

SIGNAL EXAM

2021

ENGLISH STD 7

For marking schemes call Mr Machuki
0795491185.

Pupils __1__ Mukumu girls' primary school thrilled __2__ parents recently when they acted, __3__ and danced at the __4__ . Prize-giving day. __5__ performed traditional songs __6__ a choral verse and a short play __7__ urge people to conserve the __8__, wildlife and educate their daughters.

__9__ those who delighted the __10__ was a__11__ Emily. The standard seven pupil __12__ the soloist is a dance, choral verse and also acted __13__ a play. __14__ talent has brought the school honour at the national music and drama festivals. Emily as well as her music teacher__15__ that participating in music and drama is very important.

- | A | B | C | D |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. off | B. at | C. with | D. on |
| 2. A. there | B. them | C. they | D. their |
| 3. A. sang | B. sung | C. sing | D. singing |
| 4. A. monthly | B. annually | C. year | D. annual |
| 5. A. the | B. we | C. they | D. them |
| 6. A. , | B. . | C. : | D. ! |
| 7. A. that | B. whose | C. whichever | D. who |
| 8. A. Environment | B. environment | C. enviroment | D.environs |
| 9. A. one | B. between | C. among | D. off |
| 10. A. congregation | B. audience | C. spectators | D. mob |
| 11. A. thirteen years | B. thirteen- years- old | C. thirteen year-old | D. thirteen year |
| 12. A. was | B. were | C. are | D. isn't |
| 13. A. for | B. in | C. of | D. with |
| 14. A. his | B. hers | C. there | D. her |
| 15. A. knows | B. know | C. known | D. knowing |

For questions 19 and 20 choose the correct preposition
For questions 16 to 18 fill the gaps using the correct preposition 19.

16. We sat _____ the shade A. I goes to
A. under B. on B. The
C. in D. by C. Mr. Maina and Mrs
17. Do not meddle _____ my bicycle school
A. at B. with C. by D. on D. We
should abide _____ the school 20.
rules A. The bus driver has hang his coat
A. to B. with B. The host called the
C. on D. by C. The cat drunk
D. He then swum all the way to the

For questions 21 to 22 choose the best alternative to complete the sentences

21. Sheila placed her _____ shawl on
my left shoulder A. Long, beautiful,
clean
B. Clean ,long ,beautiful
C. Beautiful, clean, long
D. Beautiful, long, clean
22. His _____ dog is feared by all his
neighbours A. Ugly, big, black
B. Big, ugly, black
C. Black, ugly, big
D. Ugly, black, big

For questions 23 to 24 choose the word that means the same as the underlined phrasal verb

23. Ali made away with our clothes while
we were swimming A. ended
B. stole
C. escaped
D. sold
24. Anne gave back the book to the
librarian
A. received

sentences from the ones given

- school by bus
pupils went for holiday by a bus
Maina comes to
always
walk for hours everyday 18. Everybody
guests one by one
all the milk
shores
B. lent
C. returned
D. borrowed

For question 25 choose the correct alternative

25. If I had gone to the river
A. I could help my sister carry the
water
B. I was happy to find the water was
clear

D. I would have brought home some fish

Read the passage and answer questions 26 to 38.

A long time ago before our great-great-grandfathers were born, people never used to dig. They would take their hoes to the farms, leave them there and then go back in the evening and find that a portion of the farm had been dug. They would then collect the hoes and go back to their homes. They repeated this routine every day.

One day in the village of Songa, a young man married a young bride called Deraso from another village. Deraso knew that a bride was expected to work very hard if she was to be considered a good wife. On the first day, ready to show the villagers of Songa how lucky they were to have her, she fetched firewood and water, she also ground grains including millet to make flour and cleaned the house. Deraso was not afraid of hard work. She carried out her wifely duties with ease.

House chores done, Deraso picked a hoe and headed to the farm. On the way, she thought to herself, "if I started digging early, won't I dig a bigger portion than what the hoe usually does? And won't I learn a lot of admiration in my new village?"

When she reached the farm without hesitation, Deraso took a hoe and started digging vigorously. When she finished digging, she stopped and looked at her work. She felt very proud of herself. Little did she know that her rash action would change things forever.

The ancestors of Songa village were infuriated to learn that a young bride had defied a custom that had prevailed since time immemorial. They decided that human beings were ungrateful because Deraso had failed to appreciate the kindness of god Kamur who helped humans dig their farms.

The ancestors conspired with Kamur to have him end his kindness. In the evening, when Deraso returned to the village, she happily told her husband how much digging she had done. Deraso was confused by his reaction. He was horrified; ashamed, he told the rest of the villagers what his young bride had done.

Everyone in the village reproached her. Why, they wondered, did she want to upstage god Kamur and change the ways of their ancestors? Bewildered, Deraso wished the earth would open up and swallow her. All she wanted was praise.

The next day, when the hoes were left on the farm, they did not dig. Kamur had withdrawn his help.

Since then people dig their farms.

C. I knew it was not a wise decision

26. According to the first paragraph
- A. Hoes went to the first paragraph
 - B. Lazy people forced their hoes to work for them
 - C. People did not know how to dig
 - D. Hoes were collected by their owners in the evening
27. The hoes dug
- A. A part of each farm
 - B. No part of every farm
 - C. The whole of each farm
 - D. Every part of each farm
28. How many times did people visit their farms daily
- A. One
 - B. Two
 - C. Four
 - D. many
29. A married woman was regarded as a good wife if she
- A. could fetch firewood
 - B. could do all house chores
 - C. was industrious
 - D. was not afraid of anything
30. what was Deraso's greatest desire when she got married
- A. to be the hardest working wife
 - B. to be regarded highly in her new community
 - C. to be at peace with the ancestors
 - D. to make god Kamur very happy
31. Which of the following did Deraso not do on the first day in her new village?
- A. Earn admiration from the villagers
 - B. Dig a big portion of the farm
 - C. Do a number of house hold chores
 - D. Grind millet to make flour
32. The word "with ease" can be replaced by all the following except
- A. properly
 - B. smoothly
 - C. easily
 - D. effortlessly
33. Deraso went to the farm
- A. after getting her husband's permission
 - B. before fetching firewood and water
 - C. to check if it had been dug well
 - D. after she was through with the housework
34. What did Deraso not want the villagers to do?
- A. Think that she was lazy
 - B. Know how industrious she was
 - C. Know that she was lazy
 - D. Think that they were lucky to have her
35. What does the word 'infuriated' mean according to the passage?
- A. Confused
 - B. Surprised
 - C. Enraged
 - D. Shocked
36. What did the ancestors resolve to do after Deraso dug the farm?
- A. To punish Deraso for her actions
 - B. To appreciate Deraso's hard work
 - C. To force people to start digging their farms
 - D. To ask god Kamur to punish human beings
37. Which of these proverbs refer to Deraso's actions
- A. Hardwork pays
 - B. Look before you leap
 - C. Never judge a book by its cover
 - D. Half a loaf is better than none
38. Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?
- A. Deraso and the kind ancestors
 - B. The hardwork bride
 - C. Why people have to dig their farms
 - D. Why we should dig our own farms

Read the following passage carefully and then answer questions 39-50.

Mama Kanini is a greengrocer at Ruai market. She sells fruits and vegetables in her stall at the market. Mama Kanini and other traders buy goods from Nairobi, which is about forty five kilometers

away. She goes to wakulima market in Nairobi every morning. She is not the only one. Mama Mwende, her neighbor who is a shopkeeper also travels all the way to Nairobi to buy her goods. Both mama Kanini and mama Mwende buy their goods in cash.

Back at Ruai market mama Kanini finds many customers waiting for her fresh fruit and vegetables. Most of the customers buy in cash. However, once in a while, mama Kanini sells to her regular customers on credit. She has many customers because she has been selling greengrocer for over twelve years. Again she does not sell things expensively. Infact her fruits and vegetables are quite cheap. Her customers also like her because she gives the correct change. She has never short-changed anyone and the customers trust her. There are some customers who like bargaining over prices. Mama Kanini rarely gets angry when such customers bargain with her.

Although her goods are cheap, mama Saturday morning, she goes to the bank to teenage daughter to look after the stall. Mama Kanini is a good example of a

Kanini still manages to make a profit. Every deposit some money. She usually leaves her

hardworking Kenyan woman.

