

# JESMA EXAM 003

## CLASS 7 2021

For making schemes call Mr Machuki  
0795491185/0778626409.

*Comprises all the subjects.*

**ENGLISH**  
**SECTION A:**  
**LANGUAGE**

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

**HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET**

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**

**YOUR NAME**

**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**

6. By drawing a dark line inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1– 50, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only ONE of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

**Example**

**In the Question Booklet:**

*In question 16, select the BEST alternative to complete the blanks.*

16. The coach with the players \_\_\_\_\_ in the field.

- A. are
- B. have been
- C. is
- D. were

The correct answer is (C)

On the answer sheet:

6 A B C D    16 A B C D    26 A B C D    36 A B C D    46 A B C D

In the set of boxes numbered 16, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line MUST be within the box.
12. For each question ONLY ONE box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

**This question paper consists of 8 printed pages.**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.**

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 1 to 15. For each blank space, choose the **BEST** alternative from the choices given.

Our football team confidently jogged 1 the pitch, sure of 2 the opponents'. After all, we had won all the matches 3 them before. Immediately the referee blew the whistle, 4 began cheering 5. Our cheering squad was 6 all over the district. We had horns which we blew hard to 7 our opponents. In ten minutes' 8, the scores were 1-0 in favour of our opponents. Our coach became 9 we could see him pacing up and down. By half-time, our opponents had scored three goals, we 10 had none. 11, we continued cheering our team 12 the sound of the horn had become softer. The second half was not any 13. Three easy goals were scored into our goal. To add insults to 14, our opponents were awarded a penalty which 15 scored with ease.

- |                    |                 |                 |                |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. in           | B. into         | C. inside       | D. onto        |
| 2. A. winning      | B. scoring      | C. beating      | D. conquering  |
| 3. A. with         | B. against      | C. over         | D. of          |
| 4. A. we           | B. she          | C. he           | D. they        |
| 5. A. seriously    | B. loudly       | C. madly        | D. confidently |
| 6. A. popular      | B. famous       | C. known        | D. admired     |
| 7. A. intimidate   | B. scare        | C. frighten     | D. threaten    |
| 8. A. duration     | B. time         | C. period       | D. lapse       |
| 9. A. excited      | B. anxious      | C. scared       | D. threatened  |
| 10. A. already     | B. still        | C. even         | D. also        |
| 11. A. Furthermore | B. Nevertheless | C. Consequently | D. In addition |
| 12. A. if          | B. when         | C. although     | D. while       |
| 13. A. better      | B. good         | C. well         | D. best        |
| 14. A. defeat      | B. pain         | C. loss         | D. injury      |
| 15. A. she         | B. he           | C. they         | D. we          |

For questions 16 to 18, choose the **BEST** alternative to fill in the blank spaces.

16. In class, we should love \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. each one
- B. each other
- C. one another
- D. one and another

17. Did he object \_\_\_\_\_ my request?

- A. with
- B. in
- C. to
- D. on

18. All the family members \_\_\_\_\_ Jack were present.

- A. but
- B. not
- C. also
- D. or

For questions 19 to 21, choose the alternative that **BEST** completes the blank spaces.

19. Not only were the children hungry, \_\_\_\_\_ also tired.

- A. or
- B. but
- C. and
- D. even

20. We all love games \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. isn't it
- B. is it
- C. do we
- D. don't we

21. Musa is very lucky, I wish I \_\_\_\_\_ him.

- A. am
- B. were
- C. was
- D. could be

For questions 22 and 23, choose the word that is the **OPPOSITE** of the underlined word.

22. Hard work is always rewarded.

- A. prized
- B. punished
- C. gifted
- D. ignored

23. My aunt is quite a generous lady.

- A. mean
- B. kind
- C. good
- D. extravagant

For questions 24 and 25, choose the alternative that is **CORRECTLY** punctuated.

24. A. "Which car is theirs? he asked."

B. "Which car is their's? he asked."

C. "Which car is theirs?" he asked "

D. "Which car is theirs'?" he asked"

25. A. I asked her, "What are you doing now?"

B. "I asked her", What are you doing now?

C. I asked her? What are you doing now!

D. I asked her! "What are you doing now!"

Read the passage below and then answer questions 26 to 38.

The bank cashier had served her warmly, "Bye and have a nice weekend," the cashier said to Eunice as she later left the counter. "Thank you," Eunice said and left the counter.

She stepped out of the banking hall clutching her hand bag in which she had kept the four thousand shillings she had just withdrawn. Many questions crisscrossed her mind, making her too pre-occupied to see the security guard who waved her good bye.

Eunice Kavoi was still thinking about how she would manage with this little money. She remembered the many needs she had. She would need at least five times the money she had to meet half of her financial obligations.

As she waded through the masses of street walkers, Eunice noticed she had covered so much distance without knowing it. From time to time, she would collide with people going in the opposite direction head-on. "Sorry!" some would say after noticing her absent-mindedness. Then, she heard someone talk on a public address system. They were smartly dressed street preachers.

"Come to Jesus! Come the way you are! He has seen your problems. Come to Him and He is going to relieve you. For twenty years, you've been childless. This has caused you a lot of domestic trouble! You have spent all the money on doctors and traditional healers in vain. Let's pray together and your problems will end. He is the giver of gold and silver! He can multiply your money two-fold, or even ten times! Come!"

Eunice was taken aback. These must be prophets, otherwise, how could they know about my problems! She thought. Then she saw many people move forward; smartly dressed people. Ladies and gentlemen. The ladies had handbags like hers. She was sceptical at first. Could these be conmen? She wondered. Then she changed her mind and joined the congregation.

They all knelt down as the (preachers) prayed for them in turns. They (preachers) placed their hands on the believers' heads and prayed vigorously ordering the demons leave immediately.

Two 'prechers' finally descended on Eunice and prayed for her problems; barrenness and poverty. They told her to believe and all her problems would vanish. When the prayers were over, the congregation that now had become big, were given envelopes. Put any amount of money you want us to pray for in that envelope and place on this table. We are going to pray and the Lord is going to perform a miracle!" the 'preacher' announced as he led in a chorus. Eunice thought fast. She took an envelope from a nearby usher, put her four thousand shillings in, sealed and placed it on the table. She did it in a hurry to ensure she was not left out of the money-multiplying prayer.

"Father, here's the money from your faithful servants. Multiply it. As you multiplied the fish and bread. Multiply it! Ten times, twenty time! Hundred times! In your name;.....Amen!" The preacher concluded his prayer.

Everyone was given back their envelopes. Many of the envelopes had grown bigger. Eunice was among the biggest. She walked forward and thanked the preacher. "Walk up to that stream, wash your face and then open your envelope if there are no people watching you. Or else go to a safe place and count your money! the preacher instructed.

Eunice's face beamed with joy. She washed her face and looked around. There were people around; she then walked straight to her favourite hotel. She sat down and ordered for her favourite meal- rice and chicken. She enjoyed the sumptuous meal then opened her handbag and fished out the bulging envelope. She confidently unsealed it. Inside the envelope was a neatly arranged stack of

of papers staring at her.

Like a mad woman, she shot out of the hotel screaming "They have stolen my money! Wooo!" she screamed as she picked her bag and ran towards the exit. Something pricked the envelope as she ran out. Pieces of neatly cut newspapers littered the place.

26. From the passage, it is **TRUE** that the bank workers were
- A. honest                      B. courteous  
C. careful                      D. kind
27. Which of the following statement is **TRUE** about Eunice as she walked out of the banking hall? She
- A. saw the security guard but ignored them.  
B. saw people looking at her handbag.  
C. was too worried about her problems to see the security guard.  
D. was thinking about her handbag.
28. How much money did Eunice require to fully meet all her financial needs?
- A. Ksh.40,000                      B. Ksh.20,000  
C. Ksh.8,000                      D. Ksh.4,000
29. Why do you think the preachers mentioned Eunice's problems? To
- A. help her.                      B. trap her.  
C. convince her.                      D. confuse her.
30. The word 'sceptical' as used in the passage means
- A. doubtful                      B. sure  
C. scared                      D. careful
31. From the passage, it can be concluded that
- A. the preachers could perform miracles.  
B. money can be multiplied.  
C. some of the money actually multiplied.  
D. the preacher had some information about Eunice.
32. The instructions that Eunice goes to wash her face indicate that
- A. she was holy.  
B. she was sceptical.  
C. the miracle was real.  
D. the preachers wanted her to leave the scene.
33. As Eunice walked into the hotel, she must have felt
- A. confident                      B. unsure  
C. doubtful                      D. confused
34. Eunice's face beamed with joy because she
- A. had washed it.  
B. thought she had a lot of money.  
C. was about to eat a sumptuous meal.  
D. was going to her favourite hotel.
35. After leaving the hotel, Eunice is **LIKELY** to have gone
- A. back to the bank.  
B. back to her house.  
C. to look for the preacher.  
D. to roam the streets.
36. Which of the following represents the **CORRECT** order of events at the hotel?
- A. Ordering, eating, opening handbag, running out, screaming.  
B. Eating, screaming, running out, opening handbag, ordering.  
C. Eating, opening handbag, ordering, running out, screaming.  
D. Ordering, eating, opening handbag, screaming, running out.
37. Eunice can be described as desperate
- A. and suspicious.  
B. but cautious.  
C. but wise.  
D. and glib.
38. Which of the following **BEST** summarises the story?
- A. Every dog has its day.  
B. He who prays prospers.  
C. Necessity is the mother of invention.  
D. All that glitters is not gold.

39. Crime is a "persistent social ill" means it is
- dangerous
  - stubborn
  - disturbing
  - recurring
40. According to the first paragraph
- people do not go about their day-to-day activities.
  - millions of shillings are stolen each day.
  - life and property are affected by crime.
  - each day, there are reports of people feeling unsafe.
41. "Soft crimes" according to the passage are those that
- involve little use of force.
  - are totally harmless.
  - involve trusted people.
  - must be planned carefully.
42. The term "colossal" as used in the passage can be replaced with
- many
  - high
  - huge
  - much
43. Why do you think people can get away with money undetected? They
- are often trusted with the money.
  - normally walk away silently.
  - disappear into thin air.
  - are involved in 'soft crimes,
44. The phrase "a pain in the neck" as used in the passage means a problem that
- cannot be solved.
  - affects everybody.
  - is very disturbing
  - must be solved.
45. Which of the following is **NOT** a measure taken by the government to fight crime?
- Increasing the number of police officers.
  - Buying more complicated weapons.
  - Spending more money on security matters.
  - Asking people to be more careful.
46. According to the writer, young people in educational institutions should
- earn their living in an honest manner.
  - be encouraged to stop crime.
  - interact with good people only.
  - learn about the dangers of crime.
47. An idle person
- is the devil's workshop.
  - can be a refugee.
  - is a criminal.
  - can plan criminal activities.
48. The government can reduce idleness by
- reducing criminal activities.
  - creating a good environment.
  - encouraging people to create jobs.
  - keeping idle minds busy.
49. Which of the following statements is **NOT TRUE** according to the last paragraph? We
- have to arm ourselves against crime.
  - need to be careful all the time.
  - must be wary of suspicious looking people.
  - should not show off our property unnecessarily.
50. Which of the following is the **BEST** title for this passage?
- Crime in the society.
  - Criminals in the society.
  - Crime does not pay.
  - Fighting crime.

