2
C. 84cm^2
D. 182cm^2

13. Litres ml

17	650
-9	460

- A. 7 litres 190ml
- B. 8 litres 190ml
- C. 8 litres 290ml
- D. 7 litres 290ml

14. Simplify

$5x + 10x - 12x - x =$

- A. 3x
- B. 2x
- C. x
- D. 15x

15. Change the following into metres

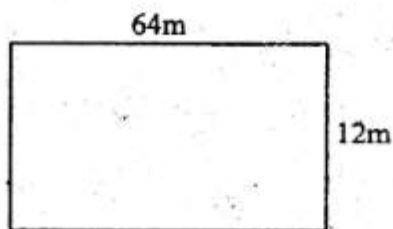
27km 200m

- A. 27000
- B. 470
- C. 2720
- D. 27200

16. Write $\frac{7}{25}$ as a percentage

- A. $\frac{7}{25}\%$
- B. 25%
- C. 7%
- D. 28%

17. Isaac ran round the field below twice. What distance did he cover



- A. 152m
- B. 76m
- C. 2552m
- D. 304

18. When we add an odd number to an even number we get?

- A. none
- B. odd even
- C. even
- D. odd

19. Find the product of $2\frac{1}{4}$ and $1\frac{1}{2}$

- A. $3\frac{3}{4}$
- B. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- C. $3\frac{3}{8}$
- D. $3\frac{2}{5}$

20. Add

$79 + 94838 + 725 =$

- A. 95542
- B. 95642
- C. 85542
- D. 95542

21. Arrange the following fraction in order from the largest to the smallest

$\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}$

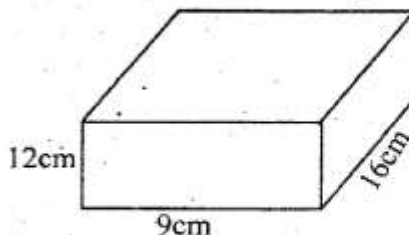
- A. $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{8}$
- B. $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}$

- C. $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{2}$
- D. $\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{3}$

22. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 8

- A. 4567128
- B. 909183
- C. 41286
- D. 59386

23. Find the volume of the figure below



- A. 108cm^3
- B. 144cm^3
- C. 1728cm^3
- D. 37cm^3

24. What is the value of $\frac{1}{3}y - 4 = 6$

- A. 3
- B. 5
- C. 10
- D. 30

25. Work out

$4029041 - 73539 =$

- A. 3955520
- B. 3955502
- C. 3955402
- D. 3965502

26. Change $3\frac{3}{4}$ kg into grammes

- A. 375g
- B. 3250g
- C. 3750g
- D. 3500

27. What is the product of the squares of 4 and 5

- A. 400
- B. 100
- C. 41
- D. 20

28. Work out the subtraction

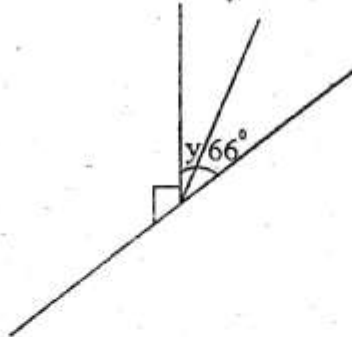
$$\begin{array}{r} \text{km} \quad \text{m} \\ 70 \quad 300 \\ -49 \quad 590 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

- A. 20km 700m
 B. 21km 710m
 C. 20km 710m
 D. 19km 710m

29. What is the supplement of 70° ?

- A. 100 B. 90
 C. 110 D. 20

30. What is the value of the angle marked y



- A. 44° B. 14°
 C. 24° D. 34°

31. What is the value of

$$14.25 + 8 + 0.001$$

- A. 32.25
 B. 186.51
 C. 22.251
 D. 23.25

32. Write XLIX in Hindu arabic numerals

- A. 59 B. 69
 C. 49 D. 46

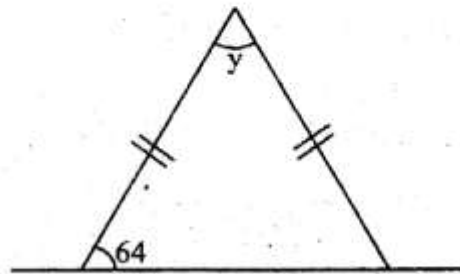
33. A carton contains 288 books. Each book weighs 56g. What is the weight of the books in kilograms

