ENGLISH KCSE PREDICTION 2021

Paper 1

FORM FOUR

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

101/1 ENGLISH PAPER ONE

TIME: 2HRS

For marking schemes call Mr machuki 0795491185

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your details in the spaces provided above.
- 2. Answer all the questions in this paper.
- 3. Answer the questions in English

EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

QUESTION	MARKS	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
1	20	
2	10	
3	30	
TOTAL	60	

1.	Students in your school have raised concerns about poor hygiene in the school. In a bio
	to address these concerns, the principal appoints a four member committee to
	investigate the health situation and give recommendations. You are the secretary of the
	committee, write down the report you will present to your principal.
	(20mks)

2.	CLOZE TEST (10MKS)
	Fill in the blank spaces with the most appropriate words.
	A new research title "Underage drinking in Kenya", has1
	one third of form four students aged below 18 years take alcohol2
	As our society ponders this sad3, the urgent message to
	children who are taking alcohol4 do not drink another sip.
	Advice to those children is to strongly say "no"5
	behaviour, to alcoholism, there are many6effects of alcohol. It is
	wrong and illegal for children to drinkalcohol.
	This report also states that 46 percent of the children received7
	pint from friends and8
	or guardian, do you nurture9 How much time do you spend with
	them?Notably,10of guidance and supervision are stimuli to
	underage drinking.

3. ORAL SKILLS (30MKS)

Read the poem below and answer the questions that follow

Make me a grave where'er you will, In a lowly plain, or a lofty hill; Make it among earth's humblest graves, But not in a land where men are slaves.

I could not rest if around my grave
I heard the steps of a trembling slave;
His shadow above my silent tomb
Would make it a place of fearful gloom

I could not rest if I heard the tread
Of a coffle going to the shambles led,
And the mother's shriek of wild despair
Rise like a curse on the trembling air
(by Frances Ellen Watkins Harper)

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v	ч	c	3	LI	u		

a)	Describe the rhyme scheme of the poem above. (2mks)	
b)	Apart from rhyme, mention two other ways they have achieved rhythm?	(4mks)
c)	Mention two ways in which you would know that your audience is fully puring the recitation of the poem above.	participating (2mks)
d)	How would you say the last line of the poem?	(2mks)
e)	Indicate whether the following items have a falling or a rising intonation. i) Get out now!	(4mks)
f)	 iii) How did you find the English exam?	(4mks)

	iii) Leopard			
	iv) Fracas			
g)	Provide a ho	mophone for each of the following words.		
	(4mks)			
	i) Bury			
	ii) Claws			
	iii) Guest			
	iv) Male			
h)	The underlin	ing indicates the stressed word in the sentences below. E	Briefly exp	lain
	what each se	entence mean	(3mks)	
	i) The <u>lady</u>	in a red dress lost her purse		
	ii) The lady	in a <u>red</u> dress lost her purses		
	iii) The lady	in a red dress lost her <u>purse.</u>		
	••••••			
i)	Identify the o	odd word out according to the pronunciation of the underline	ed sound.	
			(2mks))
	i) S <u>a</u> id	H <u>ea</u> d G <u>a</u> te L <u>e</u> d		
	ii) <u>F</u> ace	<u>Ph</u> rase She <u>ph</u> erd <u>Ph</u> ase		
j)	Below is a d	lialogue between Muthomi and James who are candidates	. Read it	and
	answer the c	questions that follow.		
	Muthomi:	James, I'm worried about my performance in Engl	ish. It's	not
	encouraging			
	James:	Ah! I'm happy with mine in Biology. I got an A in the last ex	cam.	
	Muthomi:	I really don't know what to do about English, maybe		
	James:	I don't like History and P.E teacher. He thinks he is the o	only one v	vho
		can a pick-up truck. My mum told me she would be buying	one soon	
	Muthomi:	(Trying to bring him back to the topic) Tell me Jan	nes, how	do
		yourevise English?		
	James:	Oh! Is that Betty? She promised to bring me a movie. (Calli	ng out) Be	etty!
		Betty!		