## MATHEMATICS

Time: 2 hours

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**Example**

**In the question booklet:**

14. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 11?

- A. 45871
- B. 14 850
- C. 2 5489
- D. 32 558

The correct answer is **B** (41 850)

On the answer sheet

4 | A | B | C | D |    14 | A | B | C | D |    24 | A | B | C | D |    34 | A | B | C | D |    44 | A | B | C | D |

In the set of boxes numbered 14, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST BE** within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

**This question paper consists of 7 printed pages**

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1. What is ninety million, nine thousand, nine hundred and nine in symbols?  
 A. 9 009 909  
 B. 90 090 909  
 C. 90 009 909  
 D. 90 009 990
2. What is 5 800 768 rounded off to the nearest thousands?  
 A. 6 000 000  
 B. 5 800 800  
 C. 5 800 000  
 D. 5 801 000
3. How many groups of hundreds are there in the total value of digit 7 in the number 1 578 426?  
 A. 700  
 B. 7 000  
 C. 70 000  
 D. 70
4. What is the difference of the LCM and GCD of the number 18, 24 and 36?  
 A. 78  
 B. 66  
 C. 432  
 D. 12
5. The area of a square plot of land is  $1\,296\text{m}^2$ . If the plot is fenced with two strands of wire, calculate the length of the wire required?  
 A. 36m  
 B. 72m  
 C. 144m  
 D. 288m
6. What is the place value of digit 4 in the product of 386 and 29?  
 A. Ones.  
 B. Tens.  
 C. Hundreds.  
 D. Thousands.
7. A baby woke up at 6.30am after sleeping for 8hrs 45 minutes. At what time in am/pm did the baby sleep?  
 A. 9.45am  
 B. 8.45am  
 C. 9.45pm  
 D. 8.45pm
8. Which of the following properties is **TRUE** about Rhombus?  
 A. Diagonals bisect each other at  $90^\circ$ .  
 B. The sum of interior angle adds up to  $180^\circ$ .  
 C. Has one pair of parallel lines.  
 D. Diagonals are equal.
9. What is  $\sqrt{1\frac{13}{36}}$  ?  
 A.  $1\frac{1}{8}$   
 B.  $1\frac{1}{9}$   
 C.  $1\frac{1}{7}$   
 D.  $1\frac{1}{6}$
10. What is the value of  $22 \div 8$  correct to one decimal places?  
 A. 3.0  
 B. 2.8  
 C. 2.75  
 D. 2.6
11. What is the smallest number which must be added to 137 981 to make it divisible by 11?  
 A. 1  
 B. 2  
 C. 3  
 D. 4
12. A farmer sold 360 oranges in piles of twelve at sh. 7.50 per pile. How much money did he get the sales of oranges?  
 A. Sh. 225.00  
 B. Sh. 375.00  
 C. Sh. 2 700.00  
 D. Sh. 1 200.00
13. What is the product of the next two numbers in the pattern below  
 2, 5, 11, 20, \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. 32  
 B. 47  
 C. 1 308  
 D. 1 504

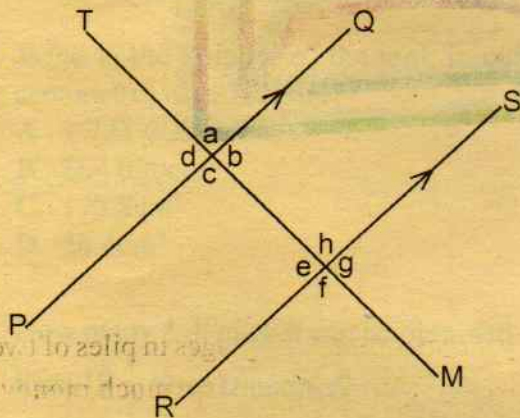
14. Otieno packed  $32\frac{1}{2}$  kg of sugar into  $2\frac{1}{2}$  kg packets. How many packets did he get?
- A. 18  
B. 13  
C. 21  
D. 51

15. What is the value of:

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 8 \div \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{4} ?$$

- A.  $16\frac{3}{8}$       B.  $24\frac{1}{2}$   
C.  $20\frac{1}{4}$       D.  $12\frac{1}{3}$

16. In the figure below; line PQ is parallel to RS and TM is a transversal line.

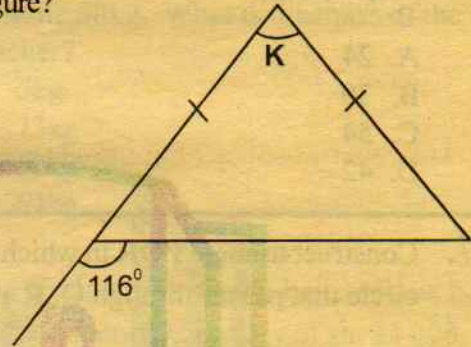


Which of the following statement is **TRUE**?

- A. Angle **b** and **h** (co-interior angles)  
B. Angle **a** and **g** (corresponding angles)  
C. Angle **d** and **e** (alternate angles)  
D. Angle **c** and **h** (vertically opposite angles)
17. Simplify  $2(3x + 2y) + 3(4x - 3y)$
- A.  $18x + 13y$   
B.  $18x - 3y$   
C.  $18x + 5y$   
D.  $18x - 5y$

18. What is the value of:  
 $6(3b + 4a) + 2(2a - b)$   
If **a** = 2 and **b** = 3?
- A. 88  
B. 104  
C. 122  
D. 118

19. Find the value of angle marked **K** in the figure?



- A.  $66^\circ$   
B.  $64^\circ$   
C.  $52^\circ$   
D.  $48^\circ$

20. Boniface bought **b** kg of sugar at sh. 80 per kg and  $(b + 6)$ kg of rice at sh. 50 per kg. What was the total cost of sugar and rice?
- A. Sh.  $(80b + 130)$   
B. Sh.  $(50b + 300)$   
C. Sh.  $(130b - 300)$   
D. Sh.  $(130b + 300)$

21. Which one of the following quadrilateral has only one pair of parallel line?
- A. Trapezium.  
B. Parallelogram.  
C. Rhombus.  
D. Rectangle.

22. A triangle has a base length of  $5\frac{1}{4}$  cm and a perpendicular height of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  cm. Calculate the area of the triangle?

- A.  $6\frac{1}{9}$  cm<sup>2</sup>      B.  $6\frac{9}{16}$  cm<sup>2</sup>  
C.  $6\frac{3}{8}$  cm<sup>2</sup>      D.  $6\frac{3}{4}$  cm<sup>2</sup>

23. A school bus ferried 765 pupils to an environmental awareness meeting. If it carried 72 pupils per trip, how many trip did it make?
- A. 10                      B. 12  
C. 9                         D. 11

24. What is the value of  $x$  in the equation

$$\frac{2}{3}x - 8 = 28$$

- A. 24  
B. 30  
C. 54  
D. 42

25. Simplify the inequality.

$$8y - 8 > 10 + 2y$$

- A.  $y > 3$                       B.  $y > \frac{1}{5}$   
C.  $y < 3$                       D.  $y < \frac{1}{5}$

26. Which of the following measurement will form a right angled triangle?

- A. 8cm, 24cm, 25cm  
B. 5cm, 12cm, 13cm  
C. 2cm, 3cm, 4cm  
D. 7cm, 15cm, 17cm

27. Construct triangle  $PQR$  in which  $PQ = 8\text{cm}$ ,  $QR$  is 6cm and angle  $PQR$  is a right angle. Draw a circle that passes through  $Q$ ,  $R$  and  $P$ . Measure the radius.

- A. 5.1cm  
B. 3.6cm  
C. 4.2cm  
D. 6.5cm

28. Ouma bought 25 plates. The first five plates she bought at sh.  $y$  each and the rest at sh.  $(y - 5)$ . If the total cost was sh. 1,225, find the value of  $y$ ?

- A. Sh. 35  
B. Sh. 48  
C. Sh. 58  
D. Sh. 53

29. What is reciprocal of  $5\frac{1}{2}$

- A.  $\frac{11}{2}$                       B.  $\frac{2}{11}$   
C.  $2\frac{1}{5}$                       D.  $1\frac{2}{5}$

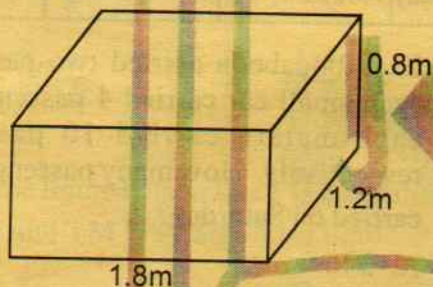
30. Convert  $\frac{13}{10000}$  into a decimal?

- A. 0.000013
- B. 0.00013
- C. 0.0013
- D. 0.013

31. Earnest earns sh. 18 000 per month. He spends 60% of his salary and saves the rest. How much does he save?

- A. Sh. 10 800
- B. Sh. 12 000
- C. Sh. 10 000
- D. Sh. 7 200

32. The diagram below is a rectangular tank.



What is the volume of the tank in cubic centimetres when half full?

- A. 1 728 000cm<sup>3</sup>
- B. 864 000cm<sup>3</sup>
- C. 172.8cm<sup>3</sup>
- D. 86.4cm<sup>3</sup>

33. How many 5 dl packet can be obtained from  $10\frac{1}{2}$  litres container?

- A. 11
- B. 10
- C. 21
- D. 20

34. What is the value of

	T	kg	g
	3	25	325
×			4

- A. 13T 21kg 300g
- B. 13T 102kg 300g
- C. 13T 210kg 300g
- D. 12T 102kg 300g

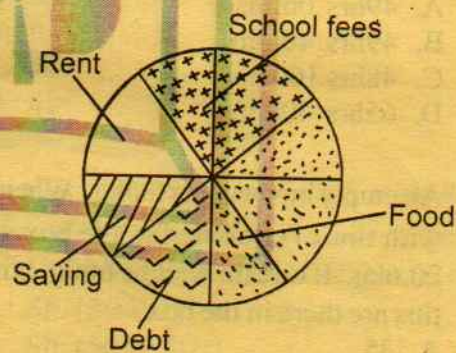
35. Stacy bought two hen at sh. 200 each. She later sold them at sh. 250 each. How much profit did he make?

- A. Sh. 400.00
- B. Sh. 300.00
- C. Sh. 500.00
- D. Sh. 100.00

36. The mean mass of 5 boys was 55kg. When their teacher added the mean became 58kg. What is the mass of the teacher?

- A. 5kg
- B. 73kg
- C. 50kg
- D. 64kg

37. The circle graph drawn below show how Patrick spends his salary of sh. 24 000.



How much more does he spend on food than on saving?

- A. Sh. 12 000
- B. Sh. 3 000
- C. Sh. 6 000
- D. Sh. 9 000

38. A trader bought 60kg of watermelon for sh. 2 000. Twenty kilograms of watermelon went bad during storage. He sold the remaining watermelon at sh. 40.00 per kg. What was the percentage loss incurred?

- A. 20%
- B. 30%
- C. 25%
- D. 16%

39. A path 18.6m long was drawn to the scale of 1cm represents 3m. What was its length on the scale drawing?

- A. 3.1cm
- B. 4.1cm
- C. 9.2cm
- D. 6.2cm

40. A class has 24 girls and 16 boys. During sports day  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the girls and  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the boys participated. How many pupils did not participate in sports?