- A. 16128g
 B. 16.128kg
 C. 161.128kg
 D. 16128kg

34. $21.256 \times 8 =$

- A. 17.048 B. 170.048
 C. 169.948 D. 170.48

35. What is the value of angle marked y



- A. 58° B. 64°
 C. 54° D. 52°

36. $5 - 2\frac{4}{7}$

- A. $2\frac{4}{7}$ B. $2\frac{3}{7}$
 C. $3\frac{3}{7}$ D. $3\frac{4}{7}$

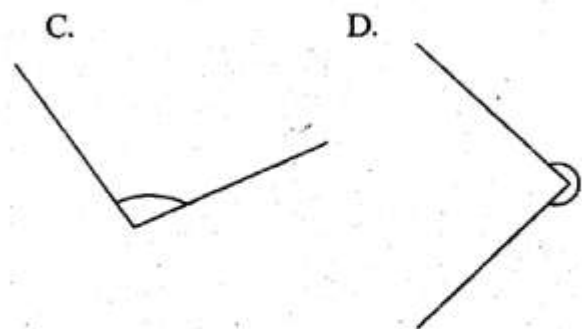
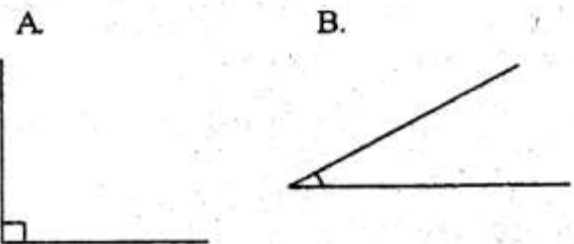
37. How many prime numbers are there between 20 and 40

- A. 5 B. 4
 C. 3 D. 2

38. How many $\frac{1}{2}$ kg packets can be obtained from 480kg of sugar

- A. 96 B. 24
 C. 240 D. 960

39. Which one of the above is an obtuse angle

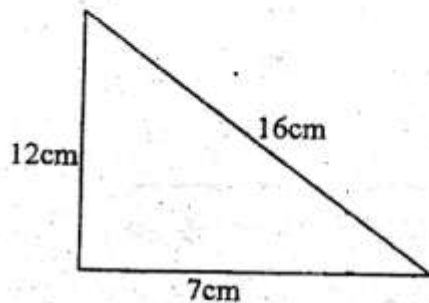


40. Work out

$$4\frac{1}{5} \div 4 =$$

- A. $16\frac{1}{5}$ B. $1\frac{1}{20}$
 C. $1\frac{1}{21}$ D. $\frac{20}{21}$

41. Find the area of triangle below



- A. 42cm^2 B. 25cm^2
 C. 84cm^2 D. 56cm^2

42. Collect the like terms $14m + 8n + 18n - 4m$

- A. $36mn$ B. $10m + 18n$
 C. $10m + 26n$ D. $18m + 18n$

43. Subtract $3\frac{2}{7}$, from 7

- A. $3\frac{2}{7}$ B. $3\frac{5}{7}$
 C. $4\frac{5}{7}$ D. $4\frac{2}{7}$

44. A meeting was attended by 43812 women, 37400 men and 22906 children. How many people were there altogether

- A. 94118 B. 104118
 C. 140118 D. 14118

45. Find the value of z

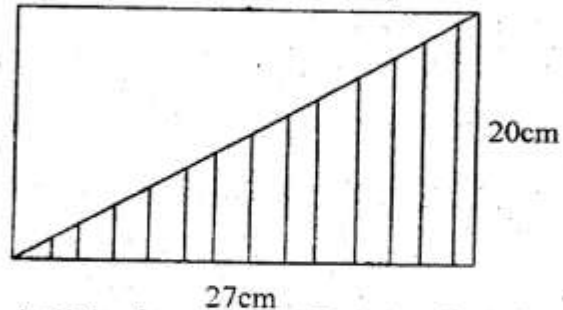
$$z + 4 = 6$$

- A. 2 B. 12
 C. 24 D. 10

46. Find the product of 2.8 and 8.3

- A. 0.2324 B. 2324
 C. 23.24 D. 232.4

47. Find the area of the shaded part



- A. 180cm^2 B. 540cm^2
 C. 270cm^2 D. 90cm^2

48. Find the LCM of 28, 56 and 42

- A. 28 B. 56
 C. 7 D. 168

Use the table below to answer question

49 and 50.

Subjects	tally	numbers of text books
C.R.E		8
Social studies	 	13
Science		9
Kiswahili	 	23
English	 	19
Maths	 	15

49. How many more kiswahili books were there than english books in the class?

- A. 41 B. 23
 C. 19 D. 4

50. How many textbooks were there altogether

- A. 87 B. 92
 C. 88 D. 86

STEP FLYER ASSESSMENT TEST

STD 6 - YEAR 2020

SCIENCE

6



STEP FLYER 002

Time: 1hrs 40 min

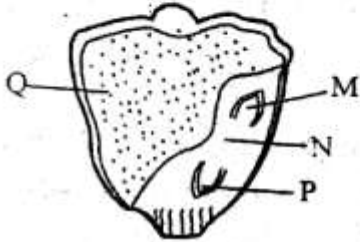
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.