(The runs after her)

a)	Identify the shortcomings in the dialogue above	(3mks)

Paper 2

FORM 4

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

101/2 ENGLISH PAPER ONE

TIME: 2HRS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your details in the spaces provided above.
- 2. Answer all the questions in this paper.
- 3. Answer the questions in English

EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

QUESTION	MARKS	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
1	20	
2	25	
3	20	
4	20	
5	15	
TOTAL	100	

1. COMPREHENSION

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow

The process of developing social skills among children at an early age is important. Researchers have cited rejection by peers as the greatest challenge children face in their quest to build meaningful social skills. It has been reported that children who get bullied and snubbed by peers are more likely to have problems in relating with others. In recent times, researchers have found at least three factors in a child's behaviour that can lead to social rejection. The factors involve a child's inability to pick up on and respond to nonverbal cues from their pals. In the United states 10 to 13 percent of school-going

children experience some form of rejection by their peers. In addition to causing mental health problems, bullying and social isolation can increase the likelihood of a child getting poor grades, dropping out of school,, or developing substance abuse problems.

It is reported that the social skills that children gain on the playground or elsewhere could show up later in life, according to Richard Lavoie, an expert in child social behaviour. He says that children experiment with the relationship styles they will have as adults during unstructured playtime-when children interact without the guidance of an **authority figure**. Researchers say that the number-one need of any human is to be liked by other humans. However, researchers have expressed concern that our children are like strangers in their own land. They don't understand the basic rules of social behaviour and their mistakes are usually unintentional.

Children who face rejection may have problems in at least one of three different areas of nonverbal communication, which is the reason they are rejected. These are reading nonverbal cues; understanding their social meaning; and coming up with options for resolving a social conflict. A child, for example, simply my not notice a person's scowl of impatience or understand what a tapped foot means. In another situation, a child may have trouble reconciling the desires of a friend with her own. Anyone trying to help children on their social skills should try to pinpoint the weaknesses a child has and then build those up.

When children have prolonged struggles with socializing, "a vicious cycle begins," children who are **shunned** by others have few opportunities to practice social skills whereas popular children have more than enough opportunities to perfect theirs. However, having just one or two friends can be enough to give a child the social practice he or she need.

Parents, teachers and other adults in a child's life can help, too. Instead of reacting with anger or embarrassment to a child who, say, asks. Aunt Vera if her new hairdo was a mistake, parents should teach social skills with the same tone they use for teaching numeracy skills or proper hygiene. If presented as a learning opportunity, rather than a punishment, children usually appreciate the lesson. It is important to note that most children are so desperate to have friends that they just jump on board.

To teach social skills, Lavoie advises a five-step approach in his book. The process works for children with or without learning disabilities and is best conducted immediately after a

wrongdoing has been made. First, ask the child what happened and listen without judgment. Second, ask the child to identify their mistake. Often children only know that someone got upset, but don't understand their own role in the outcome. Third, help the child identify the cue they missed or mistake they made, by asking something like: "How would you feel if Emma was hogging the tyre swing?" Instead of lecturing with the word "should," offer options the child "could" have taken in the moment, such as "You could have asked Emma to join you or told her you would give her the swing after your turn. "Fourth, you can create an imaginary but similar scenario where the child can make the right choice. For example, you could say, "If you were playing with a shovel in the sand box and Aiden wanted to use it, what would you do?" Lastly, give the child" social homework" by asking him to practice this new skill, saying: "Now that you know the importance of sharing, I want to hear about something you share tomorrow."

(Adapted from <u>livescience.com</u>-Tue Feb 2, 2010)

Questions

a)	In one sentence, explain what this passage is talking about? (2mks)	
b)	What is the number one need of any human being? (1mk)	
c)	What are cited as the causes for social rejection according to the passage (2mks)	
d)	What is social rejection likely to lead to	(2mks)

e)	What vicious cycle is referred to in this passage	(2mks)
f)	How can a parent make children appreciate the lesson on social skills? (2mks)	
g)	"How would you feel if Emma was hogging the tyre swing?" Re-write in repo	rted speech. (1mk)
h)	Make notes on the five-step approach to teach children social skills	(5mks)
i)	Explain the meanings of the following words and phrases as used in the pas	ssage (3mks)
i ii		
iii	. Jump on board	
2.	Read the excerpt below and answer the questions that follow A Doll's House:	(25mks)

Krogstad: (Controlling himself) Listen to me, Mrs. Helmer. If necessary, I am prepared to

fight for my small post in the Bank as if I were fighting for my life.

Nora: So it seems

Krogstad: It is not only for the sake of the money; indeed, that weighs least with me in

the matter. There is another reason-well, I may we well tell you. My position is this. I daresay you know, like everybody else, that once, many years ago, I was

guilty of an indiscretion.

Nora: I think I have heard something of the kind.