- A. 33
- B. 21
- C. 7
- D. 16

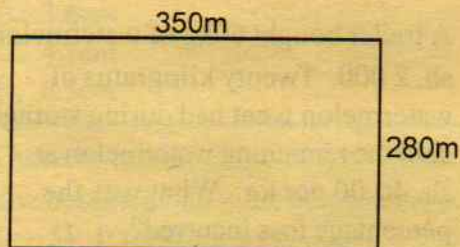
41. Multiply 12hrs 25min by 4.

- A. 49hrs 0mins
- B. 49hrs 40min
- C. 48hrs 100min
- D. 65hrs 40mins

42. An empty box weighs 5.6kg. When packed with tins of cooking fat, the box weighed 20.6kg. If one tin weighs 600g, how many tins are there in the box?

- A. 35
- B. 45
- C. 25
- D. 15

43. The diagram below is a rectangular plot of Mr. Maimuna.



What is the area of the plot in hectares?

- A. 9.8ha
- B. 98ha
- C. 980ha
- D. 9 800ha

44. Which one of the following is TRUE about a closed cuboid?

	Faces	Vertices	Edges
A.	5	12	8
B.	12	8	6
C.	8	6	12
D.	6	8	12

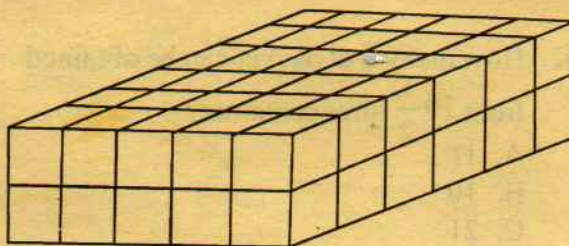
45. The table below shows the type of vehicles and the number of trips made by each vehicle on certain days.

	No. of trips by bodaboda	No. of trips by small cars	No. of trips by matatu
Friday	85	64	18
Saturday	74	72	12

Each bodaboda carried two passengers, each small car carried 4 passengers and each matatu carried 10 passengers respectively. How many passengers were carried on Saturday?

- A. 346
- B. 556
- C. 636
- D. 426

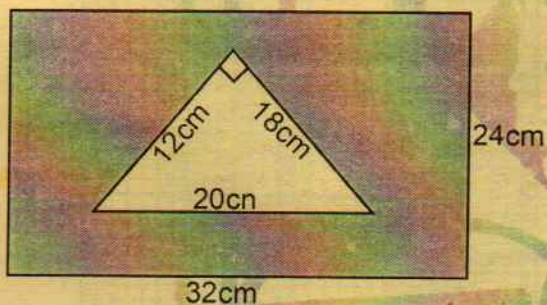
46. The diagram below is a stack of cubes.



How many cubes are they?

- A. 1.05pm
- B. 2.05pm
- C. 1205hrs
- D. 1305hrs

47. Kaari left her home at 10.00am for a journey of 216km. if she reached her destination at 1.00pm, what was her speed in m/s?
- A. 20m/s  
B. 15m/s  
C. 120m/s  
D. 150m/s
48. What is the supplementary of angle  $60^\circ$ ?
- A.  $300^\circ$   
B.  $30^\circ$   
C.  $120^\circ$   
D.  $150^\circ$
49. What is the area of the shaded region in the figure below?



- A.  $768\text{cm}^2$   
B.  $660\text{cm}^2$   
C.  $588\text{cm}^2$   
D.  $648\text{cm}^2$

**SOCIAL STUDIES  
AND  
RELIGIOUS EDUCATION**

**Time: 2 hours 15 minutes**

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 90 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the ANSWER SHEET, not in the question booklet.

**HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET**

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:  
**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**  
**YOUR NAME**  
**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**
6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.
8. Keep your answer sheet as clean as possible and do not fold it.
9. For each of the questions 1 - 90, four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C and D. In each case only **ONE** of the four answers is correct. Choose the correct answer.
10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

**Example**

**In the question booklet:**

**33.** Which one of the following is an economic right?

- A. Right to life.
- B. Right to work.
- C. Right to education
- D. Right to privacy.

The correct answer is B (Right to work.)

**On the answer sheet:**

**3** | A | B | C | D |    **13** | A | B | C | D |    **23** | A | B | C | D |    **33** | A | B | C | D |    **43** | A | B | C | D |

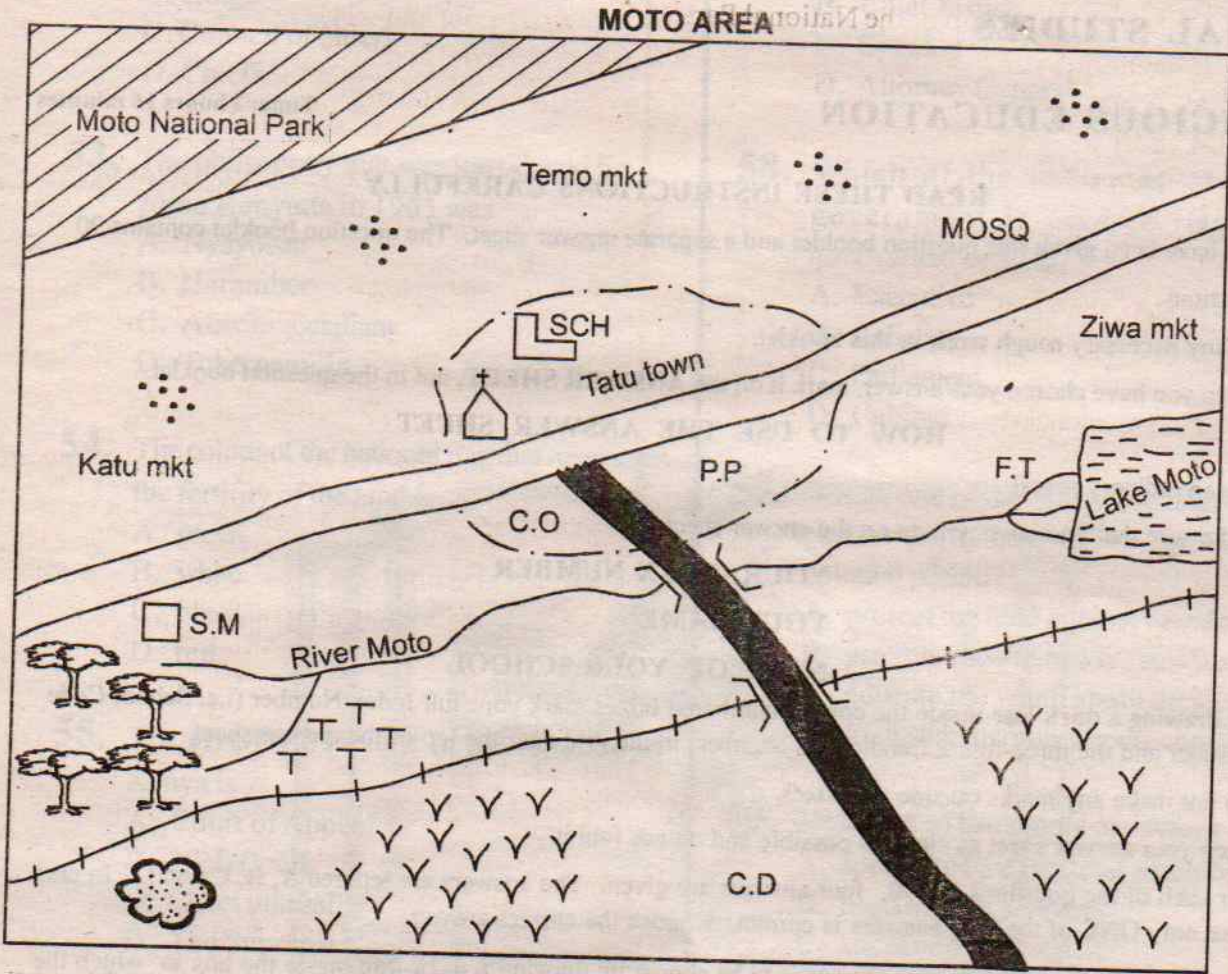
In the set of boxes numbered 33, the box with the letter B printed in it is marked.

11. Your **dark line** **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

**This question paper consists of 12 printed pages**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing**

# PART I: SOCIAL STUDIES



SCALE: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 KM

## KEY

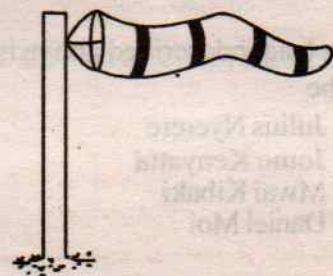
	Murram road	<b>S.M</b>	Saw mill
	Tarmac road	<b>C.O</b>	County's office
	Railway line	<b>P.P</b>	Police post
	Quarry	<b>SCH</b>	School
<b>C.D</b>	Cattle dip		Church
	Tea	<b>MOSQ</b>	Mosque
	Grass		Settlement
<b>F.T</b>	Fishing trap		



Study the map of Moto area below and use it to answer questions 1 to 7

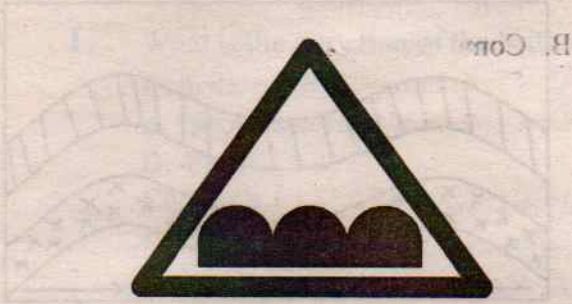
1. What is the direction of the National Park from the quarry?
  - A. South
  - B. East
  - C. North
  - D. West
2. **MOST** people of Tatu town are
  - A. Christians
  - B. Pagans
  - C. Traditionalists
  - D. Muslims
3. The railwayline in Moto area is **MOST** likely used to transport
  - A. people
  - B. timber
  - C. grass
  - D. stones
4. The **MAIN** economic activity in Moto area is
  - A. farming
  - B. trading
  - C. fishing
  - D. sawmilling
5. The settlement pattern found in Moto area is
  - A. dense
  - B. linear
  - C. clustered
  - D. sparse
6. Which one of the following evidence in the map shows that tourism is taking place? Presence of
  - A. a national park
  - B. fishing traps
  - C. a lake
  - D. a quarry

7. The climate experienced on the South West part of Moto area is **LIKELY** to be
  - A. hot and wet
  - B. cool and wet
  - C. cool and dry
  - D. hot and dry
8. Ngoni and Nyamwezi are bantus in
  - A. Uganda
  - B. Angola
  - C. Zimbabwe
  - D. Tanzania
9. Which one of the following is the responsibility of the deputy headteacher in a public school?
  - A. Writing minutes during committee meetings.
  - B. Admitting new pupils.
  - C. Writing minutes during the staff meeting.
  - D. Being incharge of other subordinate staffs.
10. The **MAIN** reason for the migration of Cushites from Horn of Africa was to
  - A. reduce population pressure.
  - B. search for fertile land.
  - C. escape from external attacks.
  - D. search for water and pastures.
11. The weather instrument below is used to measure
  - A. speed of wind.
  - B. direction of wind.
  - C. temperature
  - D. humidity