2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

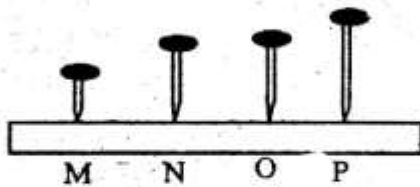
(ii) Name of your school

- The following are part of male reproductive system **except**
A. urethra B. testis
C. uterus D. penis
- Which one of the following expands most when heated?
A. Gases B. Liquids
C. Solids D. Iron metal
- What is pollination?
A. Transfer of pollen grains from anthers to the ovary of a flower
B. Transfer of pollen grain from anthers to the stigma
C. The joining of the pollen grains and the ovules in a flower
D. The transfer of pollen grain from the stigma to the ovary through style
- Which one of the following shows the correct stages of HIV and AIDS
A. Full blown → symptomatic → asymptomatic → window
B. Window → incubation → asymptomatic → fullblown
C. Incubation → window → asymptomatic → fullblown
D. Window → incubation → symptomatic → fullblown
- Which one of the following is used to compare the quantity of matter in a substance?
A. Spring balance
B. Thermometer
C. Raingauge
D. Beam balance
- We care for the animal in the following ways
A. giving them dirty water
B. letting them free in danger
C. beating them
D. building a kennel for dogs
- Which one of the following is not a water borne disease?
A. Bilharzia
B. Cholera
C. Tuberculosis
D. Typhoid
- Study the maize seed below


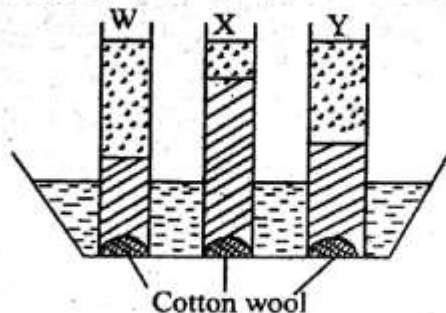
Name the parts shown above

	M	N	P	Q
A.	plumule	radicle	cotyledon	endosperm
B.	Radicle	cotyledon	plumule	endosperm
C.	cotyledon	endosperm	radicle	plumule
D.	Plumule	cotyledon	radicle	endosperm
- Anything that has mass and also occupies space is called
A. mass B. matter
C. solids D. air

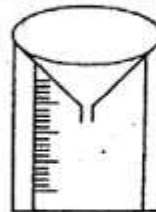
10. In the figure below which nail produced the lowest sound when hit by a metal spoon



- A. O
B. N
C. P
D. M
11. Which diseases are immunised at birth in an infant?
A. Polio and measles
B. Tuberculosis and polio
C. Diphtheria and whooping cough
D. Tetanus and polio
12. Which animal is warm blooded, lays fertilized eggs and has mammary glands?
A. Bat
B. Whale
C. Ostrich
D. Duck billed platypus
13. Which is the first planet from the sun?
A. Mercury
B. Venus
C. Earth
D. Mars
14. Which tooth is used for tearing food?
A. Canine
B. Incisor
C. Premolar
D. Molars
15. The main source of heat and light on earth is
A. electricity
B. sun
C. firewood
D. stars
16. Animals move from place to place. Which one of the following is **not** a reason why animals move?
A. To mate
B. Look for food
C. Look for predators
D. for shelter
17. Std 5 pupils carried out the experiment below

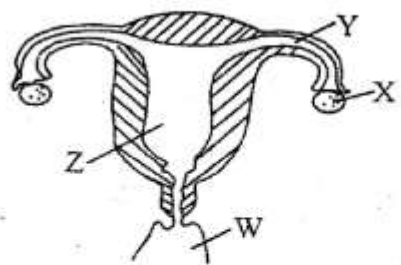


- Which soil above was taken from an antihill?
A. W
B. X
C. Y
D. None
18. A piece of wood float on water while a pin sink in the same water. This is due to their differences in
A. materials
B. shapes
C. weight
D. sizes
19. Akinyi was found to have the following signs and symptoms
(i) rapid heart beats
(ii) whitish finger nails
(iii) fainting easily
She was advised by the doctor to eat plenty of
A. proteins
B. vitamin D
C. Calcium
D. Iron
20. Which statement is **not** correct about the instrument drawn below



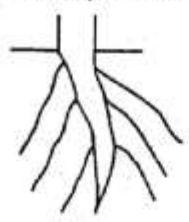
- A. it is dug into the ground to prevent evaporation
B. it is raised to prevent splashing water into funnel
C. measurement should be taken at a regular intervals
D. it should be placed away from buildings under the trees
21. Grade 4 pupils put soil in a tin, covered it with a lid and placed it on fire. What were they investigating?
A. Air in soil
B. Water in soil
C. Humus in soil
D. Living things in soil
22. In a female reproductive system fertilization takes place in the
A. Ovary
B. Oviduct
C. Uterus
D. Vagina