Krogstad: The matter never came into court; but every way seemed to be closed to me

after that. So I took to the business that you know of. I had to do something; and, honestly, I don't think I've been one of the worst. But now I must cut myself free from all that. My sons are growing up; for their sake I must try and win back as much respect as I can in the town. This post in the Bank was like the first step up for me – and now your husband is going to kick me

downstairs again into the mud.

Nora: But you must believe me, Mr. Krogstad; it is not in my power to help you at all.

Krogstad: Then it is because you haven't the will; but I have means to compel you.

Nora: You don't mean that you will tell my husband that I owe you money?

Krogstad: Hm! – suppose I were to tell him?

Nora: I would be perfectly infamous of you. (Sobbing) To think of his learning my

secret, which has been my joy and pride, in such an ugly, clumsy way – that he should learn it from you! And it would out me in a horribly disagreeable

position-

Krogstad: Only disagreeable?

Nora: (Impetuously) well, do it, then! – and it will be the worse for you. My husband

will see for himself what a blackguard you are, and you certainly won't keep

your post them.

Krogstad: I asked you if it was only a disagreeable scene at home that you were afraid of?

Nora: If my husband does get to know of it, of course he will at once pay you what is

still owing, and we shall have nothing more to do with you.

Krogstad: (Coming a step nearer)Listen to me, MrsHelmwe. Either you have a very bad

memory or you know very little of business. I shall be obliged to remind you of

a few details.

Questions

a)	What happens just before this excerpt?	(2mks)
b)	Identify and illustrate any two themes evident in the excerpt.	(4mks)
c)	Using about fifty words, summarise why Krogstad is prepared to fight for the	ne small post
	in the bank (5mks)	
d)	Identify and illustrate any two character traits of;	(4mks)
,	i. Krogstad	(',
	ii. Nora	

f) Explain the meaning of the following words as used in the extract (2mks) i. Compel ii. Blackguard				••••••••••••
i. Compel ii. Blackguard g) "I shall be obliged to remind you of a few details". Which are those details? (4mk	e)	Identi	fy and illustrate any two stylistic devices used in the excerpt.	(4mks)
i. Compel ii. Blackguard g) "I shall be obliged to remind you of a few details". Which are those details? (4mk				
i. Compel ii. Blackguard g) "I shall be obliged to remind you of a few details". Which are those details? (4mk	f)			
g) "I shall be obliged to remind you of a few details". Which are those details? (4mk				
		ii.	Blackguard	
	g)	"I sha	ll be obliged to remind you of a few details". Which are those details?	 (4mks)

3. Read the following narrative then answer the questions that follow (20mks)

Once upon a time Hare and Hyena were very good friends. They visited each other every day and herded their cows together.

There came a time when the cows started dying one after the other. The two friends wanted to find out why the cows were dying. Hare said, 'Let us go and kill our mothers and take out their livers. We shall then cook and taste these livers. The bitter liver will show whose mother was making the cows die. At once Hyena went and killed his mother. He

took out the liver and cooked it. Hare went and hid his mother in the garden in bushy banana plants. He then went and killed an antelope, took out its liver and cooked it.

The two friends met to eat their livers. "My liver is very bitter", said the Hyena. "Mine is very sweet," said Hare, "So it was your mother who was making the cows die." Hyena kept quiet and went home feeling sad. He moved from the old house to a smaller one because now he had no mother. Hare did the same

After a short time, there was great famine in the land. The two friends decided that each of them was to look for food on alternate days sharing, on an equal basis what was available. When it was Hyena's turn, he went and found only honeycombs without any honey. When Hyenabrought these, Hare refused this because he had secretly gone to his mother who had given him some bananas. This went on for many days, and Hyena grew thinner and thinner. Then he started wondering. "How does my friend remain fat and he doesn't eat anything. I will find out."

One day he followed Hare. Hare went to his mother as usual. 'Mother, mother, I have come' and the mother dropped some bananas which Hare ate quickly. He then looked for some honeycombs and took them to the friend. "This is all I could find my friend." The Hyena kept quiet. The next day he went to the banana plant and called. His voice however was very deep and no bananas were dropped for him.

There was an old hyenawho was staying at the end of the forest and used to give advice to people. So Hare's friend went to her and told her his problem. "Go and put your tongue on the path of black ants," He was told, "Let them bite your tongue until it hurts. That's how your voice will be soft."

Hyena went and did as he was told. When he went to Hare's mother his voice was as soft as Hare's. "Mother, mother I have come." And Hare's mother dropped bananas for his him. Then he told her to come and greet him. When she came down and saw it was Hyena she screamed but there was nobody near to help. Hyena killed her immediately.