39. Who is a green grocer?
- A. One who sells either fruits or vegetables
 - B. One who is a shopkeeper
 - C. One who sells neither fruits nor vegetables
 - D. One who sells vegetables and fruits
40. Why do the traders go to Nairobi?
- A. To buy goods
 - B. To visit friends
 - C. To buy and sell goods
 - D. Either to buy or sell goods
41. The following statements are false about mama Kanini and mama Mwende except A. They both buy goods on credit
- B. Neither of them buys goods in cash
 - C. They pat cash for their goods
 - D. Either of them sells goods on credit
42. Where does mama Kanini sell her goods
- A. Around the market
 - B. Near Ruai market
 - C. 45km from Ruai town
 - D. In her stall
43. Which of these statements is true?
- A. All customers buy goods on credit
 - B. A few customers by goods on credit
 - C. A few customers buy goods in cash
 - D. All customers buy goods in cash
44. The word cheap in paragraph two means the opposite of _____
- A. Inexpensive
 - B. Dear
 - C. Precious
 - D. unique
45. when does mama Kanini sell goods on credit
- A. occasionally
 - B. often
 - C. scarcely
 - D. never
46. What do you think is to short change customers?
- A. To give them the wrong change
 - B. To give them less balance
 - C. To give them more change than required
 - D. To forget to give them change
47. All the following statements are false about mama Kanini except
- A. She always gets angry with customers
 - B. She gets angry occasionally with customers
 - C. She seldom gets angry with customers
 - D. She never gets angry with customers
48. Who does mama Kanini leave at her stall on Saturdays?
- A. Her teenage son

- B. Her young daughter
 - C. Her married daughter
 - D. Her adolescent daughter
49. How old do you think is mama Kanini's daughter
- A. Ten year
 - B. Seventeen -years old
 - C. Thirty -years old
 - D. Twenty -three years old
50. The best title for the passage would be
-
- A. Mama Mwendu the shopkeeper
 - B. The business women
 - C. Mama Kanini the trader
 - D. Good business

SIGNAL EXAM

2021

COMPOSITION STD 7 TIME: 40 MINUTES

Below is the beginning of a story. Complete it making it as interesting as possible.

My family and I had just settled down for supper
when.....

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A series of 28 horizontal dotted lines for writing.

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SIGNAL EXAM 2021 KISWAHILI DARASA LA 7

Soma kifungu kifuatacho. Kina nafasi 1 mpaka 15. Kwa kila nafasi umepewa majibu manne hapo. Jaza kila pengo kwa kuchagua jawabu lifaalo zaidi.

1 ni vitu kama vile madini, misitu, maziwa, wanyamapori na vitu vingine _2_ na maumbile ambavyo hupatikana katika mazingira. Mito pia huunda sehemu kubwa ya mazingira. Mto ni maji _3_. _4_ wakati wote, _5_ kuanzia milimani kuelekea ziwani au baharini. Kuna baadhi ya mito _6_ hutowekea kwenye _7_. Nchini Kenya kuna baadhi ya mito na _8_ vingi. Mito mikuu ni pamoja na Tana, Ewaso nyiro na Athi, _9_ urefu wa kilomita 5477. _10_ mingine ni Yala, Sondu, Malewa, Sio na _11_. Mito maarufu duniani ni pamoja na amazon ulioko _12_ na mto Nile unaoanzia _13_ hapa Afrika. Bila shaka ni _14_ letu sisi _15_ kuitunza mito hii na mazingira kwa jumla.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. mazingira | B. maliasili | C. malighali | D. mazingara |
| 2. A. vinavyotokana | B. zinazotokana | C. yanayotokana | D. wanaotokana |
| 3. A. mingi | B. nyingi | C. makubwa | D. mengi |
| 4. A. inayotiririka | B. yanatiririka | C. yanayotiririka | D. yanayotiririkwa |
| 5. A. aghalabu | B. sanasana | C. mara mingi | D. kwa sababu |
| 6. A. ambao | B. ambayo | C. ambazo | D. yenye |
| 7. A. milima | B. mashimo | C. vinamasi | D. misitu |
| 8. A. vishimo | B. vijitu | C. visima | D. vijito |
| 9. A. wenye | B. yenye | C. zenye | D. Ambao ina |
| 10. A. miji | B. mito | C. maziwa | D. misitu |
| 11. A. mengineyo | B. nyingineyo | C. mingineyo | D. nyinginezo |
| 12. A. ulaya | B. Asia | C. Uchina | D. marekani |
| 13. A. Bara hindi | B. Bahari hindi | C. Ziwa viktorika | D. meditarani |
| 14. A. wajibu | B. jukumu | C. tatizo | D. shughuli |
| 15. A. wote | B. zote | C. sote | D. yote |

Kutoka nambari 16-30 chagua jibu lililo

sahihi zaidi A. hupatikana

16. Ni kihisishi kipi mwafaka katika C. Kanusha: njooni na mle _____
___! Tutaonana kesho A. msije na
A. Wallahi! B. jamani B. msikuje na
C. inshallah D. lo C. njooni na
D. msije wala kula
19. Tambua maumbo haya
A. kipenyo, moyo, kopa
B. nusu duara, kopa, kishada
C. duara dufu, kipenyo, moyo
D. mche duara, kitovu, nyota
20. Chagua mpangilio bora wa maneno yaliyopigwa mstari katika sentensi. Gari langu liligongana dafrao na lile la jirani.
A. Kiwakilishi, kimilikishi, kielezi
B. Kielezi, kiashiria, kimilikishi
C. Kimilikishi, kielezi, kiwakilishi
D. Kimilikishi, kiashiria, kielezi
21. Kairo alijitosa majini chubwi! Akazama____!
A. Zaa
B. Zii
C. Jii
D. gubigubi
22. Kitenzi lala katika kauli ya tendesha ni____ A. lisha
B. lalisha
C. laza
D. lalia
23. Fuko ni mnyama mdogo jamii ya panya aishiye shimoni, fuko pia ni A. mahali kuku hutagia
B. kando ya barabara
C. kitambaa cha kichwa

17. Mzigo wake ni nanga ina maana B. ni mwepesi
unaondoka D. ni mzito sentensi 18.

msile
msikule

msile

- D. sehemu ya nyuma ya meli

24. Juliet anaishi kusini mashariki ya rehema. Kwa hivyo rehema anaishi upande gani wa Juliet?
A. Kaskazini magharibi

B. Kaskazini mashariki

C. Kusini magharibi

D. magharibi

25. Ni lipi lisilo pambo la mguuni?

A. Kishaufu

B. Kikuku

C. Njuga

D. furungu

26. Ni sentenzi ipi iliyo na " po" ya wakati A watembeapo ni hatari

B. Tulipofika tulilakiwa vyema C. Alipotorokea palijulikana D. Nilipomwona hapakunivutia

27. Tegua kitendawili? Mnazi wangu uko mlimani lakini nanywa madafu hapa. A. Moto

B. Mlima

C. Mvua

D. mnazi

28. Mmea unaokua na kutupa mchele huitwa?

A. mpungu B. mgomba

C. mbuni D. mchele

29. Mshororo wa pili katika shairi

- huitwa? A. Tadhinia
B. Uwili
C. Mleo
D. mloto
30. Neno SHINDA lina maana kahdaa ila;
A. taabu B. kukaa kutwa
C. faulu D. isiyojaa
- kinatengeneza viatu vingapi?
A. 399,000
B. 39900
C. 309900
D. 3990000
35. Kamilisha methali : kizuri chajiuza_____ A. Kwa bei nzuri
B. Kwa bei ghali

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 31-40.

Kiwanda cha umoja cha kutengeneza viatu vya aina ya ndara kilichoko mtwapa, kaskazini mwa mombasa, kimekuwa na maendeleo mazuri kwa sababu ya usimamizi mzuri, jitahada za wafanyikazi na ubora wa viatu vyake.

Ajabu ni kwamba kiwanda hiki kilifunguliwa miaka mitano tu iliyopita lakini kwa siku moja kinaweza kutengeneza viatu jozi elfu kumi na tatu na mia tatu. Pia inasemekana kwamba kwa mwezi kiwanda hicho kinaweza kutoa zaidi ya viatu laki tatu na elfu tisini na tisa. Ubora wa viatu vyenyewe umefanya viatu hivyo viuzike kwa urahisi hata nchi za ng'ambo kwani kizuri chajiuza chenyewe.

Marupurupu wanayopewa wafanyikazi, ni moja kati ya motisha zinazotumika kiwandani. Matibabu na elimu ya watoto wa wafanyakazi hao, pia hushughulikiwa vilivyo. Ndiposa wafanyikazi wasiopungua darzeni kumi na mbili wako tayari kufanya kazi usiku na mchana pindi wanapotakiwa kufanya hivyo, kwani wanajua kwamba „ushikwapo shikamana.