23. Which one of the following physical changes takes place in girls only during adolescence stage?
 A. Increase in weight
 B. Chest broadens
 C. Wet dreams
 D. Enlargement of breasts
24. HIV and AIDS can be spread through the following ways **except**
 A. sexual intercourse
 B. blood transfusion
 C. sharing utensils
 D. breast milk
25. One kilogram of salt and one kilogram of cotton wool have the same
 A. mass
 B. volume
 C. material
 D. density
26. The diagram below shows female reproductive system



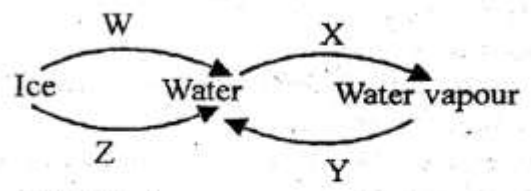
In which part does the development of the baby take place
 A. Z
 B. X
 C. Y
 D. W

27. Large volume of water is **best** stored in
 A. tanks
 B. dams
 C. taps
 D. pipes
28. Which plants is **likely** to have the type of root system drawn below?



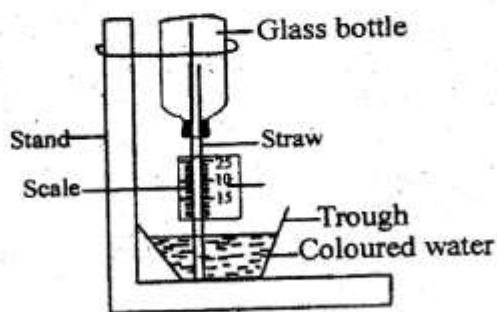
- A. Carrot
 B. Maize
 C. Wheat
 D. Millet
29. Which plant below grows in an area without enough water?
 A. Rice
 B. Water lily
 C. Water hyacinth
 D. Cactus

30. Which statement is true about air as a gas?
 A. Have definite shape
 B. Have definite mass
 C. Have definite volume
 D. Take shape of the solids
31. Which one of the following correctly matches the animal with the product
 A. Goat → milk and wool
 B. Cow → milk and mutton
 C. Pig → hides and pork
 D. Sheep → mutton and wool
32. Which one of the following is **not** a reason for proper storage of the tools?
 A. For longevity
 B. For tidiness
 C. For proper use
 D. For safety
33. The soil that makes the longest ribbon is also likely to
 A. crack when dry
 B. be rich in humus
 C. have the best drainage
 D. have large air spaces
34. Which one of the following is observed in the sky during the day and night?
 A. Moon and stars
 B. Moon and clouds
 C. Sun and clouds
 D. Stars and clouds
35. Which one of the following materials is **not** needed when cleaning a toilet?
 A. Ash
 B. Water
 C. Hard brush
 D. Disinfectant
36. Which one of the following crop is a fruit and a vegetable?
 A. Tomato
 B. Carrot
 C. Onion
 D. Irish potato
37. The diagram below shows the changes of states of matter



Which letter represents the process of condensation?
 A. W
 B. X
 C. Z
 D. Y

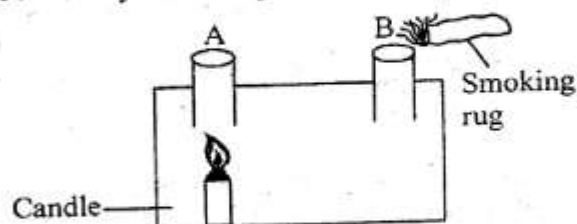
38. In a flower fertilization takes place in the
 A. fruit B. ovary
 C. stigma D. anthers
39. What is the common characteristics of lizard, toad and an ostrich?
 A. Have scales.
 B. Moist skin.
 C. Lay eggs.
 D. Cold blooded.
40. Which group below comprises the plants that do not make their own food?
 A. Mushroom, puffballs, moulds
 B. Ferns, moss, algae
 C. Pine, cedar, cypress
 D. Toadstool, mushrooms, ferns
41. When objects vibrate they produce
 A. light B. heat
 C. electricity D. sound
42. Which one of the following is not part of alimentary canal?
 A. Anus B. Gullet
 C. Liver D. Duodenum
43. Below is a weather instrument



Which statement is **not** true about the above instrument?

