121/2
MATHEMATICS
PAPER 2
DECEMBER, 2020
TIME: $2^{1 ⁄ 2} 2$ HOURS

## LANJET JOINT EVALUATION TEST 2020 <br> Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (K.C.S.E)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name and Admission number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
- This paper consists of two sections: Section I and Section II.
- Answer ALL questions in section 1 and ONLY FIVE questions from section II
- All answers and workings must be written on the question paper in the spaces provided below each question.
- Show all the steps in your calculation, giving your answer at each stage in the spaces below each question.
- Non - Programmable silent electronic calculators and KNEC mathematical tables may be used, except where stated otherwise.

FOR EXAMINERS USE ONLY
SECTION I

| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 6}$ | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SECTION II

| 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | TOTAL |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

GRAND TOTAL


This paper consists of 15 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all pages are printed as indicated and that no pages are missing.

## SECTION A: (50MARKS)

## Answer all questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. Use logarithms tables to evaluate.

$$
\sqrt[3]{\frac{36.72 \times(0.46)^{2}}{185.4}}
$$

2. If $A=2.3, B=8.7$ and $C=2.0$. Find the percentage error in calculating $\frac{A+B}{C}$
3. Given that $M=i-3 j+4 k, W=6 i+3 j-5 k$ and $Q=2 \mathrm{M}+5 \mathrm{~N}$, find the magnitude of Q to 3 significant figures.
4. Solve the following equation $2^{2 x+3}-2^{x+4}=17\left(2^{x}\right)-4$
5. If $\frac{1}{3-\sqrt{5}}-\frac{2+2 \sqrt{5}}{3+\sqrt{5}}=a+b \sqrt{c}$, find the value of $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c
6.Pipe A can fill an empty water tank in 3 hrs while Pipe B can fill the same tank in 6 hrs. When the tank is full it can be emptied by Pipe C in 8 hrs. Pipe A and B are opened at the same time when the tank is empty. If one hour later Pipe C is also opened, find the total time taken to fill the tank.
6. The figure below shows a circle center O , radius 10 cm . The chord $\mathrm{PQ}=16 \mathrm{~cm}$. Calculate the area of the unshaded region.

7. The mean weight of 36 students is 45 kg ; two of the students leave and the mean weight increases by 0.5 kg . If one of the students who left weighed 43 kg , find the weight of the other one.
8. Use the trapezium rule to estimate the area bounded by the curve $y+x^{2}=4$ and the lines $y$ $=0, x=-2$ and $x=2$ using four strips.
9. $4 x^{2}-10 x+4 y^{2}+12 y-1=0$ represents a circle centre $C(a, b)$ and of radius K. Find the values of $a, b$ and $K$.
10. Make $x$ the subject of the equation

$$
\frac{t}{s}=\frac{b}{\sqrt{x-4}}
$$

12. Use reciprocal, square and cube root tables to evaluate to 4 significant figures, the expression.
$\sqrt[3]{\frac{9}{0.03746}+0.6042^{2}}$
13. (a)Expand the expression $(1+1 / 2 x)^{5}$ in ascending powers of $x$, leaving the coefficients as fractions in their simplest form.
(b) Use the first three terms of the expansion in (a) above to estimate the value of $\left(1^{1} / 20\right)^{5}$.
14. In the diagram below, BT is a tangent to the circle at B . AXCT and BXD are straight lines. $\mathrm{AX}=6 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{CT}=8 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{BX}=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{XD}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$.


Find the length of BT.
15. Find x if $\operatorname{Cos} \mathrm{x}=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ for $-180^{\circ} \leq \mathrm{x} \leq 180^{\circ}$.
16. The following were recorded on a field note book by a surveyor. Taking the base line as 550 m . Find the area in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$.

|  |  | B <br> 550 <br> C | 150 | 120 | TO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E | A |  |  |  |  |
| E | 60 |  |  |  |  |
| 250 | 90 | T O | D |  |  |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| F |  |  |  |  |  |$|$|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

## SECTION II (50mrks)

## Attempt any FIVE questions from this section

17. Mr. Kobe is a civil servant who earns a monthly salary of Ksh. 21200. He has a house allowance of Ksh. 12000 per month, other taxable allowances are commuter Ksh. 1100, medical allowance Ksh. 2000. He is entitled to a personal relief of Ksh. 1240 per month.
Using the income rates below, solve the questions that follow.

| Income in Ksh. per month | Rates in Ksh per sh 20 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1-8,400$ | 2 |
| $8401-18,000$ | 3 |
| $18001-30,000$ | 4 |
| $30001-36,000$ | 5 |
| $36001-48,000$ | 6 |
| Above 48,000 | 7 |