31. Viatu vya ndara ni viatu vya_____
A. kijeshi B. kanda mbili
C. kutembelea D. wanawake
32. Sababu zinazofanya kiwanda cha umoja kufaulu ni_____
A. 3 B. 4
C. 5 D. 6
33. Kiwanda cha umoja_____
A. Kiko kusini mwa Mombasa
B. Kina wafanyakazi mia tano
C. Kina viatu aina nyingi
D. Kinauza viatu hata ng'ambo
34. Kwa mwezi kiwanda _____
C. Na watu hukipigania
D. Kibaya chajitembeza
36. Idadi ya wafanyikazi kiwandani ni _____
A. 12
B. 102
C. 144
D. 13300
37. Marupurupu ni malipo ya ziada. Je, malipo ya kujeruhi ni_____ - A. Fidia
B. Fichuo
C. Kiokozi
D. Mahari
38. Kwa nini wafanyikazi wa umoja wako tayari kufanya kazi usiku na mchana? A. Kule

- kutazamwa vizuri
- B. Kutaka pesa zaidi
- C. Kuogopa kushikwa wakigoma
- D. Kwa kuwa ni wengi
39. Viatu vya kiwanda hiki huuzika kwa wingi kwa sababu_____
- A. Wafanyikazi ni wengi
- B. Bei yake ni rahisi
- C. Viatu vyenyewe ni vizuri
- D. Vinauzwa huko ng'ambo

40. Maana ya methali "ushikwapo B. shikamana" ni C. Usikubali kushikwa ovyo
- A. Ukishikwa usibishane kubali D.

- hakitendewa? A.
- Kupelekwa shuleni
- B. Kufarijiwa
- C. Kulishwa
- D. kulaaniwa
44. Baba ya kamaliza aliitwa?
- A. Shangazi
- B. Mpwe
- C. Bi.komu
- D. Bw. komu

- Ukishikwa shindana usikubali ovyo
- Unaponufaishwa patunze

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 41-50

Kamaliza alizaliwa mwenye afya nzuri, mzito wa wastani, sura jamali, mwingi wa maungo na zihi ya umbo la mwili. Haiba yake ilizidi kukua. Shangazi yake, ambaye alikuwa mzee sana wakati huu, kama kawaida ya ajuza yeyote, hakusahau kumdekeza mpwa wake kwa tunu na tamasha.

Alipokua, alipelekwa shuleni kama ilivyokuwa ada ya nchi. Baadaye alipatwa na thari ya maradhi katika mwaka 1990, miaka mitatu kabla ya kijana huyu kutoka chuoni, ijapo alipata afueni baada ya siku chache, walakini sina yake haikurejea kuwa njema kama zamani. Mara aliporejea nyumbani baba yake alifariki dunia . kamaliza alipatwa na jitimai isiyo kifani. Lakini Bi. Komu alikuwa yungali makamo na alimpa mwanawe miangaza na kumliwaza ukiwa.

41. Kamaliza alizaliwa mwenye_____
- A. Afya duni
- B. Uzani mwepesi
- C. Wajihizi mzuri
- D. Mali kwa wingi
42. Kwa mujibu wa habari hii, kamaliza alilelewa _____ A. Bila mapenzi
- B. Kwa masikitiko makubwa
- C. Kwa mapenzi
- D. Kwa jitimai isiyo kifani
43. Kati ya yafuatayo ni lipi ambalo kamaliza

45. Babaye kamaliza aliaga dunia mwaka gani? A. 1990
- B. 1993 C. 1996
- D. 2000
46. Kamaliza alirejea nyumbani kutoka shuleni lini?
- A. 1993 B. 1996
- C. 1990
- D. hatujaambiwa
47. Alipata afueni maana yake ni
- A. alipata nafuu
- B. alikuwa mahututi
- C. alipata tunu D. alipata dawa

48. Ajuza ni?

- A. Mwenye ujuzi
- B. Mwanamume mzee
- C. Mwanamke mzee
- D. Mzee sana

49. Jitimai ni sawa na_____

- A. furaha B. tumaini
- C. vurumai D. majonzi

50. Kinyume cha ajuza ni_____

- A. sahibu B. shaibu
- C. saibu D. shahibu

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SIGNAL EXAM

2021

INSHA DARASA LA SABA (7)

Muda: Dak 40

Andika insha ya kuisimua ukimalizia kwa maneno yafuatayo : kweli ilikuwa ni siku ya ndovu kumla mwanawe.

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SIGNAL EXAM

2021

Mathematics

MATHEMATICS STD SEVEN (7)

Time: 2 hrs

1. Write six million forty three thousands and twenty one.

A. 6040321
 B. 6403 021
 C. 6430021
 D. 6043021

2. Work out:

$$24 \div 3 + 4 \times 5 - 8 \div 4 \times 10 + 1$$

A. 9
 B. 11
 C. 13
 D. 15

3. Round off the following numbers to the nearest thousand 59801

A. 59000
 B. 60000
 C. 59800
 D. 61000

4. Work out: $\frac{1}{2}$ of $(\frac{2}{4} - \frac{2}{5}) \div 2 \frac{4}{5}$

A. $\frac{1}{16}$
 B. $\frac{1}{28}$
 C. $\frac{13}{56}$
 D. $\frac{1}{56}$

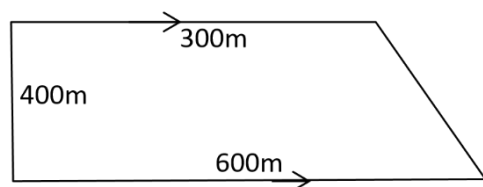
5. What is the value of $23 \div 7$ correct to 2 decimal places

A. 3.28
 B. 3.29
 B. 3.286
 D. 3.285

6. John covered 72 km in two hours. Work out his speed in m/s

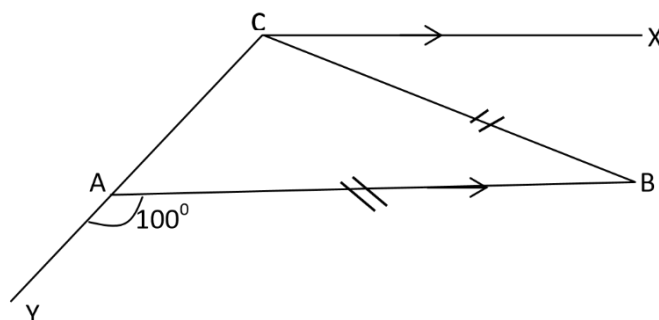
A. 144m/s
 B. 36m/s
 C. 10m/s
 D. 20m/s

7. What is the perimeter of the figure drawn



A. 1.8 km
 B. 1800km
 C. 18000km
 D. 180km

8. In the figure below $AB = BC$ and AB is parallel to CX . If angle $BAY = 100^\circ$. Find angle BCX



A. 50°
 C. 20°
 B. 80°
 D. 40°

9. What is the least number that should be subtracted from 4127 to make it divisible by 11

A. 2
 B. 1
 C. 3
 D. 4

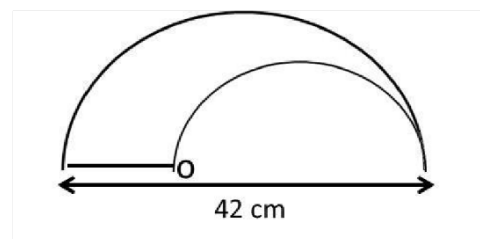
10. What is the sum of LCM and GCD of the numbers 18, 24 and 72

A. 6
 C. 78
 B. 72
 D. 66

11. The price of a car was sh. 250, 000. After are year the price had dropped to sh. 180,000 what was the percentage decrease?