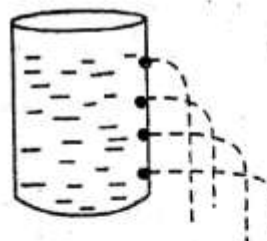
- A. It is used to measure temperature in degrees celcius
 B. When hot the level of water in the straw drops
 C. When cold the level of water in the trough drops
 D. The coloured water expand when hot and contract when cold
44. When water is added to the soil we observe
 A. water bubbles
 B. humus in the soil
 C. air in the soil
 D. soap bubbles

45. Which group of foods below shows a balanced diet?
 A. Maize, beans, beef
 B. Kales, ugali, milk
 C. Eggs, chips, chicken
 D. Irish potato, cabbage, rice
46. Which one of the following is important when handling food eaten raw?
 A. Proper washing of hands after eating
 B. Clean food after cutting
 C. Proper cooking of the food
 D. Proper cleaning of utensils used
47. The following are characteristics of flowers
 (i) *stick stigma*
 (ii) *dull petals*
 (iii) *heavy stick pollen grains*
 (iv) *feathery stigma*
 Which characteristics are found in a flower that has nectar?
 A. ii and iv B. i and iv
 C. i and iii D. iii and iv
48. Which one of the following is **not** required for seed germination?
 A. Air B. Water
 C. Heat D. Soil
49. Study the set-up below



The set up above is used to demonstrate
 A. convection in solids
 B. heat transfer in gases
 C. convection in liquids
 D. production of heat by burning candle

50. The set up below was used by std 5 pupils



What did they conclude from the set up?
 A. Pressure in liquid is equal at the same depth
 B. Liquids exerts pressure in all directions
 C. Pressure in liquids increases with depth
 D. Pressure in liquids decreases with depth

STEP FLYER ASSESSMENT TEST

STD 6 - YEAR 2020

⑥



002

SOCIAL STUDIES & C.R.E

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

Time : 2 Hours 15 min

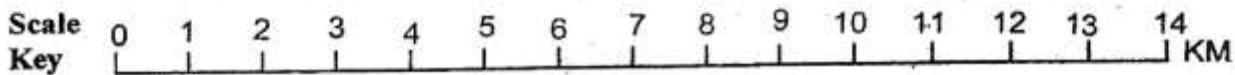
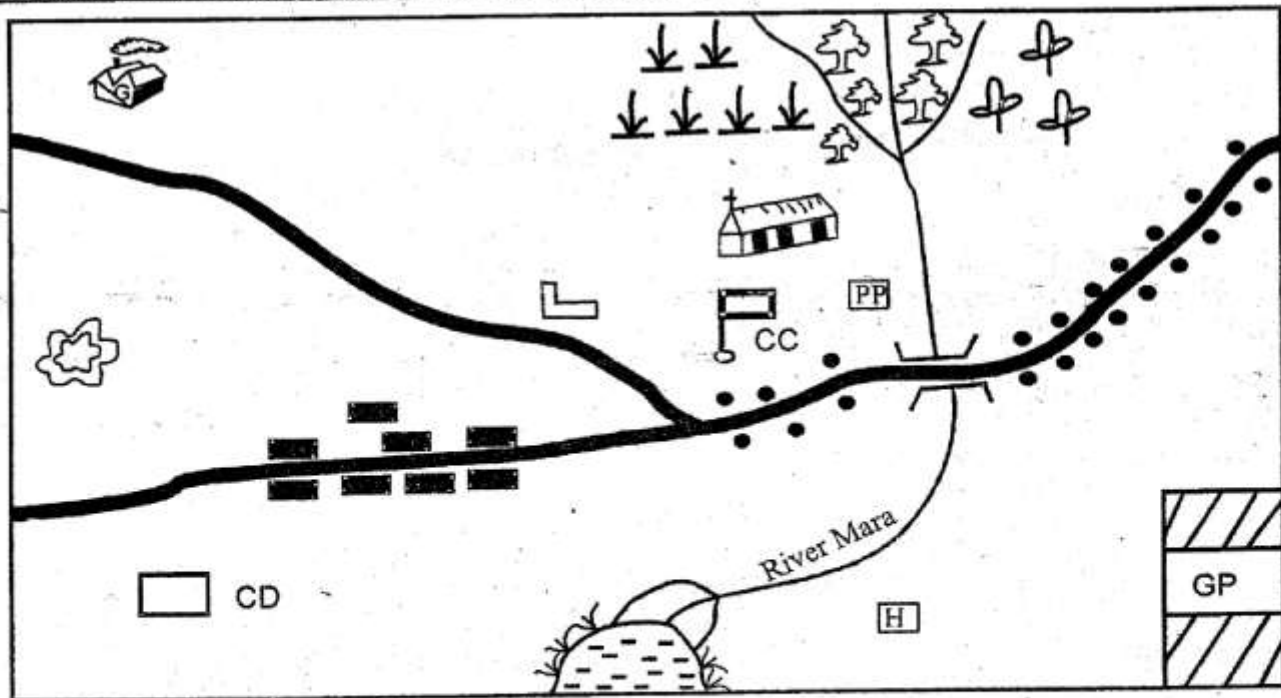
1. You have been given this question paper and a separate answer sheet. The question paper contains 50 questions.
2. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