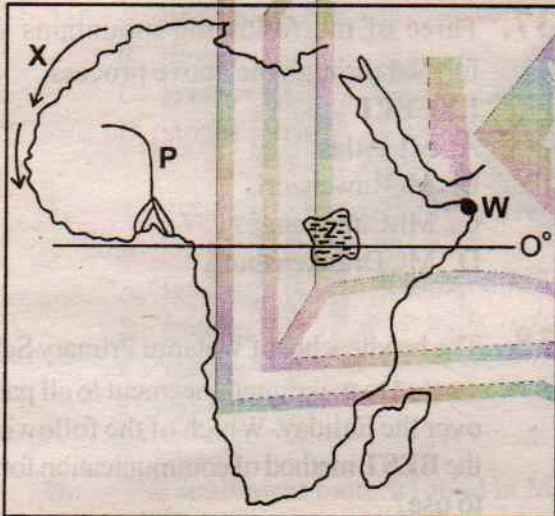
12. People who were born almost the same time but initiated together formed
- age-group
  - clan
  - age-set
  - community
13. Sea breeze occurs during the
- afternoon
  - day
  - evening
  - night
14. The following factors affect climate of a place **EXCEPT**
- climate
  - latitude
  - distance from the sea
  - longitude
15. The **MAIN** problem facing tourism in Eastern Africa is
- poaching.
  - lack of proper accommodation.
  - lack of security.
  - poor state of roads leading to national parks.
16. Below are description about a prominent leader in Eastern Africa
- He was born in 1924.
  - He trained as a teacher.
  - He retired from politics in 2002.
  - He died in 2020.
- The leader described above is **LIKELY** to be
- Julius Nyerere
  - Jomo Kenyatta
  - Mwai Kibaki
  - Daniel Moi
17. Which one of the following factors does **NOT** promote peace in the society?
- Cattle rustling.
  - Equal distribution of resources.
  - Games and sports.
  - Freedom of religion.
18. Three of the following are types of marriage systems in Kenya **EXCEPT**
- Religious marriage
  - Come-we-stay marriage
  - Civil marriage
  - Customary marriage
19. 12th December is celebrated in Kenya to remember when
- Kenya's Freedom Fighters were arrested.
  - Kenya attain her self-internal government.
  - Kenya became a republic.
  - Kenyatta became a Prime Minister.
20. The following are conditions necessary for the growth of a certain crop.
- Requires high rainfall of over 2000mm
  - Requires low temperature.
  - Requires slightly acidic fertile soils.
  - Requires red-earth soil.
- The conditions listed above are necessary for the growth of
- coffee
  - tea
  - pyrethrum
  - cocoa
21. Which one of the following is **TRUE** about Masaku of the Akamba? He
- was a collaborator.
  - gave out his land for the British administrators.
  - a religious leader.
  - a long distance trader.
22. The sun is overhead the tropical of Cancer and Capricorn in the months of \_\_\_ and \_\_\_ **RESPECTIVELY.**
- June and December
  - March and September
  - December and June
  - September and June

23. The road sign below instructs the driver about



- A. road closed
- B. danger ahead
- C. no entry
- D. bumps ahead

Use the map of Africa to answer questions 24 to 28.



24. The lake marked Z was formed through
- A. volcanicity
  - B. movement of ice
  - C. downwarping
  - D. faulting and sinking
25. Three of the following countries are crossed by the line marked O° EXCEPT
- A. Tanzania
  - B. D.R.C
  - C. Uganda
  - D. Somalia

26. The river marked P is

- A. Uvanza
- B. Niger
- C. Benue
- D. Congo

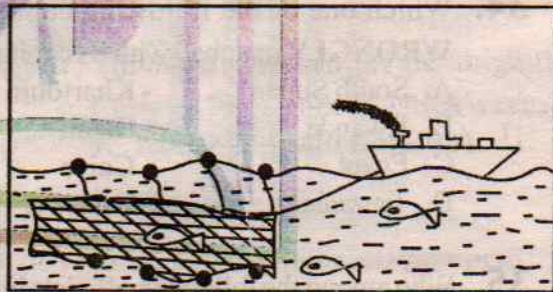
27. The MOST easterly point marked W is called Cape

- A. Boni
- B. Verde
- C. Angulhas
- D. Guardafui

28. The ocean current marked X is

- A. Canary cold current
- B. Benguela cold current
- C. Somali warm current
- D. Mozambique warm current

29. The fishing method shown below is known as



- A. purse seining
- B. trawling
- C. net drifting
- D. long lining

30. The MOST slowest means of transport on land is

- A. railway
- B. road
- C. water
- D. air

31. The following are collaborators in Eastern Africa EXCEPT

- A. Kabaka Mutesa I
- B. Karuri wa Gakure
- C. Kabaka Mwanga
- D. Leibon Lenana

32. Below are characteristics of a climatic region in Africa
- (i) Temperature is high throughout the year.
  - (ii) High rainfall.
  - (iii) The region receives double maxima of rainfall.
  - (iv) Small diurnal range of temperature.

The climatic zone above is **LIKELY** to be

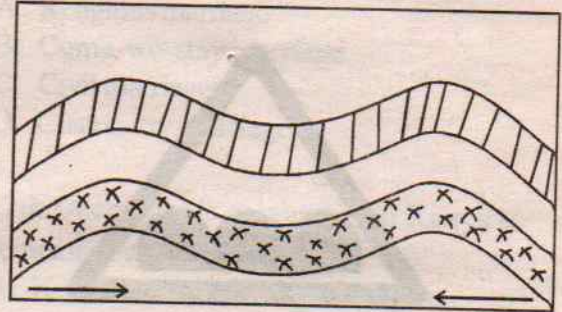
- A. Tropical Climate Zone
  - B. Mediterranean Climate Zone
  - C. Savannah Climatic Zone
  - D. Equatorial Climatic Zone
33. Three of the following are tarn or corrie lakes **EXCEPT**
- A. Hanging
  - B. Itasy
  - C. Michelson
  - D. Speke

34. Which one of the following countries is **WRONGLY** matched with its capital city?

- A. South Sudan - Khartoum
- B. Rwanda - Kigali
- C. Egypt - Cairo
- D. Tanzania - Dodoma

35. Who among the following officials in Buganda Kingdom was the Prime Minister?
- A. Katikiro
  - B. Omulamuzi
  - C. Omwanika
  - D. Kokoma

Use the diagram below to answer questions 36 and 37.



36. The above diagram shows the formation of

- A. Block mountain
- B. Volcanic Mountain
- C. Rift Valley
- D. Fold mountain

37. Three of the following mountains were formed through the above process **EXCEPT**

- A. Mt. Atlas
- B. Mt. Ruwenzoris
- C. Mt. Cape ranges
- D. Mt. Drakensburg

38. The headteacher of Watamu Primary School wanted to make announcement to all parents over the holiday. Which of the following is the **BEST** method of communication for him to use?

- A. Sending a messenger.
- B. Use of smoke.
- C. Use of a radio.
- D. Use of internet.

39. The **MAIN** problem facing beef farming in Miombo woodland is

- A. lack of pastures and water.
- B. presence of tsetse flies.
- C. diseases
- D. prolonged drought

40. The **MAIN** commodity transported using cables in Kenya is
- electricity
  - water
  - petroleum
  - heavy machines
41. Which one of the following countries is **NOT** a member state of East African Community (EAC)?
- Uganda
  - Rwanda
  - Burundi
  - Sudan
42. The **MOST** expensive method of rearing poultry in Kenya is
- free-range system
  - battery system
  - deep litter system
  - fold system
43. A child eight years or below whose parents and nationality is **NOT** known becomes a Kenyan citizen through
- registration
  - dual
  - birth
  - naturalization
44. Which one of the following industries is the **ODD** one out?
- Tourism
  - Leather making
  - Transport and communication
  - Hair dressing
45. The **SMALLEST** relief region in Kenya is
- Lake Victoria basin
  - Rift Valley
  - Highlands
  - Coastal plains
46. The **MAIN** problem facing marine fishing in Kenya is
- presence of water hyacinth.
  - water pollution from industries.
  - lack of market.
  - lack of funds to buy modern fishing equipment.
47. Which one of the following minerals is **CORRECTLY** matched with its method of mining in Kenya?
- Flourspar - Panning
  - Soda ash - Dredging
  - Stones - Adit
  - Limestone - Stripping
48. Which one of the following is the **BEST** place to cross a busy road?
- Zebra crossing
  - Near traffic police
  - Foot bridge
  - Round about
49. The following are hardwood trees **EXCEPT**
- Camphor
  - Pine
  - Meru oak
  - Elgon teak
50. The revolution of the earth causes
- the four different seasons.
  - day and night.
  - difference in the length of the day and night.
  - the three different seasons.
51. Which one of the following is the **MAIN** function of Nairobi town? It is
- an education centre.
  - an industrial centre.
  - a transport centre.
  - an administrative centre

52. Before the coming of the colonialists the Ameru were ruled by
- Emperors
  - Kings
  - Council of elders
  - Chiefs
53. The philosophy that was introduced by Jomo Kenyatta in 1963 was
- Nyayoism
  - Harambee
  - African socialism
  - Tuko pamoja
54. The colour of the national flag that represents the fertility of the land is
- green
  - white
  - black
  - red
55. The **HIGHEST** court in the republic of Kenya is
- Court of Appeal
  - High Court
  - Court martial
  - The Supreme Court
56. The twelve nominated members of the National Assembly are nominated by
- President
  - The Attorney General
  - Political parties
  - Speaker
57. The chief legal advisor of the government and the president of Kenya is
- Chief whip
  - Chief Justice
  - Speaker
  - Attorney General
58. Which of the following arm of the government is used to implements government policies?
- Executive
  - Judiciary
  - Parliament
  - Cabinet
59. Which one of the following functions was performed by clan elders during the pre-colonial period?
- protect the land against invaders.
  - provide food to needy families.
  - educate the youth about their culture.
  - treat sick members in the community.
60. Members of the senate are sworn in by
- speaker of the national assembly.
  - head of civil servants.
  - speaker of the senate
  - chief registrar of the judiciary.