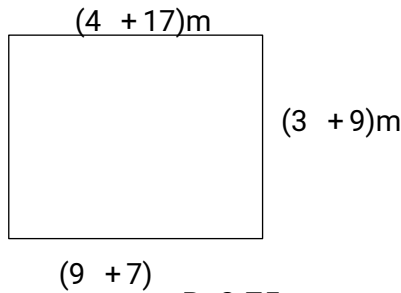
A. 28%
 C. 72%
 B. 20%
 D. 26%

12. In the following figure O is the centre of the circle diameter 42cm. what is the perimeter of the figure?



A. 66cm
 C. 120cm
 B. 87cm
 D. 108cm

13. Calculate the area of the figure below in cm^2



- B. 3.75
- D. 375

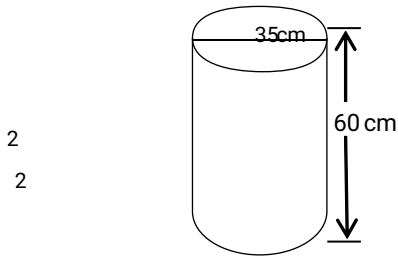
14. Calculate the square root of $\frac{4}{9}$

- A. $2\frac{1}{3}$
- B. $1\frac{2}{9}$
- C. $\frac{7}{9}$
- D. $16\frac{4}{9}$

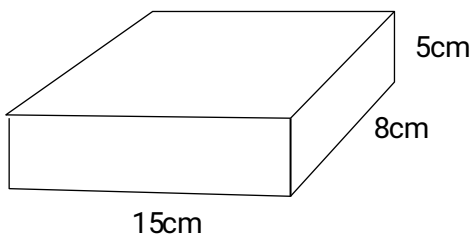
15. Construct triangle XYZ in which YZ = 6cm angle XYZ = 87 and angle YZX = 55 . Find the measure of the radius of a circle the touches the vertices of triangle XYZ

- A. 6cm
- B. 42cm
- C. 4.9 cm
- D. 7cm

16. The figure represents a pipe, find its



17. What is the total length of all the edge in



18. Arrange the following fractions from the smallest to the largest $\frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{8}{11}, \frac{7}{9}$

- A. $\frac{8}{9}, \frac{11}{7}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{11}$
- B. $\frac{7}{11}, \frac{4}{9}, \frac{5}{5}, \frac{8}{7}$
- C. $\frac{7}{9}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{11}{11}, \frac{5}{7}$
- D. $\frac{7}{9}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{11}{11}, \frac{5}{7}$

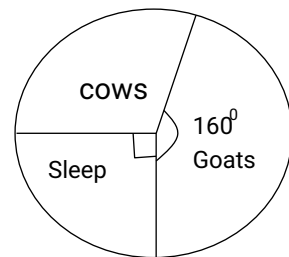
19. The following are properties of a

- I. Diagonal are equal
- II. Diagonal bisect each other
- III. Two pairs of parallel lines
- IV. Interior angles are equal

A. 0.375 C. Rhombus D. parallelogram

20. From which of the following sets of measurements can a right-angled -

A.



C. B. 7cm, 8cm, 5cm

C. 15cm, 60cm, 61cm D. 14cm 24cm 25cm

21. The pie chart below shows three types of animals in a farm. There are 720 animals altogether. How many cows are there?

surface area?

A. 962.5cm^2

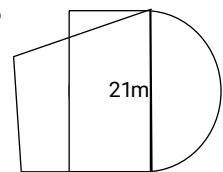
B. 660cm^2

C. 6600 cm

A. 110 cows

B. 320 cows

D. 66000cm



22. Muholo spent $\frac{1}{3}$ of his salary on food $\frac{1}{4}$ on food $\frac{1}{4}$ the figure below on rent $\frac{3}{5}$ of the remainder on clothes and saves the rest. What fraction did he save A. $\frac{7}{12}$ B. $\frac{5}{12}$ C. $\frac{1}{6}$ D. $\frac{1}{4}$

23. What is the area of the figure below

A. 28cm 18m

B. 470cm

C. 600cm 16m

D. 112cm A. $173.25m^2$ B. $312m^2$

A. $\frac{4}{5}, \frac{7}{11}, \frac{1}{11}, \frac{1}{11}$ 24. Ng'ang'a earn a commission of 5% on

B. $\frac{54}{75}, \frac{87}{110}, \frac{1}{110}, \frac{1}{110}$ goods sold. value of the goods sold. A. Sh. 18000 B. sh. 4500

C.

D. $\frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{11}, \frac{1}{11}, \frac{1}{11}$

25. A girl is x years old. Her mother is three times older than the girl. The sum of their age is 48. What is the age of the girl?

A. 32 year B. 12 years

Letters (maximum mass)	Amount Shs Cts
Not over 50g	7. 00
Not over 100g	11.00
Not over 200g	11.00
Not over 300g	19.50
Not over 400g	23.00
Not over 500g	31.50
Post cards	2.50

C. 36 years D. 10 years

26. Study The postage table below

Kamau posted two letter weighing 90 g and 300g. he also sent six post cards how

below

(Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)

C. $138.75m^2$ D. $485.25m^2$

commission of 5% an

If he earned sh. 8000. Work out the total

C. Sh. 40000 D. Sh. 160000

much money was he changed at the post office

A. Sh . 45.50 B. Sh. 31

B. C. Sh. 15 D. Sh. 46

27. Six men can paint a house in 4 hours How many more men are required to paint the house in 2hrs

A. 12 B. 3

C. 2 D. 6

28. Simply $\frac{2}{5}(5x - 10y) + \frac{1}{3}(x + 15y)$

A. $\frac{1}{3}x + y$

B. $\frac{2}{3}y + x$

C. $\frac{2}{3}x + y$

D. $x + y$

29. Convert $0.784m^3$ into cm^3

A. $783cm^3$

B. $784000cm^3$

- C. 784cm^3
 D. 78400cm^3
30. Christine borrowed sh. 30,000 from a bank. If she paid interest at the rate of 10% p.a for 2 years how much did he pay as simple interest?
- A. Sh. 36000
 B. Sh. 6000
 C. Sh. 33000
 D. Sh. 3000
31. The hire purchase of a t.v set was 125% of cash price. Yusuf bought the T.V set an hire purchase terms by paying a deposit sh. 2500 and 12 monthly installments of 850 each. what was the cash price of the TV set
- A. Sh. 12700 B. Sh. 10160
 C. Sh. 10200 D. Sh. 11200

32. What is $\sqrt{56\frac{1}{4}}$?

- A. $8\frac{1}{2}$
 B. $7\frac{1}{2}$
 C. $9\frac{1}{2}$
 D. $6\frac{1}{2}$

33. Express $\frac{3}{7}$ as a decimal correct to 3 decimal places

- A. 0.439 B. 0.4286
 C. 0.4286 D. 0.429

34. The table below shows patients who visited a certain hospital for diabetes test

Mon	Tue	Wed	Fri	Sat
45	50	75	60	55

How many more patients visited the hospital on Wednesday than on Monday

- A. 11 B. 210
 C. 30 D. 20

35. Convert 600ml into deciliters

- A. 60dl B. 6000dl
 C. 6dl D. 0.6dl

36. What is the place value of digit 4 in the product of 2.47 and 10.67

- A. Tenths
 B. Thousandths

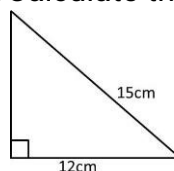
C. Hundredths

D. Hundreds

37. Jane bought a radio at sh. 2500. He later sold it at sh. 3250. What was his percentage profit?

- A. 3%
 B. 30%
 C. $4\frac{1}{3}\%$
 D. $40\frac{1}{3}\%$

38. Calculate the area of a triangle.

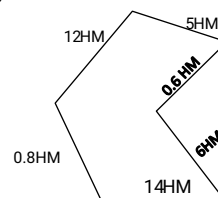


- A. 300cm^2 B. 42cm^2
 C. 54cm^2 D. 150cm^2

39. Work out: $\frac{0.045 \times 7.5}{0.025}$

- A. 13.5
 B. 0.135
 C. 0.00135
 D. 1.35

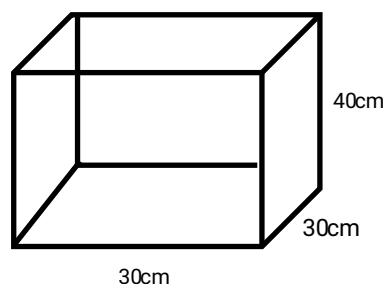
40. Find the distance round the figure in metres



- A. 3390m B. 3840m
 C. 3400m D. 3380m

41. What is the value of $a^2(2b-c)$, if $a=4$, $b=3$ $c=2$

- A. 94 B. 16
 C. 64 D. 32



- A. 0.36L

42. Find the capacity of water in the container shown below?

- B. 36L
- C. 360L
- D. 3600L

43. Increase 300 in the ratio 4:3

- A. 360
- B. 290
- C. 400
- D. 298

44. Ambrose started his journey at 8.30p.m. If the journey took $5\frac{1}{2}$ hours, what time in 24hr clock system did he complete his journey?