Determine;
a) i) His monthly taxable income.
ii) Net tax (PAYE)
b) In addition to the PAYE, the following deductions were made. Ksh. 250 for NHIF, Ksh. 120 service charges, he repays a loan at sh. 4500 and contributes towards savings at sh. 1800 every month. Calculate his net salary per month.
18. The figure below is a square based pyramid ABCDV with $\mathrm{AD}=\mathrm{DC}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and height $\mathrm{V}=$ 10 cm

a) State the projection of VA on the base ABCD.
b) Find:
i) The length of VA
ii) The angle between VA and $A B C D$
iii) The angle between the planes VDC and ABCD
iv) Volume of the pyramid
19. a) Complete the table below for $\mathrm{y}=\sin 2 \mathrm{x}$ and $\mathrm{y}=\sin (2 \mathrm{x}+30)$ giving values to $2 \mathrm{~d} . \mathrm{p} .(2 \mathrm{mks})$

| X | 0 | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 | 165 | 180 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\operatorname{Sin} 2 \mathrm{x}$ | 0 |  |  |  | 0.87 |  |  |  | -0.87 |  |  |  | 0 |
| $\operatorname{Sin}(2 \mathrm{x}+30)$ | 0.5 |  |  |  | 0.5 |  |  |  | -1 |  |  |  | 0.5 |

b) Draw the graphs of $y=\sin 2 x$ and $y=\sin (2 x+30)$ on the axis.

c) Use the graph to solve $\sin (2 x+30)-\sin 2 x=0$
d) Determine the transformation which maps $\sin 2 x$ onto $\sin (2 x+30)$
e) State the period and amplitude of $y=\sin (2 x+30)$
20. In the figure below E is the midpoint of BC . AD : $\mathrm{DC} 3: 2$ and F is the meeting point of BD and AE.

a) If $\mathrm{AB}=\mathbf{b}$ and $\mathrm{AC}=\mathbf{c}$, find:
i) BD
ii) AE
b) If $\mathrm{BF}=t \mathrm{BD}$ and $\mathrm{AF}=n \mathrm{AE}$. Find the value of t and n .
c) State the ratio of BD to BF .
21. The position of two towns $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$ are given to the nearest degree as $\mathbf{X}\left(45^{0} \mathrm{~N}, 110^{0} \mathrm{~W}\right)$ and $\mathbf{Y}\left(45^{0} \mathrm{~N}, 70^{\circ} \mathrm{E}\right)$. Take $\pi=3.142, \mathbf{R}=6370 \mathrm{~km}$. Find:
(a) The distance between the two towns along the parallel of latitude in km .
(b) The distance between the towns along a parallel of latitude in nautical miles.
(3mks)
(c) A plane flew from $\mathbf{X}$ to $\mathbf{Y}$ taking the shortest distance possible. It took the plane 15hrs to move from $\mathbf{X}$ and $\mathbf{Y}$. Calculate its speed in Knots.
( 4 mks )
d) If the plane left town $\mathbf{X}$ on Monday 12:45PM. Find the local time it arrived at town $\mathbf{Y}$.
(3mks)
22. The $2^{\text {nd }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ terms of an arithmetic progression are 8 and 17 respectively. The $2^{\text {nd }}, 10^{\text {th }}$ and $42^{\text {nd }}$ terms of the A.P. form the first three terms of a geometric progression. Find (a) The $1^{\text {st }}$ term and the common difference.
(b) The first three terms of the G.P and the $10^{\text {th }}$ term of the G.P.
(c) The sum of the first 10 terms of the G.P.
23. The diagram below, not drawn to scale shows part of the curve $y=x^{2}+5$ and the line $y=8$ 2 x . The line intersects the curve at points C and D . Lines AC and BD are parallel to the y axis.

(a) Determine the coordinates of C and D.
(b) Use integration to calculate the area bounded by the curve and the x -axis between the points C and D .
(c) Calculate the area enclosed by the lines $\mathrm{CD}, \mathrm{CA}, \mathrm{BD}$ and the x -axis.
(d) Hence determine the area of the shaded region.
24. Using a ruler and pair of compasses only.
a) Construct triangle ABC in which $\mathrm{AB}=9 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{AC}=8 \mathrm{~cm}$ and angle $\mathrm{BAC}=60^{\circ}$. Measure BC
b) On the same side of AB as C , draw the locus of a point such that angle $\mathrm{APB}=60^{\circ}$ (3mks)
c) A region T is within the triangle ABC such that $\mathrm{AT}>4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and angle $\mathrm{ACT} \geq$ angle BCT. Show the region $T$ by shading it.