(i) Your name

(ii) Name of your school

MIRE AREA

Study the map of Mire area and answer questions 1 - 7



CD- Cattle Dip	Church	Chief's Camp	Scrub	Forest
Tea	School	Settlements	River/ bridge	Ginnery
Tarmac road	GP National park	Coffee	Quarry	
H - Hotel	P.P. Police post			

- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|--------|----------|-------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--|------------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-------------------|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The main means of transport in Mire area is <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">A. railway</td> <td style="width: 50%;">B. road</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. air</td> <td>D. water</td> </tr> </table> 2. Mire area has _____ settlement pattern. <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">A. parallel</td> <td style="width: 50%;">B. linear</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. scattered</td> <td>D. clustered</td> </tr> </table> | A. railway | B. road | C. air | D. water | A. parallel | B. linear | C. scattered | D. clustered | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The main economic activity of the people in Mire area is <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">A. tourism</td> <td style="width: 50%;">B. farming</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. mining</td> <td>D. trading</td> </tr> </table> 4. Which one of the following economic activities is not carried out in Mire area? <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%;">A. Fishing</td> <td style="width: 50%;">B. Tourism</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C. Mining</td> <td>D. Cattle keeping</td> </tr> </table> | A. tourism | B. farming | C. mining | D. trading | A. Fishing | B. Tourism | C. Mining | D. Cattle keeping |
| A. railway | B. road | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C. air | D. water | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A. parallel | B. linear | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C. scattered | D. clustered | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A. tourism | B. farming | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C. mining | D. trading | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A. Fishing | B. Tourism | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C. Mining | D. Cattle keeping | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

5. What feature is formed by River Mara at its mouth?
 A. A delta B. A tributary
 C. A confluence D. An estuary
6. The area shown on the map is administered by a
 A. MCA
 B. Governor
 C. Chief
 D. County administrator
7. Which one of the following service is not offered in Mire area?
 A. Banking B. Security
 C. Recreation D. Health service
8. The Eastern African countries lie to the _____ of the prime meridian.
 A. East B. West
 C. North D. South
9. Which one of the features below is the odd one out?
 A. Oceans B. Rivers
 C. Plains D. Swamps
10. River Ewaso Nyiro North drains its water into the
 A. Indian Ocean
 B. Lake Turkana
 C. Yala swamp
 D. Lorian swamp
11. Which of the following activities can be done in volcanic soils?
 A. Growing coffee and tea
 B. Growing sugarcane
 C. Growing mangoes
 D. Mining sand
12. The lines that develop when the rocks of the earth break are called
 A. folds B. faults
 C. cracks D. depressions
13. Soda ash is transported from lake Magadi to Mombasa by _____
 A. rail B. ship
 C. road D. trailer
14. In Kenya the rights and freedoms of an individual are guaranteed by
 A. Governors B. Judiciary
 C. Constitution D. National Assembly
15. Which of the following is a subsistence crop?
 A. Pyrethrum B. Maize
 C. Coffee D. Cotton
16. Children have a right to education. This means
 A. they should have a teacher to teach them
 B. they should attend school
 C. they should work for their teacher
 D. they should read only when they want
17. The main problem facing wildlife in Kenya is
 A. poaching
 B. drought
 C. human settlement
 D. soil erosion
18. Our school is an example of _____ industry.
 A. assembling B. processing
 C. manufacturing D. service
19. Goods that are bought by a country from another country are known as
 A. exports B. domestic goods
 C. imports D. external goods
20. Trade between two countries is known as
 A. international trade
 B. import and export
 C. bilateral trade
 D. regional trade
21. A group of people with a common ancestor are known as
 A. a village B. clan
 C. ancestor D. kingdom
22. The following are examples of artefacts. Which one is not?
 A. Decorations B. Sculptures
 C. Paintings D. Language
23. Which of the following areas has a semi-desert type of vegetation
 A. Malindi B. Kitale
 C. Naivasha D. Garissa
24. Which of the following factors are mainly responsible for high population density in Kisii?
 A. Fertile soils and mining of soapstones
 B. Growth of towns and cool temperatures
 C. High rainfall and fertile soils
 D. High rainfall and mining of soapstone

25. The line of longitude marked with the diagram is called



- A. prime meridian B. equator
C. latitude D. capricorn
26. Which of the following is **not** an element of a map?
- A. Frame B. Colour
C. Key D. Scale
27. A raised part of the ground which has an almost level surface is called
- A. plateau B. plain
C. swamp D. a hill
28. Which one of the following lakes formed due to movement of the rocks of the earth?
- A. Crater lakes
B. Downwarping lakes
C. Erosion and deposition lakes
D. Lava-dammed lakes
29. The features named below occur in the Rift valley **except** one. Which one is it?
- A. Lake Victoria
B. Lake Tanganyika
C. River Kerio
D. Mount Longonot
30. In traditional education
- A. learners were taught by trained teachers
B. learners acquired practical skills
C. learners acquired skills in mathematics
D. learning was guided by a timetable