- A. 0100h
- B. 0200h
- C. 1400h
- D. 1300hr

45. What is the product of the mode and the median of the following numbers?
3, 4, 5, 7, 3, 12, 4, 7, 3

- A. 20
- B. 9
- C. 12
- D. 49

46. What number should be in box marked T

A.	9		
B.	5	2	
C.	4	6	8
D.	7	10	3

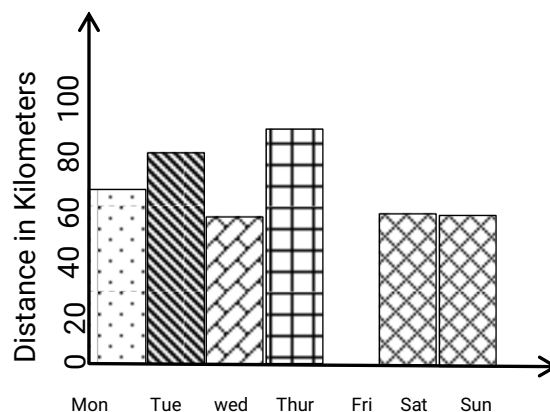
47. Water which had a temperature of 58°C was cooled to -12°C . Calculate the drop in temperature.

- A. -70°C
- B. 58°C
- C. 70°C
- D. 46°C

48. What is the total value of digit 2 in 462895?

- A. Thousands
- B. 200
- C. Hundreds
- D. 2000

The graph below shows distance covered by a salesman on different days. Use it to answer question 49-50.



49. On which day did the salesman not travel?

- A. Monday
- B. Friday
- C. Saturday
- D. Wednesday

50. What was the total distance travelled by the salesman in the week?

- A. 420km
- B. 430
- C. 90km
- D. 100km

SIGNAL EXAM 2021

SCIENCE STD SEVEN (7)

Time : 1 hr 40

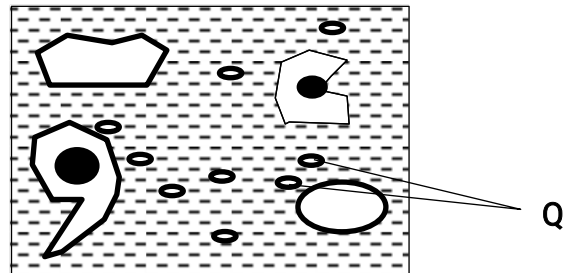
- The best method of controlling both ticks and tapeworms in a farm animals would be
 - Deworming
 - Dipping
 - Spraying
 - Rotational grazing
- Which among the following is Transparent?
 - Mirror
 - Kerosene
 - Milk
 - Frosted glass
- Which plant depends on animals directly for nutrients.
 - Sundew and pitcher plant
 - Maize and Beans
 - Sundew and maize
 - Beans and pitcher plant
- Which of the following statement is false about HIV/AIDS.
 - People with HIV have AIDS
 - White blood cells are destroyed by AIDS virus
 - Incubation stage lasts for about 12 years.
 - HIV test helps to know how many people are suffering.
- Water can be conserved by using it sparingly in the following ways **EXCEPT**
 - Closing taps when not in use
 - Drip irrigation.
 - Repairing leaking pipes.
 - Re-using dirty water.
- Rivers are **least** polluted by ___
 - Oil spillage
 - Raw sewage
 - Industrial waste
 - Floods
- The removal of an infected parts of a plant from a growing plant is ___ A.

Weeding B. Pruning

C. Trapping D. Scaring

8. Which one is an inter dependence between plants and Animals. A. Habitat
B. Shade

C. Support D. Shelter 9. Which blood component is marked Q?



A. Platelets

B. Red blood cells

C. White blood cells

D. Plasma

10. Which blood vessel carries deoxygenated blood into the heart.

A. Venacava

B. Pulmonary artery

C. Aorta D. Pulmonary vein.

11. Which of the following physical changes are correctly grouped for boys and girls?

BOYS

A. Wet dreams

B. Menstruation

C. Broad chest

D. Enlarged breast

GIRLS

voice deepens

wet dreams

menstruation

Hair on the face

12. Which parts of reproductive system produce sex cells in boys and girls.

A. Ovary and penis

B. Vagina and tests

C. Ovary and urethra

D. Testis and ovary

13. Exchange of gases takes place in the ____

- A. Nose B. Lungs
C. Trachea D. Diaphragm

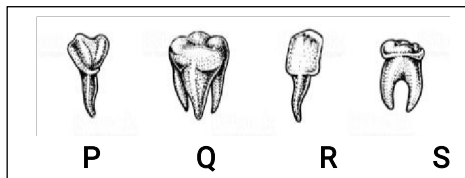
14. Which part of digestion system is **CORRECTLY** matched with its

Page 1 of 4
SCIENCE STD

function?

- A. Mouth → kills germs
B. Duodenum → produce digestive juice →
C. Small intestine → absorption of food
D. Stomach stores food

15. Std 4 pupils were given the following teeth.



Which two types of teeth labeled P, Q, R and S are equal in number.

- A. P and Q
B. Q and R
C. R and S
D. P and S

16. The surrounding of an organism is called

- A. Shelter B. Support
C. Habitat D. Environment

17. Oxygen in the air is produced by —

- A. Soil B. Water
C. Plants D. Animals

18. The main component of the environment that is living is —

- A. Mushroom B. Soil
C. Air D. Water

19. The major environment for fish is _

- A. Water and air
B. Soil and air
C. Water and plants
D. Plants and soil.

20. Which effect of water pollution reduces the number of animals in water.

- A. Farm land
B. Carwash

- C. Industries
D. Human waste.

21. Which water borne disease is **NOT** controlled by drinking treated water?

- A. Bilharzia B. Malaria C. Typhoid D. Cholera

22. The following are uses of water.

- (i) Swimming
(ii) Cooking
(iii) Fountain
(iv) Fishing

Which pair of uses are Recreational

- A. (i) and (ii) B. (ii) and (iii)
C. (iii) and (iv) D. (i) and (iv)

23. Which immunisable disease is correctly matched with the age of a administration.

BIRTH 9 MONTH

- A. Polio measles
B. Tetanus yellow fever
C. Tuberculosis hepatitis B D.
Whooping cough yellow fever.

24. Which one is NOT a mistake when modeling the solar system. A. Placing two balls on the same circle.

- B. Modeling balls of different sizes
C. Drawing 9 circles
D. Mounting planets using cellotape.

25. Which drug directly affects others members of the family if abused in their presence? A. Alcohol

- B. Tobacco
C. Miraa
D. Cobblers glue

26. Which tooth problem is prevented by eating a balanced diet. A. Tooth cavity

- B. Tooth decay
C. Bleeding gum

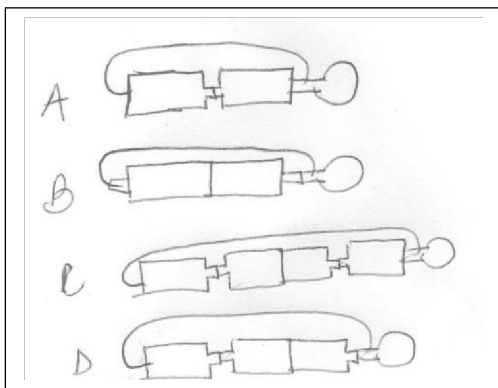
D. Bad smell.

27. Which plant stores food in the same part as a sugarcane. A. Irish potato
B. Onion
C. Cassava
D. Cabbage

28. In a container with boiled water, oil and seeds the pupils an investigation if A. Water is needed for seed germination.
B. Air is needed for seed germination
C. Warmth is needed for seed germination.
D. Oil is needed for seed germination.

29. Which one produces electricity in the same as a dry cell.
A. Panel
B. Dynamo
C. Car battery D. Hydroelectricity.

30. Which bulb will light?



31. Poor conductors of electricity are used for making. A. Sufuria
B. Handles of screw driver
C. Woolen clothing
D. Electric wires

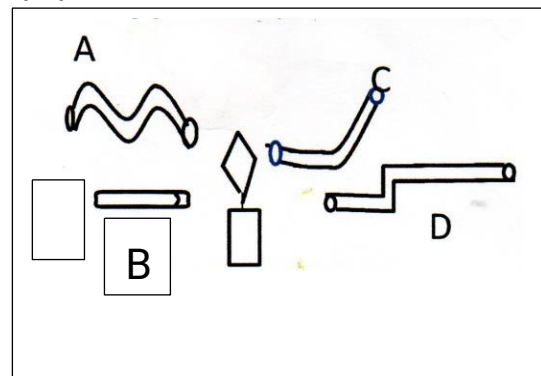
32. Metallic arrestors on tall building are useful for___ A. Trapping lightning
B. Strengthening walls
C. Improving Television signals
D. Giving room for expansion

33. Pupils brought the following materials to make rainbow. (i) White paper
(ii) Water
(iii) Basin

Which material was missing?