**JESMA APRIL HOLIDAY HOMEWORK BOOKLETS WILL BE AVAILABLE IN ALL LEADING BOOKSHOPS BY 10<sup>TH</sup> MARCH , 2020. DON'T MISS!!**

## PART II: RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

### SECTION A

#### CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

61. Which one of the following was a result of the disobedience of human beings in the garden of Eden? They were to
- multiply and fill the earth.
  - face death.
  - become old.
  - cultivate the land.
62. God punished the people during the time of Noah by sending
- flood
  - fire
  - wind
  - earthquake
63. When Moses was called by God he was living in
- Haran
  - Judea
  - Midian
  - Egypt
64. Joseph was able to overcome the temptations from the wife of Potiphar because he
- was hardworking.
  - respected Potiphar.
  - was strong physically.
  - believed in God.
65. The following are promises made to Abraham by God EXCEPT one. Which one is it?
- He would die at an old age in peace.
  - He would be a father of many nations.
  - He would have an heir.
  - His descendants would be rescued from the bondage of slavery.
66. Who among the following people disobeyed the commandment, "Do not commit murder".
- Noah and Abel
  - Isaac and Laban
  - Cain and Ahab
  - Ahab and Naboth
67. During the sealing of the Sinai covenant, what did Moses use?
- Water
  - Blood
  - Fire
  - Traditional herbs
68. The rich woman of Shunem welcomed Elisha into her house by
- giving him water to drink.
  - washing his feet.
  - anointing him with expensive oil.
  - giving him a room to stay.
69. During the time of Lot, God punished people of Sodom and Gomorrah for their wickedness by sending
- drought
  - floods
  - sulphur rain fire
  - plague
70. The second King of Israel was anointed by
- Zadok
  - Nathan
  - Samuel
  - Elijah
71. In Acts 18:24, Priscilla and Aquila worked for God by explaining the Christian Faith to
- Timothy
  - Apollos
  - Silas
  - Paul
72. Jesus prayed in \_\_\_\_\_ before His arrest.
- the garden of Gethsamane
  - the garden of Eden
  - river Jordan
  - the garden of Jerusalem.
73. Which of the following events did NOT happen while Jesus was on the cross?
- The saints were raised.
  - Darkness covered the land for three hours.
  - Jesus was given vinegar.
  - The earth was filled with water.
74. Which of the following BEST describes the characteristics of the new covenant as prophesied by Jeremiah?
- It will be written in people's hearts.
  - All people will be punished for sins fo their friends.
  - God will forgive their sins but keep on remembering them.
  - It will be written on stone tablets.

75. "He descended into hell, on the third day, He rose again from the dead" Who does this phrase refer to?  
 A. Elijah  
 B. Satan  
 C. Moses  
 D. Jesus
76. The MAIN reason why Peter denied Jesus is because he  
 A. was afraid of the crowd.  
 B. was shocked by events.  
 C. lacked faith in him.  
 D. was disappointed with his actions.
77. The preparation to receive a great man like Jesus either through birth or physical appearance is called  
 A. Christmas  
 B. Advent  
 C. Easter  
 D. Triumphant entry
78. Which of the following parables teaches that we should persist in prayer, the parable of the  
 A. Good Samaritan.  
 B. Mustard seed.  
 C. Widow and the Judge.  
 D. Thief at midnight.
79. Who among the following was NOT among the seven deacons?  
 A. Nicolas  
 B. Prochorus  
 C. Saul  
 D. Philip
80. Three of the following are abilities that David had EXCEPT  
 A. playing music.  
 B. killing innocent people.  
 C. being a good speaker.  
 D. fighting well as a soldier.
81. Which fruit of the Holy Spirit does a person who is calm and non-violent has?  
 A. Gentleness  
 B. Love  
 C. Kindness  
 D. Goodness
82. Which one of the following books narrates the work of the Apostles?  
 A. Law books  
 B. Historical books  
 C. Epistles  
 D. Gospels
83. Which one of the following is NOT a Christian living value  
 A. kindness  
 B. love  
 C. honesty  
 D. lust
84. The BEST use of leisure by a Christian is to  
 A. visit prisoners and share the word of God.  
 B. read the bible.  
 C. sing in a choir.  
 D. visit friends.
85. A COMMON practice in both Christianity and the Traditional African Religion is  
 A. reading the bible.  
 B. sacrifices  
 C. confession of sins.  
 D. baptism.
86. How did Noah misuse his leisure? By  
 A. building the Ark.  
 B. cultivating a vineyard.  
 C. sleeping.  
 D. getting drunk.
87. Mercy a standard seven pupil want to get married during the December holiday. As a Christian mercy should  
 A. complete school first and get married as an adult.  
 B. tell her former class teacher.  
 C. tell her parents to allow her get married.  
 D. accept to get married.
88. As a Christian, the BEST advice to give a person living with HIV/AIDS is to avoid  
 A. sitting close to others,  
 B. greeting others.  
 C. donating blood.  
 D. sharing food.
89. If you happen to meet a blind boy in the streets begging daily, how BEST can you help the poor boy?  
 A. Giving him some money.  
 B. Reporting the matter to his school teachers.  
 C. Telling the boy to go back home.  
 D. Telling the boy to go to a special school for the poor.
90. Three of the following are gifts of the Holy Spirit EXCEPT one. Which one?  
 A. Faithfulness.  
 B. Performing miracles.  
 C. Healing.  
 D. Speaking in tongues.





75. Ladies who are in **Heidh** and **Nifas** impurities are allowed by **Sharia** to attend **Idd** functions **ONLY** to

- A. increase the attendance.
- B. collect **Zakkat Fitr**.
- C. listen to **Khutba** sermon.
- D. perform **Salaat Idd**.

76. Giving out **Zakkat** benefits muslims in the following ways **EXCEPT**

- A. are rewarded **Thawaabs**
- B. their wealths are purified
- C. their wealth are always safe.
- D. their wealth are increased.

77. The following **Haji** activities are performed seven times each **EXCEPT** one. Which one?

- A. **Twawaf**
- B. **Talbiyya**
- C. **Sa'ay**
- D. **Jamaraat**

78. A question shall be asked on the Day of **Qiyama**, "who is the sovereign King on this Day? The answer: Allah, the one and the powerful." Which attribute of Allah is patriotised with this message

- A. **Al-Ghafuur**
- B. **Al-Musawwir**
- C. **Al-Rahmaan**
- D. **Al-Malik**

79. There were some prophets who were ranked as **Ulul-Azm** that they were the **MOST** steadfast in faith. How many were they?

- A. Three
- B. Seven
- C. Five
- D. Eleven

80. Which one of the following is the place of work of **Angel Malik(A.S)**? in

- A. the graves.
- B. the **Heilfire** gates.
- C. spirits
- D. revelations

81. Which one of these events appears in the month of **Ramadhan**? The

- A. night of power.
- B. birth of the prophet.
- C. **Idd Fitr** festive
- D. **Maulid**

82. Which virtue should be demonstrated by muslims in the **BOTH** **Idd** festivals?

- A. Humanity
- B. Sharing
- C. Hospitality
- D. Affections

83. The prophets' heart was operated on, to remove all bad feeling and fill it with all good virtues. This was to prepare him for a trip of

- A. **Hijra**
- B. **Shaam**
- C. **Fat-hul Makka**
- D. **Isra wal Miiraj**

84. Muslims who want to marry are adviced to look at all the following qualities **EXCEPT** one. Which one? The

- A. beauty of the lady.
- B. popularity of the lady.
- C. education of the lady.
- D. family background of the lady.

85. Which one among these virtues will bring a longterm good relation between a master and his servants and animals?

- A. Tolerance
- B. Persistence
- C. Justice
- D. Patience

86. Allah(s.w) gave Prophet **Musa's** mother three assurances. Which one among these was **NOT** there? You will

- A. see your baby become a prophet.
- B. not have any fears.
- C. be given back your baby.
- D. suckle your own baby.

87. **Ansnaars** were the original followers of **Nabii**

- A. **Musa(A.S)**
- B. **Issa(A.S)**
- C. **Nuh(A.S)**
- D. **Muhammad(p.b.u.h)**

88. The full Islamic greetings have three wishes upon a fellow muslim. Which one?

- A. Peace, Love and Unity.
- B. Forginess, Cleanliness and Good servant-hood.
- C. Peace, Mercy and Blessings.
- D. Love, Affection and Brotherhood.

89. Islam is build on \_\_\_\_\_ pillars.

- A. 5
- B. 3
- C. 7
- D. 1

90. "I'ray to Allah as if Him and if you don't see Him, then He sees you" And that is the

- A. **Adaab** of a muslim.
- B. honest way of living.
- C. **Sharia** of God.
- D. pillar of **Ihsaan**.

## SCIENCE

Time: 1hr 40mins

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question booklet contains 50 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHEET**, not in the question booklet.

### HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET

4. Use an ordinary pencil.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet:

**YOUR INDEX NUMBER**

**YOUR NAME**

**NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL**



6. By drawing a **dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes, mark your full Index Number (i.e. School Code Number and the three-figure Candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.
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10. On the answer sheet the correct answer is to be shown by drawing a **dark line** inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

**Example**

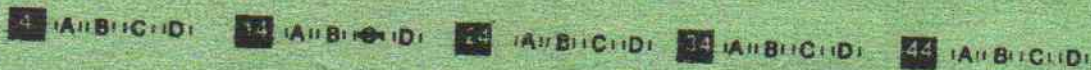
**In the Question Booklet:**

- 14.** In which one of the following activities is friction **NOT** useful?

- A. Walking
- B. Lighting a match
- C. Pushing a wheel barrow
- D. Writing

The correct answer is C (Pushing a wheel barrow)

**On the answer sheet:**



In the second set, the box with the letter C printed in it is marked.

11. Your dark line **MUST** be within the box.
12. For each question **ONLY ONE** box is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

**This question paper consists of 7 printed pages**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all the pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing**

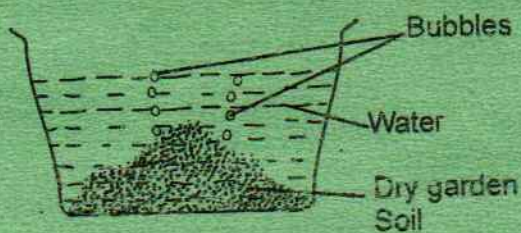
1. Which one of the following group consist of animals that live in water?
- Crocodile, turtle, tortoise
  - Duck, snail, pig
  - fish, whale, dolphin
  - Leopard, hyena, monkey

2. Sunflower, coconut and cotton seeds are examples of
- cash crops
  - fibre crops
  - tubers
  - weeds

3. The ability of the soil to let water go through it is known as
- capillarity
  - drainage
  - texture
  - soil profile

4. Which of the following is **NOT** part of the circulatory system?
- Heart
  - Lungs
  - Blood
  - Blood vessels

5. Std. four pupils mixed soil and water and their observation was shown below.



This was to prove that soil has

- water
- air
- living organisms
- bubbles

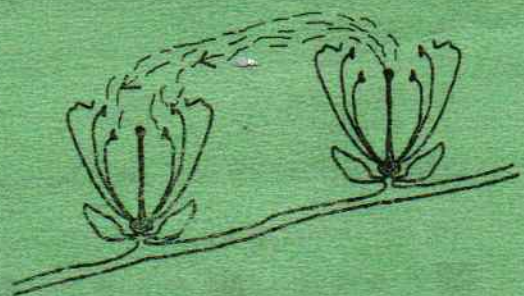
6. The **MAIN** reason why animals move from place to place is to
- look for food and water.
  - look for shelter.
  - escape from danger.
  - look for male partners.

7. Which of the following is a myth and misconception about HIV/AIDS?
- AIDS is a curse.
  - AIDS does not exist.
  - AIDS is caused by witchcraft.
  - HIV/AIDS is only transmitted by prostitutes.

8. Which one of the following is a **COMMON** effect in bhangs, khat and alcohol?
- Addiction.
  - Lack of concentration.
  - Marital conflict.
  - Dizziness.