Use the map of Eastern Africa below to answer questions 31 - 35

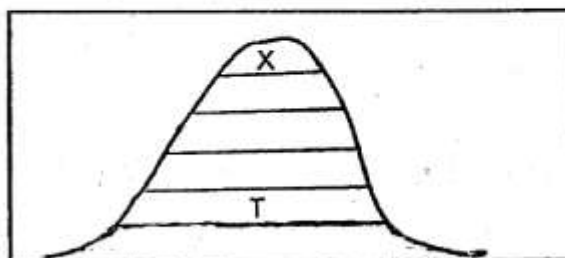


31. Majority of people living in the country marked Y is
- A. Cushites B. Semites
C. Nilotes D. Bantus
32. The river marked L, is known as
- A. Wami B. Blue Nile
C. White Nile D. Rufiji
33. The **main** activity of the people in the country marked Z is
- A. Pastoralism B. Mining
C. Fishing D. Crop farming
34. The capital city of the country marked P is
- A. Dodoma
D. Dares Salam
C. Mogadishu
D. Addis Ababa
35. The lake marked W is the source of the river
- A. Tana B. Ruvuma
C. Pangani D. Nile
36. In the past people were treated by specialist called
- A. sorcerers B. doctors
C. herbalists D. witchdoctors
37. Which of the following groups consists of crops grown in traditional agriculture in Kenya?
- A. Arrowroots, sweetpotatoes, snow peas
B. Yams, sorghum, millet
C. Millet, sorghum, wheat
D. Cassava, carrots, arrow roots

38. The main problem facing dairy farming in Kenya is
 A. low milk prices
 B. few tarmacked roads
 C. inadequate milk factories
 D. high cost of production
39. Which of the following is not a modern method of fishing in Eastern Africa?
 A. Long - lining
 B. Trawling
 C. The hook and line
 D. Purse- seining
40. Which one of the following trees is softwood tree?
 A. Camphor B. Elgon teak
 C. Meru oak D. Cypress
41. Lake Nakuru National park is famous because
 A. it has many hot springs
 B. it is a beautiful place
 C. it is an important site for birds
 D. it is a salty lake
42. Taking part in trade is important mainly because
 A. one has the opportunity to serve others
 B. it promotes international relations
 C. it provides market for imported goods
 D. it is an important source of income
43. Which of the following urban centres has many agriculture based industries?
 A. Kisumu B. Eldoret
 C. Nakuru D. Thika
44. The main road from Namanga to Nairobi and Moyale is known as the
 A. Tanzania main road
 B. Main tarmac road
 C. Trans- Africa Highway
 D. Great North Road
45. Why is email not commonly used as a way of sending messages?
 A. It is not known by many people
 B. It depends on internet
 C. It depends on mobile phones
 D. It is not fast
46. The steep sides of the Rift valley are called
 A. slopes B. relief
 C. escarpments D. faults

47. The Cushites are divided into two groups namely
 A. Southern and Eastern
 B. Eastern and Central
 C. Plain and Southern
 D. Highlands and Southern
48. Three of the following are human rights. Which one is not?
 A. Right to life
 B. Right to basic needs
 C. Right to privacy
 D. Right to unfair trial
49. The work of the police force in Kenya is to
 A. judge and fine the criminals
 B. kill law breakers
 C. arrest criminals
 D. maintain law and order
50. The biggest country in Eastern Africa is
 A. Sudan B. Kenya
 C. Somalia D. South Sudan

Use the diagram below to answer questions 51 and 52



51. The mountain vegetation marked X is
 A. rain forest
 B. snow and bare rocks
 C. baboo forest
 D. heath and moorland
52. The economic activity that is likely to be practised in the area marked T is
 A. Tourism
 B. Fishing
 C. Growing of tea/ coffee
 D. Transportation of timber
53. Who among the following government officers works in the ministry?
 A. Member of parliament
 B. Speaker
 C. Cabinet secretary
 D. Deputy president

54. In Kenya diatomite is mined at
 A. Bamburi B. Kariandusi
 C. Lake Magadi D. Kerio valley
55. Nabongo Mumia and Waiyaki wa Hinga made friends with the Europeans. They were
 A. betrayers B. enemies
 C. resistors D. collaborators
56. The Nandi Orkoiyot who prophesied that a snake would pass through Nandi land was
 A. Orkoiyot Kimnyole
 B. Orkoiyot Koitalel Samoei
 C. Arap Samoei Saina
 D. Kimnyole Arap Turkat
57. Three of the following are duties of a Kenyan citizen. Which one is not?
 A. Arresting people who do not obey the law
 B. Paying taxes to the government
 C. Being loyal and ready to defend one's country
 D. Respecting those in authority
58. The best way of encouraging people in Kenya to obey the law is by
 A. educating people on the importance of observing the law
 B. rewarding people who obey the law
 C. keeping the law breaker in prison
 D. employing more police officers to enforce the law.
59. Who among the following is an ex- officio member of parliament?
 A. The town clerk
 B. The president
 C. The speaker
 D. The Governemtn chief whip
60. Cultural artefacts are important mainly because
 A. they were made by special people
 B. they tell the history of a community
 C. they attract tourists
 D. they were made in the past