A. String
B. Colours C. Mirror
D. Plate.

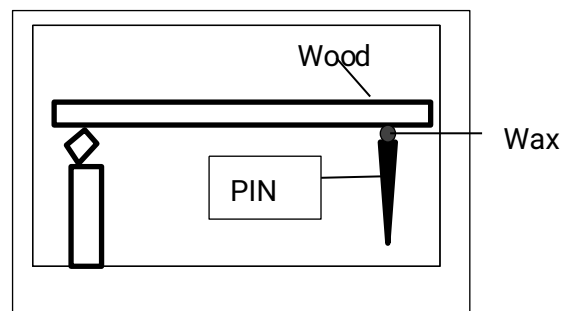
34. Which of the following pipes will std 6 pupils see the candle flame?



35. Light is used for ____

A. Seeing B. Warming
C. Cooking
D. Food preservation.

36. Heat transfer that makes the wax to melt is



A. Conducting only
B. Radiation only
C. Convection and radiation D.
Conduction and radiation.

37. Which animal is correctly matched with their body cover.

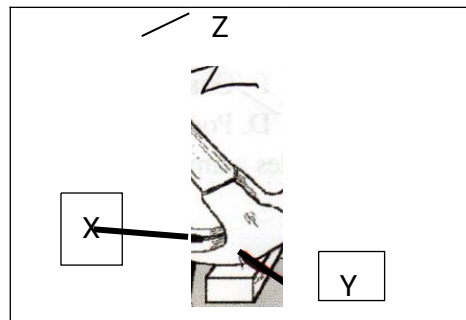
- A. Bat feathers
 B. Whale scales C. Frog scales
 D. Platypus hair
38. Mutton and milk are produced by _
 A. Sheep
 B. Goat
 C. Cattle
 D. Poultry
39. Lucern provides animals with ___
 A. Vitamin
 B. Mineral
 C. Protein
 D. Carbohydrates
40. Which one is an external parasites
 A. Roundworm
 B. Flea
 C. Liver fluke
 D. Hookworm
41. Which material is magnetic?
 A. Plastic
 B. Aluminium
 C. Copper
 D. Needle
42. Which one consists of solvents only?
 A. Sugar, salt, glucose
 B. Water, milk, juice
 C. Sugar, salt, milk
 D. Water, salt, glucose
43. Which two methods of separation is only one substance recovered. A. Winnowing and evaporation B. Evaporation and decantation
 C. Decantation and filtration.
 D. Winnowing and use of a magnet.
44. Which manure takes the longest time to release nutrients to crops.
 A. Organic mulches
 B. Compost manure
 C. Green manure
 D. Farm yard manure

45. Which type of erosion forms __ (i) Wavy channels
 (ii) V-U- shaped channels
 (iii) Shallow channels
 (iv) Narrow channels

- A. Sheet
 B. Gulley
 C. Rill
 D. Splash

46. Which one is NOT measured in Newtons____
 A. Pressure
 B. Weight C. Load
 D. Friction

47. Name the following position of the drawn level.



- | X | Y | Z |
|------------|---------|---------|
| A. Load | effort | fulcrum |
| B. Fulcrum | load | effort |
| C. Effort | fulcrum | load |
| D. Load | fulcrum | effort |

48. Which food below provides energy?
 A. Butter and coconut
 B. Maize and mango
 C. Honey and beans
 D. Meat and rice

49. Which method of food preservation belongs in the same groups as smoking
 A. Canning and freezing
 B. Freezing and salting
 C. Salting and drying

D. Honey and canning

50. The tube used for making water thermometer should be ____ A. Narrow and transparent

B. Narrow and opaque

C. Wide and opaque

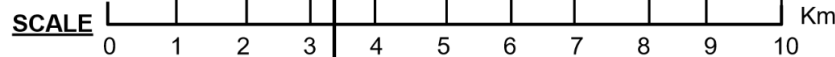
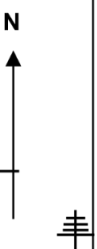
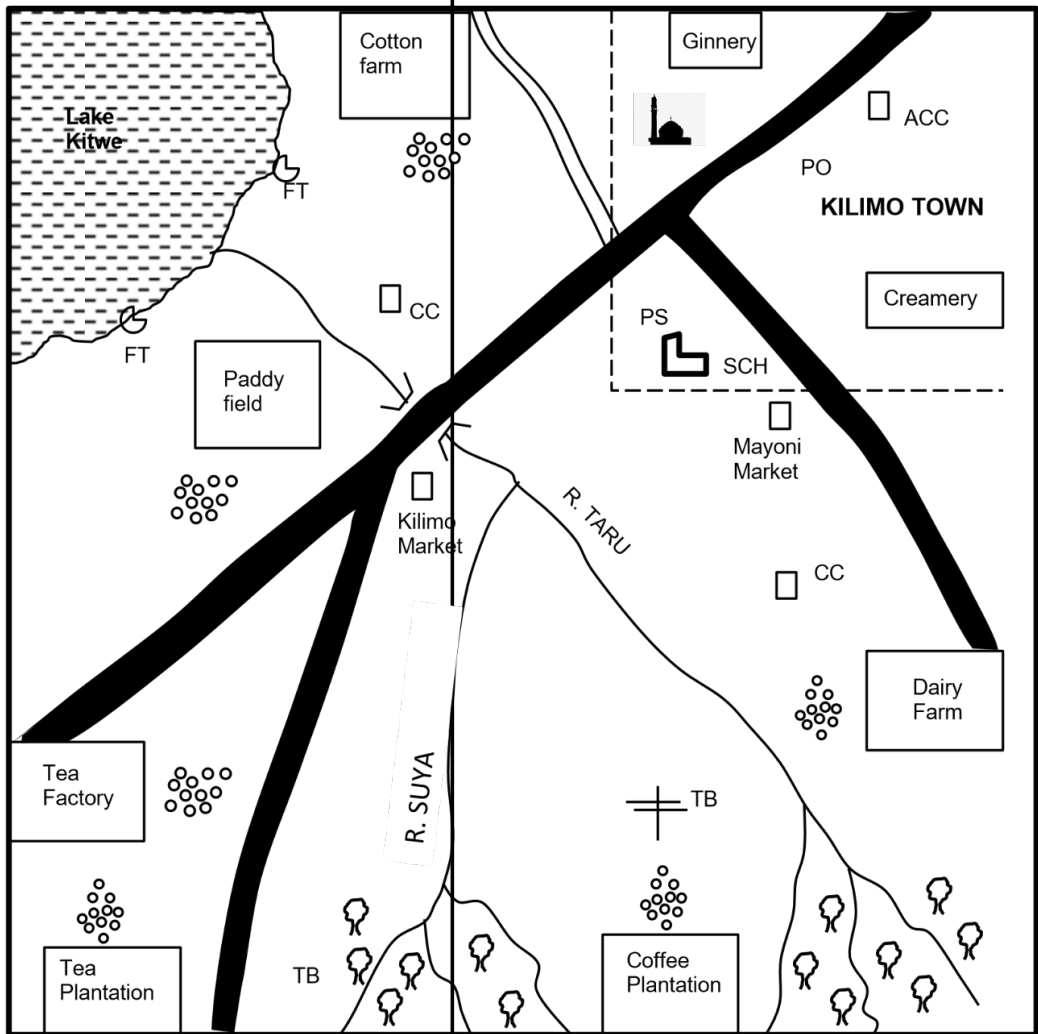
D. Wide and transparent

SIGNAL EXAM 2021

SSRE STD SEVEN (7)

Times: 2 hrs 15 Mins

KILIMO AREA

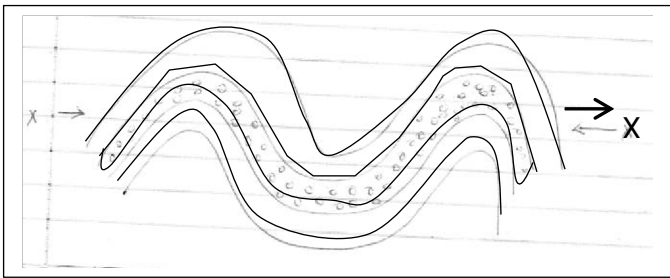


KEY		
	Forest	
	Tarmac road	
	Murrum road	
	Bridge	
	Telephone booster	
	SCH	School
	Temple	
	Fish trap	
	ACC	Assistant County Commissioner
	PO	Post Office
	Houses	
	CC	Chief's Camp
	PS	Police station