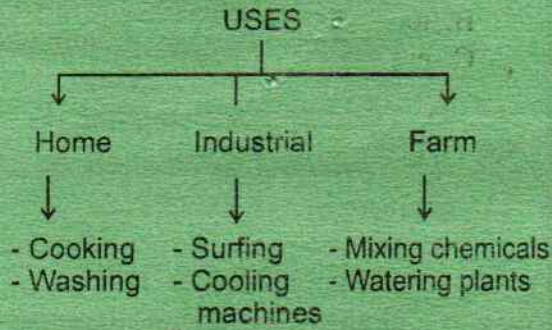
9. The following are functions of the stem **EXCEPT**
- transport of water.
  - storage of food.
  - breathing
  - protection

10. The type of pollination below is known as



- self pollination
- cross pollination
- insect pollination
- wind pollination

11. The following are uses of water



Which of the following use is **WRONGLY** placed?

- A. Surfing
- B. Mixing chemicals
- C. Watering plants
- D. Cooking

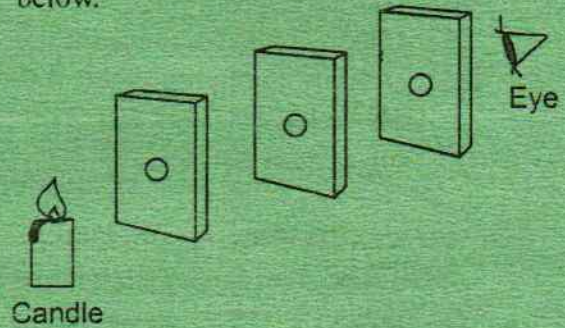
12. The tendency of an object to remain in the same state whether moving or stationary is called

- A. friction
- B. inertia
- C. force
- D. gravity

13. Which of the following processes involves use of carbon dioxide?

- A. Preservation of soft drinks.
- B. Making electric bulbs.
- C. Burning of materials.
- D. Making of proteins by leguminous plants.

14. Std.6 pupils at Joska Academy collected match boxes and candle to make the set up below.



Which of the following were pupils investigating?

- A. Reflection of light.
- B. Refraction of light.
- C. How light travels.
- D. Making of shadows.

15. Which of the following type of food can be preserved by drying?

- A. Grains
- B. Fresh milk
- C. Cooked food
- D. Fresh fruits

16. The diagram below shows a type of soil erosion.



The following are descriptions of the type of soil erosion shown above **EXCEPT** - It

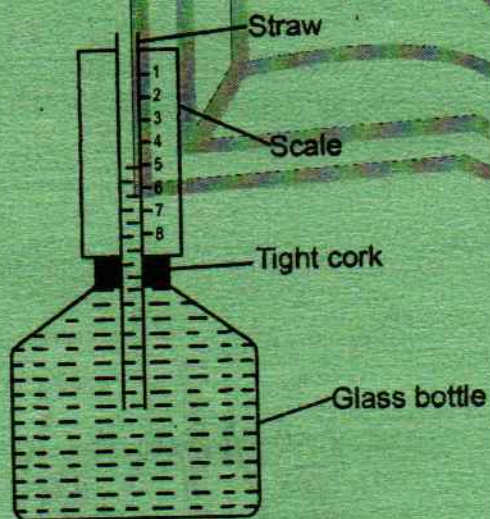
- A. is known as rill erosion.
- B. can be prevented by terracing.
- C. forms shallow channel in the soil.
- D. is form of a land slide.

17. The following are ways in which bilharzia can be prevented **EXCEPT**
- draining stagnant water.
  - drinking boiled or treated water.
  - wearing gumboots when walking on stagnant water.
  - killing water snails.

18. An area set aside for growing grass or a mixture of grass and legumes is known as
- fodder
  - concentrate
  - pasture
  - lucerne

19. Strong teeth in humans can be maintained by
- eating sugary food.
  - eating vegetables and fruits.
  - using toothpicks to remove sticky objects on teeth.
  - crushing objects using them.

20. The diagram below shows a liquid thermometer



The mistake they did was to

- using a glass bottle.
- using the wrong scale.
- filling the water in the bottle.
- Using a tight cork.

21. The following is **TRUE** about the planets **EXCEPT**

- Mercury is the nearest to the sun.
- Saturn has a major ring around it.
- Earth is the smallest planet.
- The sizes of planets differ.

22. Wind pollinated flowers have the following characteristics **EXCEPT**

- have no scent.
- small in size.
- produce large amount of pollen.
- produce nectar.

23. Helping a person to understand his or her problem and also find a solution to the problem is known as

- counselling
- testing
- vaccination
- immunization

24. During breathing the nose helps in all the following **EXCEPT**

- warming the air.
- trapping dust particles.
- moistening the air.
- absorbing the air

25. Which one of the following immunisable diseases is the child given at the age of 6 weeks, 10 weeks and 14 weeks?

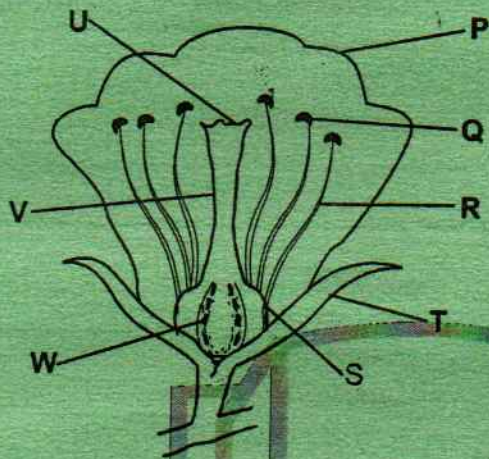
- Polio, Tuberculosis and Measles
- Diphtheria, Whooping cough and Tetanus
- Measles and Tuberculosis
- Typhoid, Cholera and Yellow fever

26. Plasma transports all of the following **EXCEPT**

- urea
- digested food
- oxygen
- heat

27. Which of the pairs below represent non living components of the environment?
- Air and plants.
  - Water and animals
  - Soil and water
  - Plants and animals

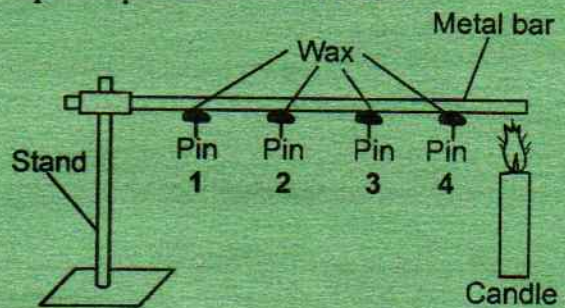
28. The diagram below shows parts of a flower



Which of the above represent the parts that are neither male nor female?

- U and Q
  - W and S
  - Q and R
  - T and P
29. Starch in the body are digested in the
- stomach
  - duodenum
  - mouth
  - small intestine
30. The process by which a seed develops to a seedling is called
- fertilization
  - fusion
  - germination
  - pollination

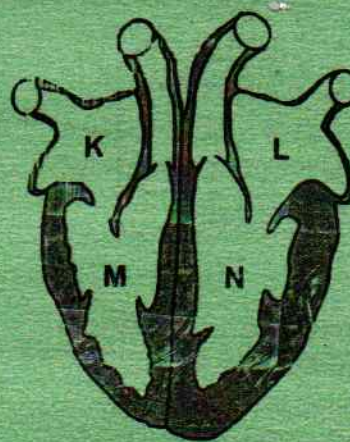
31. Std 5 pupils at Umoja Primary School set up an experiment shown below



Which of the following was NOT a true observation?

- Pin 1 fell off last.
  - The metal bar conducted heat.
  - Pin 4 fell off last.
  - The candle wax melted.
32. Mutua a farmer in Athi river uses a method of grazing with the following characteristics.
- A big piece of land is divided into small portions.
  - Each portion is surrounded by temporary fence.
  - Each portion has a gate and water trough.
- The method he uses is **LIKELY** to be
- paddock
  - strip grazing
  - zero grazing
  - tethering

33. The diagram below represents a human heart.



Oxygenated blood first enters chamber

- K
- L
- M
- N

34. The following are effects of HIV/AIDS. Which among them is an effect to an individual?

- A. Rise in school dropout.
- B. Congestion in hospitals.
- C. Low self esteem.
- D. Poor economy.

35. Which one of the following farm animal is a source of dairy and mutton?

- A. Sheep
- B. Goat
- C. Poultry
- D. Cattle

36. Which one of the following groups of food represent body building foods?

- A. Meat, rice and oranges
- B. Chapati, potatoes and cabbages
- C. Rice, liver and beef
- D. Arrowroots, milk and chicken.

37. Which of the following represent poor conductors of heat?

- A. Copper and iron
- B. Alluminum and silver
- C. Steel and silver
- D. Wood and plastic

38. The liquid part of blood is

- A. platelets
- B. plasma
- C. red blood cells
- D. white blood cells

39. Which of the following is **NOT** an example of a blood vessel?

- A. Aorta
- B. Auricle
- C. Vena cava
- D. Pulmonary vein

40. The following are signs and symptoms of disease.

- (i) Fever
- (ii) Coughing blood
- (iii) Diarrhoea
- (iv) Shivering followed by sweating
- (v) Loss of weight

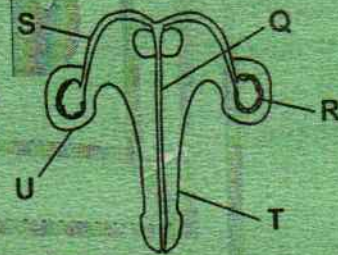
Which among the above are signs of malaria?

- A. (iii), (iv) and (v)
- B. (ii) and (v)
- C. (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- D. (i), (ii) and (v)

41. The leafy part of a young plant is known as

- A. embryo
- B. plumule
- C. radicle.
- D. micropyle

42. The diagram below represents the male reproductive system.



The function of part T is to

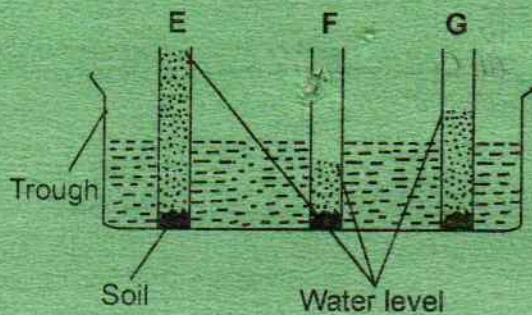
- A. transport sperms from testis to the urethra
- B. protect the testes.
- C. store sperms
- D. deposit sperms into the vagina

43. During breathing in the

- A. lungs volume decrease.
- B. diaphragm forms a dome shape.
- C. chest cavity increases in volume.
- D. air enters the chest cavity.



44. The experiment below was done using different types of soil.



Which type of soil would be the **BEST** for growing crops?

- A. E  
B. F  
C. G  
D. E and G
45. Which of the following weather instrument is **WRONGLY** matched with the aspect of weather it records?
- | Instrument     | Aspect                           |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
| A. Windvane    | - Speed of wind                  |
| B. Windsock    | - Direction and strength of wind |
| C. Raingauge   | - Amount of rainfall             |
| D. Thermometer | - Temperture                     |
46. Lukeman saw a child with the following deficiency and symptoms
- Thin and weak.
  - Crying often.
  - Bones visible underneath the skin.
  - He looked like a small old man.