Hyena went and met Hare as usual saying nothing about Hare's mother. The following day

it was Hare's. "Mother, mother I have come.' And Hare's mother dropped bananas for his him. Then he told her to come and greet him. When she came down and saw it was Hyena she screamed but there was nobody near to help. Hyena killed her immediately.

Hyena went and met Hare as usual saying nothing about Hare's mother. The following day it was Hare's turn. He went to his usual place. "Mother" he called again. He climbed up. There was nobody. Having seen some blood on the ground, Hare knew what had happened to his mother.

When Hare got back to Hyena's house, he said nothing. At night, Hare took all cows including Hyena's and went away to live in another part of the country. That ended the Hare and Hyena's friendship. And that is the end of my story to you.

Qu	Questions				
a)	With illustrations, classify the above narrative	(2mks)			
b)	Identify three features of narratives	(3mks)			
c)	Identify three features in this story that are characteristics of oral narratives	(3mks)			
d) i	Briefly explain the character traits of the following Hare	(4mks)			
ii	. Hyena	••••			

e)	Wh	at moral lesson do you learn from this story?	(2mks)
f)	Ide tak (2n	he narrative is	
g) i	•	u have been selected for a fieldwork research to collect the above item. Briefly explain two ways in which you would collect information on the (2mks)	
ii.		Identify two challenges you might encounter during the field work and would solve them.	state how you (2mks)
h)		en he started wondering "How does my friend remain fat and he doesn ill find out". (Re-write into indirect speech) nk)	't eat anything.
i)	 Des	scribe the irony in the fifth paragraph	(2mks)

4. **GRAMMAR (15MKS)**

a) Re	ewrite the following sentences according to the instructions given	(3mks)
i.	He will not be given a driving license. He passes the road test (Rewrite 'unless')	as one using
		••••••
ii.	The woman left the child with a neighbor and went to the market. (Begi	n: leaving)
		••••••
iii.	The boys went to play in the field (underline the adverbial)	
		••••••
b) Sı	upply the correct preposition to complete the sentences given.	(3mks)
i.	Property worth millions of shillings went upflames.	
ii.	The three boys shared the breadthemselves.	
iii.	We should strive to liveour means.	
•	se the correct form of the word in brackets to fill in the blank spaces in elow. (3mks)	the sentences
i.	The audience was offended by the(sense) of the s	peaker.
ii.	The(acquire) of a university degree is a great restudent.	nilestone to a
iii.	Everyone should obey the lawof their position in the	society.

d)	Use the correct alternative to complete the sentences below	(4mks)
i	i. Teaching(practice/practice) is not an easy job for t trainees.	eacher-
ii	i. The prophet's(prophesy/prophecy) was misleading to audience.) his
iii	i. He((insured/ensured) his car with Madison.	
iv	Mwita(hanged/hung) the chart on the wall.	
e)	Write the following sentences in indirect speech	(1mk)
	"These are juicy mangoes," Ken said.	
f)	You do not require to cheat to pass	(1mk)
	(Supply a suitable question tag).	

Paper 3

101/3 ENGLISH PAPER 3

TIME: 21/2 HRS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. Write your details in the spaces provided above.
- 2. Answer **three** questions only
- 3. Questions one and two are compulsory
- 4. In question three choose only one of the optional texts you have prepared on.
- 5. Where a candidate presents work on more than one optional text, only the first one to appear will be marked.
- 6. Each of your essays must **not** exceed **450** words.
- 7. Candidates should check to ascertain that no questions are missing.

1. IMAGINATIVE COMPOSITION (20MKS)

a) Write a composition ending with the following statement.

.....a final look at her made me realize that choices have consequences.

OR

b) Write a composition to illustrate the proverb, "once beaten twice shy".

2. COMPULSORY TEXT BLOSSOMS OF THE SAVANNAH H.R OLE KULET (20MKS)

Parenting should build an environment of trust and peace in a family. Write an essay that explores how this statement applies to the Ole Kaelo family in Blossoms of the Savannah

3. OPTIONAL SET BOOKS

a) Drama: David Mulwa: The Inheritance

Inheriting a top seat without merit only invites ridicule from subjects. Write an essay showing how satire has been used in <u>The Inheritance</u> by David Mulwa.

b) Short stories: Moran (ED) memories we lost.

Discuss the major issues highlighted by the writer in the story <u>window seat</u> by Benjamin Branoff.

c) John Steinbeck. The Pearl

The Pearl potrays humans as beings inherently greedy. Show the validity of this statement with reference to The Pearl.