1. The lowest point in Kilimo area is likely to be at ____
 - A. Lake Katwe.
 - B. The tea plantation.
 - C. Kilimo market.
 - D. The dairy farm.
2. Kilimo residents are likely to be __
 - A. Pagans
 - B. Muslims
 - C. Christians
 - D. Hindus
3. The climate around Lake Katwe is likely to be ____
 - A. Hot and dry.
 - B. Hot and wet.
 - C. Cool and wet.
 - D. Cool and dry.
4. The feature formed by Rivers Taru and Suya is called ____
 - A. Atributary
 - B. A junction
 - C. A confluence
 - D. An estuary
5. It is true to say that ____
 - A. River Taru is a seasonal river.
 - B. Industries in Kilimo area are primary industries.
 - C. Kilimo residents practice lumbering as an economic activity.
 - D. River Taru flows from the North West.
6. The type of settlement in Kilimo area is _
 - A. Linear
 - B. Clustered
 - C. Dense
 - D. Dispersed
7. Kilimo area is an administrstive unit called a ____
 - A. Division
 - B. County
 - C. Sub-county
 - D. Location
8. Which one of the following cultural practices did the Bantu learn from the Cushites?
 - A. Polygamy
 - B. Naming
 - C. Circumcision
 - D. Cultivation
9. Who were the Wanyamphala in the Nyamwezi chiefdom?
 - A. The mercenary.
 - B. Religious leaders.
 - C. Council of elders.
 - D. Chiefs.
10. Which one of the following forms of transport is used to transport heavy bulky goods between continents?
 - A. Water transport.
 - B. Railway transport.
 - C. Air transport.
 - D. Road transport.
11. When do farmers prepare land for planting?
 - A. Just before the rains come.
 - B. During the rainy weather.
 - C. As soon as the rain comes.
 - D. When it is very cold.
12. Who among the early visitors fought against slave trade in Eastern Africa?
 - A. Carl Peters.
 - B. B. John Speke.
 - C. Seyyid Said.
 - D. David Livingstone.
13. Which one of the following is not true about age-sets in Traditional African Societies?
 - A. They comprised of people who were initiated together.
 - B. They comprised of people who were seen as brothers.
 - C. They were made up of people who were born around the same time.
 - D. They married each others sisters.
14. What is not common about the Iteso, Maasai, Kipsigis and the Luo?
 - A. They share a common origin
 - B. They were all originally pastoralists.
 - C. They followed the Nile during their migration.
 - D. They are Cushites.
15. The statements below describe a certain traditional system of government.
 - (i) It was located North West of Lake Victoria.
 - (ii) It declined when colonialists came.
 - (iii) It had a traditional parliament and a Prime Minister.
 The description above best suits the
 - A. Ameru
 - B. Nyamwezi

C. Baganda D. Bowanga.

16. The main reason why pastoral communities live in temporary shelters is that ____
- A. They do not have the skills to build.
 - B. The only material found there are mud and cowdung.
 - C. They live a nomadic lifestyle.
 - D. The climate discourages them to have permanent shelters. **Use the diagram below to answer questions 17, 18 and 19.**



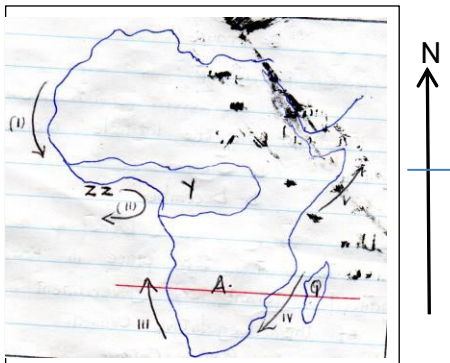
17. The diagram above shows the formation of A. Fold mountain. B. Rift valley.
C. Fault mountain D. Volcanic mountain.
18. The forces marked X are called ____
- A. Tensional forces B. Compressional forces
 - C. Expansion forces D. Pushing forces.
19. Which one of the following pairs of features was not formed through the above process? A. A haggar and Tibesti
B. Table Mountains and Akwampim
C. Atlas and Cape Ranges D. Drakensbergs and Cape Ranges.
20. Which one of the following groups of communities found in West Africa is made up of Afro-Asiatic speakers only? A. Soninke, Malinke, Susu.
B. Tuareg, Hausa, Andarawa
C. Fulani, Wolof, Temme.
D. Mosi, Gurma, Dagomba.
21. Which one of the following is a manufacturing industry?
- A. Milk factory in Naivasha.
 - B. Fruit canning in Thika.
 - C. Sugarcane Milling at Butali.

- D. The cement factory at Bamburi.
22. Which one of the following minerals is correctly matched with the way it is mined?
- A. Diatomite – drilling
 - B. Fluorspar – panning
 - C. Soda ash – dredging D. Crude oil – evaporation.
23. The main reason for establishing the Kariba dam project was to ____
- A. Regulate the flow of river Zambezi.
 - B. Produce hydro-electric power.
 - C. Put more land under cultivation.
 - D. Create a lake to attract tourists.
24. The constitution of Kenya is divided into ____ chapters.
- A. 18 B. 12 C. 27 D. 20
25. The main economic reason for the scramble of Africa was __
- A. To control the source of River Nile.
 - B. To search for market for manufactured goods.
 - C. To settle surplus population.
 - D. To search for raw materials.
26. Which one of the following weather instruments is correctly matched with the element of weather it measures? A. Barometer – Air pressure.
B. Anemometer – Wind speed
C. Thermometer – Wind strength.
D. Windvane – Hotness or Coldness of the atmosphere.
27. The main reason why the use of drugs should be discouraged is because it ____
- A. Results in wastage of money.
 - B. Affects the health of the user negatively.
 - C. Leads to school dropouts.
 - D. Leads to family break-ups.
28. Which one of the following reasons would not lead to a by-election? A. If the parliament is dissolved.
B. If an MP dies
C. If an MP misses eight consecutive sittings
D. If an MP is jailed for more than six months.
29. Three of the following are elements of good citizenship in Kenya. Which one is

not?

- A. Participating in elections.
- B. Participating in mob justice C. Obeying the laws of the county.
- D. Respecting other people and their property.

Use the map of Africa below to answer question 31-34



30. Which one of the following economic activities is practiced in the area marked ZZ?

- A. Fishing B. Pastoralism
- C. Mining D. Forestry

31. (i) Skies are generally clear. (ii) Convective rainfall is experienced (iii) Rain is experienced during winter. (iv) High humidity.

(v) Dust storms are common. Which one of the above characteristics best suits the climatic region marked Y?

- A. (i), (ii), (iii)
- B. (ii), (iii), (iv)
- C. (ii), (iv), (v)
- D. (iv), (v), (vi)

32. Which one of the following pairs is made up of warm ocean currents only?

- A. (ii), (v) B. (iv), (iii)
- C. (i), (iii) D. (i), (v)

33. The country marked Q was colonized by

- A. Britain B. France
- C. Portugal D. Spain

34. The sun is overhead on the latitude marked

- A. in ___
- A. March B. June

C. September D. December

35. Below are events that took place in Kenya. (i) Kenya gained internal self government.

(ii) Formation of the Legislative council.

(iii) Kenya became a British Colony.

(iv) Kenya was declared a British protectorate.

Which one of the following events happened first?

- A. (i) B. (ii) C. (iii) D. (iv)

36. Which of the following did Julius Nyerere and Haile Selassie have in common?

- A. Both were the first president of their countries.
- B. Both were founder members of OAU.
- C. Both favoured equal distribution of resources to all people.
- D. Each was voted for by majority of the people to become a leader.

37. Which of the following are electronic means of communication?

- A. Radio and newspapers.
- B. Radio and television.
- C. Cellphones and newspapers. D. Newspapers and magazines.

38. Which one of the following is not a symbol of National unity? A. The constitution .

- B. The public seal.
- C. The National Anthem
- D. The coat of Arms.

39. Which one of the following industries can be classified as a manufacturing industry? A. Petroleum refining.

- B. Leather tanning.
- C. Tyre retreading.
- D. Glass making.

40. The main port on Lake Victoria is ___

- A. Entebbe B. Bukoba C. Kisumu D. Musoma.