SECTION B

CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. According to Genesis 4: 1 - 16, I was a farmer, I brought some of my harvest and gave it as an offering to the Lord, the Lord rejected my offering and accepted my brother's offering, I was furious and I killed my brother, who am I?
 A. Esau B. Abel
 C. Cain D. Joseph
62. _____ was looking after his father-in-law's flock in the desert.
 A. David B. Moses
 C. Peter D. John
63. Who among the following was not a disciple of Jesus?
 A. Thaddaeus B. James
 C. Phillip D. Paul
64. Human beings were created in God's
 A. image B. love
 C. power D. favour
65. According to Agikuyu story of creation Ngai created the first man and woman and gave them land around Mt
 A. Kilimanjaro B. Kirinyaga
 C. Elgon D. Longonot
66. All of the following are effects of boy- girl relationship **except**
 A. dropping out of school
 B. getting HIV/AIDS
 C. good performance in school
 D. unwanted pregnancy
67. Christians enjoy life with others through all of the following **except**
 A. Easter B. Birthdays
 C. Weddings D. Funerals
68. When Abraham was called by God he was living at a place called
 A. Canaan B. Ur
 C. Haran D. Goshen
69. The following are occasions that mark new life in traditional African society. Which one is **not**?
 A. Baptism B. Birth
 C. Initiation D. Marriage

70. What punishment did God give to Eve because of her disobedience?
 A. Chased for the garden of Eden
 B. Hardship
 C. Pain while giving birth
 D. Eating fruits
71. According to Matthew 25: 33 - 40, our ancestors shared all of the following except
 A. work
 B. skills
 C. wives
 D. food
72. The following are God-given talents according to Ephesians 4: 11 except
 A. wisdom
 B. teaching
 C. apostleship
 D. singing
73. A passage from childhood to adulthood is called
 A. puberty
 B. initiation
 C. adolescence
 D. stage
74. In some Traditional African Society hair was shaved during naming to indicate a start of _____ life in the community.
 A. eternal
 B. new
 C. best
 D. desired
75. _____ controls our lives
 A. God
 B. Bible
 C. Faith
 D. Holy Spirit
76. Special gifts that God has given us are called
 A. abilities
 B. talents
 C. gifts
 D. fruits
77. All of the following are vices that cause conflicts except
 A. jealousy
 B. dislike
 C. fear
 D. love
78. Which one of the following is not a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
 A. Faithfulness
 B. Patience
 C. Knowledge
 D. Kindness
79. Jesus Christ grew up in a town called
 A. Jerusalem
 B. Bethlehem
 C. Nazareth
 D. Judea
80. The Holy Bible has a total of _____ books.
 A. 66
 B. 27
 C. 39
 D. 37
81. Jesus was arrested in the garden of
 A. Olives
 B. Golgotha
 C. Gethsemane
 D. Galilee
82. The gifts of myrrh, gold and frankincense were presented to baby Jesus by the
 A. Simeon
 B. Wisemen
 C. Shepherds
 D. Pharaoh
83. The gifts of the Holy Spirit are found in the book of
 A. Galatians
 B. Acts
 C. Luke
 D. 1 Corinthians
84. In which book of the Bible do we find the story of the world began?
 A. Revelation
 B. Romans
 C. Exodus
 D. Genesis
85. _____ was a great friend of God.
 A. Abraham
 B. Moses
 C. John
 D. Isaac
86. Who among the following gave his life to God when he left his native country to a foreign land?
 A. Lot
 B. Terah
 C. Abraham
 D. Aaron
87. John visits the sick and gives them food. The fruit of the Holy Spirit shown is
 A. patience
 B. kindness
 C. joy
 D. peace
88. The Passover took place in
 A. Bethlehem
 B. Nazareth
 C. Canaan
 D. Egypt
89. Which one of the following values was not required during the breaking of the bread?
 A. Humility
 B. Fear
 C. Patience
 D. Love
90. Jesus fed 5000 people using
 A. five fish and two loaves
 B. two loaves and fifty fish
 C. five loaves and two fish
 D. twenty loaves and two fish

mwalimuepublishers@gmail.com

**FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL:
0705525657**

FOR MORE E-RESOURCES CALL: 0705525657/0770195807