The child was **LIKELY** to suffer from

- A. Kwashiokor  
B. Rickets  
C. Marasmus  
D. Anaemia
47. Which of the following mineral is necessary in the clotting of blood after an injury?
- A. Calcium  
B. Iron  
C. Phosphorus  
D. Mineral salts

48. Large amounts of water can **BEST** be stored in the

- A. pot  
B. tank  
C. bucket  
D. dam

49. Moving air is necessary in all of the following **EXCEPT**

- A. winnowing  
B. irrigation  
C. flying kites  
D. drying clothes

50. The plant shown below belong to a group of plants known as



- A. insectivorous plants  
B. green plants  
C. conifers  
D. fungi

**KISWAHILI**  
**SEHEMU YA**  
**KWANZA:**  
**LUGHA**

Muda: Saa 1 dakika 40

**SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO**

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibu. Kijitabu hiki kina maswali 50.
2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote ambacho si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.
3. Ukisha chagua jibu lake lionyeshe katika **KARATASI YA MAJIBU** na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

**JINSI YA KUTUMIA KARATASI YA MAJIBU**

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaidi.
5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatasi ya majibu:  
**NAMBA YAKO YA MTHANI**  
**JINA LAKO**  
**JINA LA SHULE YAKO**
6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba yako kamili ya mthani (yaani namba ya shule. Na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwa mwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.
7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku.
8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya majibu.
9. Kwa kila swali 1 - 50 umepewa majibu manne. Majibu hayo yameonyeshwa kwa herufi A, B, C na D. Ni jibu **MOJA** tu kati ya hayo majibu sahihi. Chagua jibu hilo.
10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu, jibu sahihi lionyeshe kwa kuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilo jibu.

**Mfano**

**Katika kijitabu cha maswali:**

**11.** Chagua jibu lenye nomino zilizo katika ngeli ya I - I pekee.

- A. kahawa, fedha;
- B. chumvi, chupa
- C. sukari, mvua
- D. mali, chai

Jibu sahihi ni C

**1** (A) (B) (C) (D)    **11** (A) (B) (C) (D)    **21** (A) (B) (C) (D)    **31** (A) (B) (C) (D)    **41** (A) (B) (C) (D)

Katika visanduku vinavyoonyesha majibu ya swali namba 11, kisanduku chenye herufi C ndicho kilichochoywa kistari.

11. Chora kistari chako vizuri. Kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.
12. Kwa kila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku vinne uliyopewa.

**Kitabu hiki cha maswali kina kurasa 8 zilizopigwa chapa**

**Watahiniwa ni lazima wahakikishe kuwa kurasa zote za karatasi ya mtihani zimepigwa chapa sawasawa na kuwa maswali yote yame.**

Soma vifungu Vifuatavyo. Vina nafasi 1-15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya yale uliyopewa.

Mchezo wa riadha ni 1 ya michezo 2 zaidi nchini. Taifa la Kenya 3 kote ulimwenguni 4 kukuza wanaspoti mahiri. Kila mwaka 5 wa Kenya 6 beramu 7 Kenya nchi za nje. Wanaspoti hawa hupewa heshima kuu. Ndiposa wahenga walisema 8.

- |    |  |                                    |                                     |                                 |
|----|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. | A. moja                                | B. mojawapo                        | C. mmojawapo                        | D. mmojazipo                    |
| 2. | A. nzuri                               | B. mibaya                          | C. almaarufu                        | D. maarufu                      |
| 3. | A. yamesifika                          | B. imesifika                       | C. limesifika                       | D. wamesifika                   |
| 4. | A. katika                              | B. kama                            | C. bali                             | D. mradi                        |
| 5. | A. wanasoka                            | B. wanaraga                        | C. wanariadha                       | D. wanajeshi                    |
| 6. | A. wanapeperusha                       | B. hupeperusha                     | C. tulipeperushiwa                  | D. hushusha                     |
| 7. | A. ya                                  | B. la                              | C. wa                               | D. za                           |
| 8. | A. asiyesikia la mkuu<br>huvunjika guu | B. usipoziba ufa<br>utajenga ukuta | C. kidole kimoja<br>hakivunji chawa | D. chanda chema<br>huvikwa pete |

Mwendo 9 saa tano usiku, nilisikia mbisho hafifu mlangoni. Mtu huyo aliniomba 10 aingie chumbani 11 kujikinga 12 mvua kali. Nilipomfungulia 13 macho hapa na pale kama mtalii. Kumbe mgeni wangu hakulala 14. Aliponisikia 15 usingizini, aliiba mali yetu iliyokuwa sebuleni.

- |     |                 |                     |                     |                   |
|-----|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 9.  | A. ya           | B. wa               | C. la               | D. za             |
| 10. | A. nimkataze    | B. aniruhusu        | C. nimruhusu        | D. niwaruhusu     |
| 11. | A. yake         | B. chake            | C. lake             | D. mwangu         |
| 12. | A. dhidi ya     | B. baina ya         | C. kati ya          | D. chini ya       |
| 13. | A. alipiga piga | B. alikimbia kimbia | C. aliangaza angaza | D. alifumba fumba |
| 14. | A. ?            | B. !                | C. ,                | D. .              |
| 15. | A. nikilia      | B. nikinguruma      | C. niking'orota     | D. nikikoroma     |

Kutoka swali la 16 mpaka 30, chagua jibu sahihi.

16. Chagua neno ambalo haliambatani na kisawe chake.  
A. sahibu - rafiki  
B. rabuka - maulana  
C. chakura - chakula  
D. kibali - idhini
17. Mlango wa gari umejifunga wenyewe 'ji' imetumika kuonyesha  
A. kirejeshi  
B. mtendaji  
C. hali  
D. ukubwa
18. Mwanafunzi mtiifu anasoma ilhali yule mzembe hasomi. Maneno yaliyopigwa mstari ni  
A. kuhusishi, kielezi  
B. kivumishi, kiwakilishi  
C. kivumishi, kielezi  
D. kiwakilishi, kivumishi
19. Masaibu alimharibia nyonda mali yake. Mahakama ilimwagiza masaibu amlipe  
A. faida  
B. faini  
C. fola  
D. fidia
20. Tegua kitendawili hiki. Hucheka wakati wote.  
A. Ngiri  
B. Ndege  
C. Fisi  
D. Radi
21. Chagua sentensi yenye kimilikishi cha nafasi ya tatu.  
A. Gari lenu lilioshwa jana  
B. Kuku wangu ameanza kutaga.  
C. Maswali yao yalikuwa magumu.  
D. Mswaki wako umechafuka.

22. Mtoto wa sungura huitwa  
A. Shibli  
B. Kiyoyo  
C. Kinengwe  
D. Kitungule
23. Mafuta, uji, moshi, unga na majini nomino za  
A. jumla  
B. wingi  
C. dhahania  
D. maalum
24. Chagua sentensi inayohusisha 'po' ya wakati  
A. Walipoketi wageni ni safi.  
B. Painamapo ndipo painukapo.  
C. Alipoenda kwake hakumkuta.  
D. Po! Usije hapa na kelele zako.
25. Chagua sentensi yenye kielezi cha idadi.  
A. Watoto walipumzika kidogo.  
B. Safari yetu ilianza jana.  
C. Wanafunzi walifika nyumbani mapema.  
D. Tulijitolea kufa kupona kuishinda timu ile.
26. Nomino uwanja inapatikana katika ngeli ya  
A. U - U  
B. U - ZI  
C. U - YA  
D. U - I
27. Mfano wa kiashiria cha mbali kidogo ni  
A. huo  
B. hii  
C. kile  
D. hawa
28. Chagua hali ya kawaida ya sentensi hii. Vijikapu vimejaa vitabu vyao.  
A. Kikapu kimejaa vitabu vyao.  
B. Kikapu kimejaa vitabu zao.  
C. Vikapu vimejaa vitabu vyao.  
D. Kikapu kimejaa kitabu chao.

29. Sahihisha: Shuleni kwao pana nyasi ndefu.

- A. Shuleni pao kuna nyasi ndefu.
- B. Shuleni yao ina nyasi ndefu.
- C. Shuleni pao mna nyasi ndefu.
- D. Shuleni kwao kuna nyasi ndefu.

30. Kanusha: Kula kwake kulimshibisha.

- A. Kula kwake hakumshibishi.
- B. Kutokula kwake hakumshibisha.
- C. Kutokula kwake hakukumshibisha.
- D. Hakula wala kushiba kwake.

Soma kifungu hiki kisha ujibu maswali kuanzia 31 mpaka 40

Ebu sikiliza waraka wa mzee isemavyo. Radhia akamwambia mume wake.

“Wewe siku hizi umenisahau. Huniletei chochote wala kunitumia hela. Mama yako, dada yako na ndugu zako pia hawana chakula wala nguo. Watoto wa ndugu yako hawaendi shuleni kwa ukosefu wa karo. Endapo, mtoto hawezi kuwatunza wazazi wake ni faida gani ya kuzaa au kuzaliwa? Ikiwa huwezi kuwasaidia ndugu zako na watoto wao pia wapate elimu kama ulivyopata wewe basi faida ya kuwa ndugu, kaka, mjomba, baba mdogo au baba mkubwa wao ni upi? Ama kweli pale mwanzo ulipoanza kufanya kazi ulifanya juhudi kubwa kutimiza wajibu wako. Sasa mimi babako matumaini yangu ni nini? Radhi yangu na ya babu zako utaipataje ikiwa tabia yako ni hii?”

“Wasikia mke wangu lawama hizi zote zimeletwa na mitindo ambayo haiwezi kutulitea maendeleo,” alisema Bwana Mbotela baada ya kusoma vifungu kadhaa vya waraka wa babake.

“Mama aliyenizaa ndiye aliyekuwa mkulima nyumbani kwetu. Baba hakupenda kufanya kazi yoyote. Wakati wa mchana alimngojea mama aende shambani akalime mpaka arudi kisha ampikie chakula ili aweze kwenda kutafuta pombe wakati wa aduhuri. Asubuhi yote alimaliza kitandani au kuzurura katika nyumba za watu wengine akipiga gumzo na mabwana wazembe wenzake. Bila ya kujali kazi ngumu mama aliyokuwa akifanya, baba alisikika mara nyingine akimkaripia mama huku akimtolea cheche za matusi kwa sababu ya kuchelewesha chakula chake cha mchana.”

“Mama Mbotela,” alisema baba. “Chakula kiko wapi? Huu ni uvivu wa mwanamke au ni balaa? Huko shambani ulikuwa wafanya nini tangu asubuhi hata ukanichelewesha kwenda nikatafute pombe. Ugoigoi huu nitaukomesha! Nikikosa kupata mboko leo utakipata cha intema kuni. Huwezi kumheshimu dume kama mimi?”

“Wakati wa matusi kama hayo alinyamaza kimya. Aliliondoa jembe lake kutoka kwenye bega lake la kulia na kuliingiza ndani ya nyumba. Halafu akaendelea na kazi yake ya kawaida ya kumtengenezea chakula mume wake mvivu kwa haraka ili asichelewe kwenda kushiriki ulevi.”

“Hata hivyo mzee wangu hakuwa na huruma wala shukrani. Kila siku alipokosa pombe alimpiga mama bila huruma. Aidha, kila siku aliyolewa kupita kiasi alirudi nyumbani na kumfanyia maraa ukatili zaidi. Basi haikuwa ajabu kamwe kwamba mama hakuishi miaka mingi. Mbali na maisha ya ukatili na utumwa katika nyumba yetu ya wavivu ilikuwa ni wajibu wake wa kunitafutia karo ya shule. Baba yangu hakukubali kabisa kujisumbua kwa njia yoyote ile ndio nisome. Mara nyingi alitafuta zile pesa za mama alizokuwa akichuma nikatoe karo ili akanunue pombe. Kuwavisha watu wote wa nyumbani na kutafuta karo yangu ulikuwa uzito mno kwa mama. Hata baada ya miezi miwili ya kwanza ya kazi yangu na ualimu, mama alifariki kwa ghafla kutokana na maradhi ya mkamba.”