41. Marine fishing in Kenya and Tanzania is carried out in ___ A. Lake Victoria

- B. The Red Sea
- C. The Indian Ocean
- D. Lake Tanganyika

42. Three of the following roles are played by the community in the development of the

school. Which one is not?

- A. Donating land to the school.
 - B. Buying books for the school.
 - C. Teaching children.
 - D. Providing labour to the school.
43. Which one of the following countries does not border the Atlantic Ocean?
- A. Nigeria B. Namibia
 - C. Senegal D. Mozambique.
44. Below are conditions necessary for the growth of a certain crop in Africa.
- (i) Plenty of rainfall that is well distributed throughout the year—about 1500mm to 2000mm.
 - (ii) High temperatures of between 27°C and 30°C
 - (iii) Deep fertile soil
 - (iv) High humidity throughout the year.

Which crop requires the conditions described above?

- A. Cocoa B. Cloves
- C. Bananas D. Sugarcane

45. The main problem facing trade blocks in

Africa is ____

- A. Lack of a common currency
- B. Language barrier.
- C. Poor transport network
- D. Production of similar goods.

46. Which one of the following is an import into Kenya?

- A. Electronics B. Soda ash
- C. Tea D. Flowers

47. Which one of the following ways was not used to teach the youth in Traditional African Society?

- A. Reading B. Apprenticeship
- C. Story telling D. Ceremonies

48. The best way of conserving wildlife is by

- A. Establishing animal orphanages
- B. Erecting electrical fences around game parks.
- C. Creating laws that protect wildlife.
- D. Educating people on the importance of wildlife.

49. The drug that is most commonly

abused is

- A. Alcohol B. Tobacco
- C. Bhang D. Cocaine

50. Which one of the following is not a form of child abuse?

- A. Asking children to clean the environment
- B. Exposing children to places where alcohol is sold.
- C. Use of harsh and abusive language against a child.
- D. Sending children to work for money.

51. Which one of the following is the main reason why the Bantu migrated from the Congo Basin?

- A. Spirit of adventure
- B. Need for fertile farming land.
- C. Outbreak of diseases.
- D. External attacks from neighbours.

52. The statements below describe a town in Eastern Africa ____

- (i) It is a capital city
 - (ii) It is the headquarters of the African union.
 - (iii) It is an industrial centre.
- The town described above is likely to be
- A. Nairobi B. Dodoma
 - C. Addis Ababa D. Kampala

53. An election petition against an MP is launched ____

- A. When electioneering
- B. During elections
- C. Before elections
- D. After elections.

54. Which one of the following does not promote National unity?

- A. Games and sports
- B. National curriculum
- C. National language
- D. Ethnic political parties.

55. Who became the president of Kenya when the country became a republic in 1964?

- A. Jomo Kenyatta B. Mwai Kibaki
- C. Oginga Odinga D. Daniel Arap Moi.

56. The following are human rights. Which one is enjoyed by school pupils?

- A. Right to vote.
- B. Right to marry.
- C. Right to be employed.
- D. Right to leisure.

57. The political party that led Zimbabwe to independence in 1980 was ____ A. ZANU B. ZANU P.F
C. ZAPU D. ANC
58. The chief legal advisor to the government of Kenya is the ____
A. President B. Chief Justice
C. Attorney General D. Principal secretary
59. The second highest court in Kenya is _
A. Supreme court B. Court of Appeal
C. High court D. Magistrate court.
60. A situation where days and nights are almost equal is known as
A. Solstice B. Hemisphere
C. Tropics D. Equinox

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61. According to the Genesis story of creation, human beings are special creatures mainly because they were
A. Given authority over all creation
B. Created in God's likeness
C. Moulded from clay D. Commanded to have children.
62. During the days of Noah God punished people for their wickedness by use of ____
A. An earthquake B. Famine
C. Thunder D. Floods
63. Which promise did God make to Abraham?
A. I will not destroy the earth with water again.
B. I will make you wise.
C. You will have many descendants.
D. I will give you an everlasting kingdom.
64. Joseph became a famous man in the land of Egypt mainly because he was ____ A. Courageous B. Forgiving
C. Hardworking D. Faithful.
65. The commandment which teaches us about respect for marriage is _
A. "Do not commit adultery"
B. "Do not steal"

- C. "do not commit murder"
D. "do not accuse anyone falsely"
66. ____ the king disobeyed God's command to kill all the animals captured in war.
A. Jeroboam B. Ahab C. Saul D. Solomon
67. King David is MOSTLY remembered in Israel for ____
A. Bringing the covenant box to Jerusalem.
B. Destroying the alters of Baal C. Building a temple for God in Jerusalem.
D. Writing the first books of the Bible.
68. A miracle that was performed by both prophets Elijah and Elisha is _ A. The multiplication of oil.
B. Raising the son of the Shunamite woman.
C. Purification of water.
D. Bringing down fire from heaven.
69. Who among the following people was a judge in Israel?
A. Ruth B. Hannah
C. Deborah D. Zipporah
70. The birth of John the Baptist was special because ____
A. His father had doubted the angel's message.
B. His father was a priest.
C. It had been announced by an angel.
D. He prepared the way for Jesus.
71. When Jesus was twelve years old, he accompanied his parents to the city of Jerusalem for ____
A. A get together party.
B. A wedding ceremony.
C. The Passover feast.
D. Circumcision rites of passage.
72. The first disciples who were called by Jesus were ____
A. James and Peter.
B. Peter and Andrew.
C. Philip and Mathew D. Bartholomeus and Judas.
73. The temptations of Jesus in the desert teaches Christians that they should ____ A. Seek earthly riches.
B. Do the will of God.
C. Run away from trials.
D. Look for food when hungry.
74. The miracle of Jesus to show that He

- had power to control nature was
 A. Healing the man with the evil spirit.
 B. Calming the storm.
 C. Raising Lazarus.
 D. Healing the Paralytic man.
75. _____ was raised from the dead by Jesus. A. Mary Magdalene. B. Martha.
 C. Nicodemus. D. Jairus daughter.
76. Which one of the following parables of Jesus teaches about prayer? The parable of A. The friend at midnight.
 B. The sower.
 C. The prodigal son.
 D. The good Samaritan.
77. During the day of Pentecost _____
 A. Jesus ascended to heaven.
 B. The disciples spoke in many tongues.
 C. People with demons were liberated.
 D. Tongues of fire appeared on each disciples hand's.
78. Who among the following people helped Jesus to carry the cross?
 A. Joseph of Arimathea. B. Simon of Cyrene.
 C. Simon Peter. D. Nicodemus.
79. _____ was the first Christian Martyr.
 A. Philip Paul B. James
 C. Stephen. D. John
80. The seven deacons were chosen MAINLY in order to _____
 A. Place hands on people and pray for them.
 B. Interpret the scriptures.
 C. Preach the gospel of Jesus Christ D. Distribute food and money to the widows.
81. _____ is referred to as the 'Apostle to the Gentiles' in the New Testament.
 A. James B. Mathew
 C. Paul D. John.
82. _____ is a rite of passage in Traditional African Society.
 A. Marriage B. Baptism C. Pregnancy D. Confirmation.
83. Kenneth visits the sick and gives them food. The fruit of the Holy Spirit he

- demonstrates is ____ A. Patience
 B. Kindness
 C. Joy D. Peace.
84. Which disciple was chosen to replace Judas Iscariot? Acts 1:26.
 A. Mathew B. Paul C. Joseph D. Mathias.
85. Which one of the following actions by Christians BEST show their respect for leaders?
 A. Paying visits
 B. Offering gifts
 C. Correcting the leaders
 D. Being obedient.
86. Which one of the following organizations takes care of refugees?
 A. UNICEF B. UNDP C. UNHCR D. KACA
87. Which one of the following is the most important quality of prayer?
 A. Privacy.
 B. Short and meaningful
 C. Humility.
 D. Should be loud and clear.
88. The best way Christians can help to reduce the spread of HIV/AIDS is by ____
 A. Teaching on behaviour change
 B. Being role models.
 C. Providing drugs.
 D. Counseling the sick.
89. Which one of the following practices by Christians best shows how they can help in maintaining peace in the community? A. Helping the needy.
 B. Reporting law breakers to the authorities
 C. Preaching against evil.
 D. Obeying the laws of the land.
90. The religious organization that started the first mission school at Rabai was ____ A. Holy Ghost Fathers.
 B. Seventh Day Adventist.
 C. Church Missionary Society.
 D. Friends Mission Society.