"Hapo ndipo jamaa zangu walijaribu kunibandika mzigo wa mama wakifikiri nitaendelea kuwapatia vitu vya bure milele na milele kwa sababu ya kuwa damu moja nao. Nilijaribu kufanya hivyo kwa muda mfupi, lakini nikaona wamekuwa makabila makubwa ambao walikuwa tayari kuninyonya damu kama kupe.

Basi nami nikawa sina budi kukataa maisha ya utumwa na nikauacha mtindo huo wa kuwapelekea wavivu, makabila, kupe, wanyonyaji vitu vya bwerere." Akaendelea Bwana Mbotela.

31. Barua iliyosomwa, iliandikiwa nani?  
A. Bi. Mbotela  
B. Bw. Mbotela  
C. Mkwe wake  
D. Mjomba wake
32. Mwenye kuandika barua hii ni rahisi sana mwisho wake asipate  
A. radhi  
B. faida  
C. mke  
D. mjomba
33. Kulingana na kifungu hiki, Bw. Mbotela alikuwa  
A. mzembe  
B. mchoyo  
C. karimu  
D. mwenye bidii
34. Baba yake Mbotela aliutumia muda wake mwingi kwa  
A. kufanya kazi.  
B. kulala mchana wote.  
C. kutafuta pombe kila kuchao.  
D. kumsaidia mkewe kufanya kazi.
35. Ni sentensi ipi inayoonyesha kuwa babake Mbotela hakujali kazi ngumu mkewe aliyokuwa akifanya?  
A. "Huwezi kumheshimu dume kama mimi?"  
B. "Huko shambani ulikuwa wafanya nini hata ukanichelewesha kuenda kutafuta pombe"  
C. "Chakula kiko wapi? Huu uzembe wa mwanamke au ni balaa?"  
D. "Nikikosa kupata mboko leo utakipata cha mtema kuni."
36. Sababu ya mamake Mbotela kumtengenezea mumewe Mbotela kumtengenezea mumewe chakula kwa haraka ilikuwa mumewe asichelewe kuenda  
A. kupiga gumzo.  
B. kutafuta pombe.  
C. kushiriki ujenzi wa taifa.  
D. kuenda kumtafutia bibiye chakula.
37. Baada ya kukaripiwa na mumewe, mama Mbotela  
A. hakusema kitu.  
B. alimkaripia pia.  
C. alimtukana bwanake.  
D. alilia kwi kwi kwi
38. Ni kweli kusema kuwa  
A. Bi. Mbotela alisaidiwa.  
B. Mbotela alimsaidia mkwewe.  
C. Mbotela hakumsaidia mkwewe.  
D. Bi. Mbotela alikuwa mvivu.
39. Mwandishi wa makala haya anasema kwamba mzigo mzito wa mamake ulikuwa  
A. kulima, kupika na kuteka maji.  
B. kuvumilia mateso na matusi.  
C. kuwalisha, kuwavisha watu wote nyumbani.  
D. kutafuta pesa za karo na kushiriki ulevi.
40. Mwandishi amewaita jamaa wake kupe. Hii ina maana kuwa  
A. walikuwa wazembe.  
B. walikuwa hawana kazi.  
C. walikuwa wakinyonya damu yake.  
D. walipenda kupewa vitu na kutumikiwa bila ya wao kufanya kazi.

Ukitaka kufaulu maishani lazima ujue kuwa una kazi kubwa sana inayokungoja. Baada ya kuikabili vilivyo kazi hiyo kwa kutumia nyanja mbalimbali utayaimarisha maisha yako.

Karibu kila mtu aliyestawi amepitia katika vikwazo vingi tena vya kutatiza ajabu kuliko vikwazo wanavyopata vijana wa kisasa. Vijana wote wanatakiwa sasa wasugue bongo zao sawasawa ili watende mambo mengi mazuri kuliko wanayoyaona. Wasitosheke na yale yaliyotendwa na wazee. Kila kijana iwapo atakuwa na moyo kama huo nchi zote zitaendelea kwa kasi.

Kwa kujisaidia katika kujiendeleza, yafuatayo yanafaa kuzingatiwa. Vijana wanatakiwa wawe watoto wenye kuelewana na wazazi wao ambao watawaelekeza vyema kitabia na wakiwa ni wazazi waelewa, watawapa watoto wao maelekezo na **radhi ambayo ni bora kuliko mali**. Watoto wenyewe wajue wanataka nini, wawe na malengo katika maisha yao na wakanie kupata kile wanachokitaka bila kukata tamaa, watie bidii sana. Wasipoteze wakati wao bora kwa kufanya mambo yasiyo na faida.

Wapende kusoma bila kulazimishwa kwani kulazimishwa hakusaidii chochote. Ni sawa na ng'ombe alazimishwaye kwenda kunywa maji lakini akifika mtoni akatae kunywa maji yale. Mtoto mwenyewe anatakiwa ajitafutie na ajue kuwa mtoto wa tamaa anayependa kupewa zawadi ama peremende kila saa. Lazima ajue kuwa kupewa na kutopewa yote ni sawa. Mtoto anatakiwa kuwa mwelewa sana. Anatakiwa awe na ile fikra ya kujitafutia. Hata kama anatoka katika hali ya utajiri, azidi kutafuta ili ikiwezekana atajirike hata zaidi. Asitegemee cha ndugu kwani huenda akafa akiwa maskini. Chako ni bora kuliko kikubwa cha mwenzio.

Vijana wanatakiwa kuwa na nidhamu ya kiwango cha juu popote pale walipo. Wawe ni watu wenye kujiamani, wasikate tamaa kwa ajili ya maneno ya wivu yanayosemwa na wengine. Wasikate tamaa wanapoyaona masomo ni magumu, wakazane kuyaelewa kwani mwisho wataelewa na kufanikiwa. Wasiwadharau walimu au wenzao, wasipoteze wakati wao kusengenya. Wawapuuze wanaowanyanyasa, hata neno moja la kuwaudhi wanaloambiwa na wenzao na kuwachukulia vizuri na wawaheshimu kwa vile walivyo.

Wasithamini vitu vya anasa sana kama mavazi ya kitajiri. Wengi wasio na chochote wanaopuuza mambo ya anasa ndio wanafaulu sana katika maisha. Wengi wenye jamaa hawafaulu hugeuka kuwa wezi na kuishia gerehani.

Kijana atende jambo lolote kwa uangalifu bila kuchanganya mambo mengi pamoja. Akumbuke kuwa mtaka yote kwa pupa hukosa yote. Kijana asiogope mashindano kwani mashindano huleta ufanisi.

Kama huumwi ya nini ulale saa mbili za usiku na kuamka saa nne asubuhi ambapo mtu mwingine analala saa tano usiku na kuamka saa kumi na moja za asubuhi? Bila shaka mtu wa pili ama anakesha kwa kutenda mambo ya kimaendeleo atafanikiwa sana na yule wa kwanza atarudi nyuma kimaendeleo.

41. Kulingana na aya ya kwanza mwandishi anasema ili ufaulu ni  
 A. sharti ujulikane na wengi.  
 B. sharti aende nyanja mbalimbali.  
 C. sharti ujue kuna changamoto tele.  
 D. ufanye kazi kwanza katika nyanja mbalimbali.
42. "Karibu kila mtu aliyestawi amepitia katika vikwazo vingine." Hii ina maana kuwa  
 A. inabidi uwe tayari kuwaza na kuwazua zaidi.  
 B. ilibidi ujifunge kibwebwe kutatua matatizo.  
 C. ategemea wenzake kufaulu maishani.  
 D. ajiepushe na vikwazo anayokumbana nayo.
43. Hatua ya kwanza ya kufaulu kwa vijana kulingana na kifungu hiki ni  
 A. waonyeshe nidhamu bora kwa jamii.  
 B. kutatua vikwazo vya wazazi wao.  
 C. kutumia teknolojia kufaulu maishani.  
 D. kuwahusisha wazazi wao kuwaelekeza.
44. Ni mambo gani hayatamsaidia kijana kufaulu maishani  
 A. kujiamini.  
 B. utovu wa nidhamu.  
 C. nidhamu ya hali ya juu.  
 D. wasikate tamaa.
45. Methali gani inalingana na:  
 Mtegemea cha ndugu huenda akafa maskini.  
 A. Akili ni mali.  
 B. Mwenda tezi na omo marenjeo ni ngamani.  
 C. Achanikaye kwenye mpini hafi njaa.  
 D. Mla nawe hafi nawe ila mzaliwa nawe.
46. Mwandishi amesema "radhi ambayo ni bora kuliko mali" Hii inamaanisha  
 A. ushauri nasaha ni bora kuliko mali.  
 B. vijana waridhike na utajiri wao.  
 C. mali bila maridhiano haifai.  
 D. radhi ni sawa na mali.
47. "Ng'ombe alazimishwaye kwenda kunywa maji" ni msemu unamrejelea  
 A. wanyama  
 B. wawekezaji  
 C. wazazi  
 D. vijana
48. Ili kujisaidia katika kujiendeleza mwandishi ametaja hoja ngapi?  
 A. nne  
 B. tano  
 C. sita  
 D. saba
49. Kifungu hiki kimetumia methali ngapi?  
 A. mbili  
 B. tatu  
 C. tano  
 D. nne
50. Ni methali gani isiyolenga kifungu hiki.  
 A. Umoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu.  
 B. Mtegemea cha nduguye hufa maskini.  
 C. Mtaka yote hukosa yote.  
 D. Mwangata mbili moja humponyoka.



**ENGLISH**  
**SECTION B:**  
**COMPOSITION**

**Time: 40 minutes**

<b>YOUR INDEX NUMBER</b>	
<b>YOUR NAME</b>	
<b>NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL</b>	

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**

1. In the spaces provided above, write your full index number, your name and name of your school.
2. Now open this paper, read the composition subject carefully and write your composition on the lines provided.

**This question paper consists of 4 printed pages.**

You have 40 minutes to write your composition.

Below is the beginning of a composition. Complete the story making it as interesting as possible.

When the vehicle stopped at the gate, we were sure it had brought the exam we had been waiting for. We .....

Handwriting practice lines for the composition.

Lined writing area with horizontal lines.

Blank lined paper with horizontal ruling lines.

**KISWAHILI  
SEHEMU YA PILI:  
INSHA**

Muda: Dakika 40

<b>NAMBA YAKO YAMTIHANI</b>	
<b>JINA LAKO</b>	
<b>JINA LA SHULE YAKO</b>	

**SOMA MAAGIZO HAYA KWA MAKINI**

1. Kwenye nafasi zilizochwa hapo juu andika namba yako kamili ya mtihani, jina lako na jina la shule yako.
2. Sasa fungua karatasi hii, soma kichwa cha insha kwa makini na uandike insha yako kwenye nafasi uliyochwa.

**Kijitabu hiki kina kurasa 4 zilizopigwa chapa.**





Lined writing area with horizontal lines.